OFFICIAL REPORT.

George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says:

"THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL, published at Fort Wayne, Ind., has the highest circulation rating accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

The Largest Circulation in the State, Outside of Indianapolis.

ESTABLISHED 1833. TUESDAY, SEPT. 11, 1894. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Lining Department.

We appreciate the necessity of always having in stock such values as are certain to give our customers and dressmakers the best possible satisfaction.

OUR LINING DEPARTMENT

Has such qualities as sell quick—that hold trade. LINING DEPARTMENTS that do not appear healthy and active have usually grades of Linings that are unreliable that customers have tested and found wanting, and that dressmakers cannot conscientiously recommend to their patrons. Our Linings are highly spoken of by dressmakers "Sewing Circles" as being the best.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

Youman's Knox,

Fall Style Stiff and Silk Hats in Black and Brown; also the

SCHOBLE HAT,

Which is one of the best

$4.00 HATS.

Are now to be had

—OF—

WM. MEYER & BRO.

Rooms 5 and 7 Arcade.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

FOR THIS WEEK.

Special lot very fine 40-cent straw matting this week at 25c.

Special purchase of twenty-five Antique Oak finish Bedroom suits, with large bevel mirrors in Cheval Dressers; suits worth $25 to $30, selling at $17. Will not last long.

Beautiful Bird's Eye White Maple Bedroom suit—very nobby—worth $75 for $39 50. Dresser has a special shape French mirror in it. This suit would cost you about double if purchased in Chicago or Grand Rapids.

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Special sale of 100-piece Dinner Sets of imported and domestic.

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FOSTERS.

J. G. THIEME & SON.

CLOTHING

Made Firm and Fit Perfect. Comprises the very Latest Fabrics, Cut and made in the very Latest Styles, which we offer at

POPULAR PRICES.

Call and Examine before buying.

Corner Columbia and Clinton Streets.

ARMIES INACTIVE.

China and Japan in Good Fighting Trim.

Japanese Maintain a Blockade of the Corean Coast,

And are Prepared for Active Operations.

The Chinese Fleet Will Open the Warfare in Earnest as Soon as Reinforcements Arrive.

LONDON, Sept 11—A dispatch to the Times from Wei Hai Wei today says that a commission composed of foreigners, after examining the incidents of the naval fight of July 25, declares that the Japanese were the agressors. The Chinese, the commission adds, were careful to avoid the appearance of provocation, but the Japanese waylaid the Chinese, selecting a good position. The Chinese senior ship escaped, making a running fight, while greatly damaging her pursuers. The second Chinese ship fought until her ammunition was exhausted and two of her guns were destroyed. The same morning, it appears, the Japanese arrived from Seoul and attacked the Chinese at Asan These operations were evidently well concerted.

The Chinese fleet, according to the Times' dispatch, is now collected at Wei Hai Wei and is in perfect fighting trim. The Chin Yuen has been repaired and is recruiting seamen freely. An excellent esprit de corps exists among the Chinese sailors and they are awaiting orders to enable them to assert the supremacy of China in Corean waters.

Continuing, the Times' correspondent cables that both the Chinese and Japanese armies in Corea are seemingly inactive. The Japanese have ordered the Coreans to cut their hair as a token of subjection. The Coreans refused to do so, preferring to fight for their liberty.

A dispatch received from Shanghai today says food and ammunition are said to be spoiling all along the route southward. As a result food is becoming very scarce in the Chinese army, although they are doing their best to live in the country. But the country is poor and although the Coreans profess willingness to help the Chinese they send in very little in the way of supplies.

Advices received from various sources say that the Chinese army in northern Corea is in a deplorable condition. The Chinese generals are reported to have proved themselves to be grossly incompetent and the officers of lower grades are discontented and disheartened while the rank and file of the Chinese army are exhausted and dispirited. What roads there were in that portion of the country a month ago have been washed away by the floods and consequently it is impossible to transport guns, ammunition and food through Manchuera, in Corea, for the Chinese army. Quantities of guns, ammunition and food previously sent southward have been blocked in different parts of the country by the bad state of the roads.

According to the dispatch referred to the report of Chinese naval activity is absurd. The Japanese are said to be maintaining such a strict blockade of the Corean coast that not even the smallest vessel can get through. Hundreds of Chinese soldiers are reported to have died of want and exposure and much sickness is said to exist in their ranks. On the other hand the Japanese are said to be much better prepared for active operations. They have succeeded in keeping their lines of communication open and have pushed their forces forward until they are now threatening the Chinese flank. The position of the latter, with winter rapidly advancing, threatens to become untenable.

Regarding the naval operations of the Chinese, the Shanghai despatch says that orders were sent from Peking over a fortnight ago for all the Chinese squadrons to concentrate in the gulf of Pe Chi Li, but it appears that these orders were never carried out, and it is now announced that the Chinese naval plans have again been modified, peremptory orders having been sent to three of the most powerful vessels of the southern squadron to join Admiral Ting's fleet in the north without delay. When these reinforcements arrive, it is also asserted, the Chinese fleet will commence operations in real earnest against the Japanese. No confidence, however, is felt in Admiral Ting's ability to hold even the gulf of Pe Chi Li against the Japanese fleet, and, consequently, many steamers belonging to Chinese firms are being transferred to the British flag.

The raising of money for war purposes proceeds and the mandarins commanding the provinces and districts are reported to be squeezing the unfortunate Chinese without mercy. Traders and others possessing property are receiving particular attention upon the part of the mandarins. Three merchants of Snan Tung, who showed some hesitation in complying with the official demands, had their property confiscated.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 11—The mikado and several of his family will, on Thursday next, go to Hroshina, the embarking place of the Japanese troops sent to Corea. The headquarters of the mikado will be transferred to Hiroshina after that date. Authentic news of the war cannot be obtained. The native press is subject to vigorous censorship and the representatives of foreign newspapers are not allowed to appoach the seat of war. It is also impossible to transmit private advices in regard to the warlike operations, as the telegraph lines and mail routes are controlled by the government.

ROBBER SHOT.

He Proves to Be Thomas Cantwell, a Millionaire's Son.

With Some Companions the Young Man Attempts to Rob a Saloon-keeper of His Wealth.

CHICAGO, Sept 11—Thomas Cantwell, the wayward son of the well-known politician, Thomas Cantwell, president of the Eagle Brewing company, was shot and instantly killed last night by ex-Pugilist Thomas Morgan, bartender at a saloon at 2000 State street. Cantwell and two other men, whose names are not known and who escaped, had entered the saloon when the bartender was counting the proceeds of the day's sales and demanded the money.

Morgan says. "Notwithstanding an order to do so, I had at no time thrown up my hands, but as Cantwell stood outside the bar, directly in front of me, and had me covered all the time, he supposed he had me. I had just watched him sharply and when the other robbers got around to the cash register and begun to help himself, I unconsciously half turned my head, though the big revolver was still levelled at me When I did so, the man at the bar took his eyes off me to see how the man at the cash register was getting along, and when he did so I reached in front of me and quicker than I can tell it, I had fired two shots at him. He dropped to the floor stone dead. To my training as a pugilist I owe my life, for if I had once attempted to draw my revolver while he had his eyes on me, I would have been shot and not he. I went at him with the gun pretty much the same as a fighter strikes out with his right hand. The couple of seconds he took in watching the man gave me time to draw myself."

GENERAL BOOTH.

The Salvation Army Leader Starts for America.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Detachments from the Salvation army from all parts of London assembled at Euston railroad station today in order to bid farewell to General Booth, who started for America. The general was loudly cheered by the soldiers of the army, who raised loud shouts of "hallelujah," "hallelujah," as the train left the station for Glasgow. The general will embark on board the Allan line steamship Carthagenian for St. Johns, N. F., and after making a tour of New Foundland and Canada he will reach New York about October 20, and proceed to the principal northern and western cities of the United States, eventually reaching San Francisco and finishing his tour at Seattle, Washington, on December 28.

KILLED BY A WOMAN.

A Disreputable Pensioner and His Paramour Have a Fatal Fight.

DAYTON, Ohio, Sept. 11.—Early this morning Ben P. Travies, aged fifty-five, a pensioner, and Julia A. Batten, aged fifty-four, his paramour, engaged in a quarrel with fatal results. The woman used a club on Travies, inflicting wounds about the head, from which he died a few hours later. She gave herself up to the police and claimed that the blows were struck in defending herself from his drunken brutality. They lived near the soldiers home.

FROST LAST NIGHT.

Corn and Garden Truck Killed or Badly Damaged.

OMAHA, Sept. 11.—Specials to the Bee from northeastern Nebraska and western Iowa report killing frosts last night. Late corn, flax and garden truck are reported as killed or badly damaged.

Exercising Clemency.

LONDON, Sept 11.—Replying to representations made by the Armenian communities in England, India and the United States, the Earl of Kimberley, secretary of state for foreign affairs, writes that he has received a telegraphic report from the British consul at Angora, Asiatic Turkey, saying that in accordance with the instructions of the porte, all the Armenians, to the number of 170, who were sentenced by the Yuzgat court, have been released and orders have been given to reopen the cases of the seventeen who were condemned to death.

Army Chaplains.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 11.—The National Association of Army and Navy Chaplains met in the Y. M. C. A. rooms and elected Rev. T. H. Hagerty, chaplain of the Ninety-third Illinois, president, and Chaplain C. C. McCabe, of the One Hundred and Twenty-second Ohio, secretary. A resolution was adopted expressing the interest which the chaplains still feel in the soldiers to whom the administered in war times.

Prince Bismarck.

BERLIN, Sept. 11.—A dispatch from Varzin this morning says that Prince Bismarck continues to enjoy good health, and that Princess Bismarck is recovering She left her bed and is gaining strength daily.

Attend International Business college, Schmitz block. 14 tf

HAD A LIVELY TIME.

Bitter Fight in a Populists Convention at Hammond.

It Ends in a Row and Two Tickets are Placed in the Field—Two Aggressive Factions.

HAMMOND, Ind, Sept. 11.—The populists of Lake county met in delegate convention here last night. The convention opened with a row over the selection of a chairman, the defeated aspirant denouncing his defeat as having been brought about by trickery. A committee on resolutions reported and then the real battle began. The convention was divided into two aggressive factions, one which desired fusion and the other contended for a straight ticket. The committee report favored no endorsement of any candidate on any other ticket and this report was adopted. The chair ruled that the convention could nominate a man who had been nominated on another ticket though under the resolutions it could not endorse such candidate An appeal was taken and resulted in defeat for the chair. The chair, however, ruled that it took a two-thirds vote to overrule him, and so declared the appeal lost. Those against the chair then began to withdraw and pandemonium reigned. Vile names and curses were hurled at the chairman and his faction.

Editor Knotts, of the populist paper, shook his fist under the chairman's nose. He then mounted a table and denounced the proceedings and by this time chairs were jumped up and down, curses freely vented and one of the most disgraceful scenes kept up for half an hour. Then the kickers withdrew and in their absence the remainder proceeded to nominate a full ticket, as follows:

Representative, Joseph H. Guernsey; clerk, Peter J. Lyons, sheriff, Charles H. Freidrich; treasurer, C. N. Towle; surveyor, George W. Fisher; coroner, A. Seidler; commissioners, F. J. Smith and John Blakeman.

The nominess for representative, clerk, sheriff, coroner and one commissioner have been nominated by the democrats. The nominee for surveyor is the republican candidate and the other is a straight populist. The convention promptly adjourned and retired to the office of a notary public, where the nominations were certified to as the regular populist ticket. They were leaving the hall, when the kickers returned and organized by naming as chairman the man defeated at the outset of the convention, and as secretary a man whose intoxicated condition kept him constantly attempting to speak and totally neglect his records With little preliminary work a ticket was nominated. It is as follows:

Representative, Robert Haeffel, clerk, Abraham Ottenheimer; treasurer, John Blakeman; coroner, Dr. C. O. Bostwick; commissioners, Charles Lavene and James P. Downs.

The surveyorship was left to the option of the county chairman. That individual was nominated for commissioner by one convention and for treasurer by the other. He will probably decline the nomination for commissioner. Which is the real populist ticket will doubtless be decided by the courts.

It is openly charged that republicans bought up delegates to secure the nomination of a straight ticket, as they hoped by this means to elect their own ticket.

WAR IN PROGRESS.

Natives of Lombok Seek to Throw Off the Dutch Yoke.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11.—D. T. Tinens, a graduate of Cambridge, Eng, who has been traveling for the past nine months, arrived here from Batavia, Java, in company with several friends. He says there is a violent insurrection of the natives on the island of Lombok against the Dutch rulers. The native island king has joined forces with the natives and unitedly they are doing all they can to throw off the Dutch yoke. War is in actual progress. How many have been killed on both sides is not known, but at the last engagement the Dutch forces were repelled. In Batavia there was great excitement.

"Everybody expected," said Mr. Tinens, "that the revolution would spread and it was thought the war might be long and bloody. A month ago, when I was there, communication was entirely cut off. The reason for this was that the Dutch government has seized all the steamers and sailing vessels and pressed them into service There was a single French steamer running and on this I managed to get away. The Dutch were then collecting all their forces and forwarding them to the island as fast as possible. Up to the time I left Batavia they had sent sixty-nine from that post. The island is large and contains the large tin mines. It also produces a large amount of sugar, coffee, indigo, fruits and other products. It is very thickly populated."

Nothing has been known of this war except as communicated by brief dispatches some weeks ago.

PERU'S STREET FAIR A SUCCESS.

Satisfactory Results of the Novel Exhibition's First Day.

PERU, Ind., Sept 11.—The first day of the street fair proved that the exhibition, which will continue all week, will be a complete success Broadway, the principal business street, was crowded from one extremity to the other with exhibits It is an attraction somewhat similar to a county fair, but with the exception of being held on the streets and being free to everybody. All the merchants have erected booths in front of their stores and display their goods, and in the center of the streets the stock and other farm exhibits are shown. Attractions such as daily balloon ascensions, races on the street, fireworks, etc, assist in amusing the crowds.

AMERICAN CITIZENS

Compelled to Flee From Bluefields to Save Their Lives.

They are Pursued by the Native Officers, But Manage to Reach a United States Man-of-War.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11—Among the passengers on the steamer Adirondack, which arrived here today from Port Limon, were Chas E Brown, Benj F Allen and Henry B. Williamson, refugees from Bluefields They are American citizens engaged in business at that port. Williamson says that they had a very exciting time of it at Bluefields. Having learned through a friend that an order had been issued for their arrest, they proceeded up the river in a small boat and remained in concealment until August 30, when they managed to get aboard the United States cruiser Marblehead. On getting aboard that vessel Williamson stated to Captain O'Neil that he had given no cause to the Bluefields authorities to warrant their arresting him, and would willingly go ashore and stand trial, providing Captain O'Neil would protect him. This Captain O'Neil would not guarantee. The Marblehead was at Bluefields outside the bar. The cruiser Columbia sailed September 3d from Port Limon for Bluefields.

WILL INVESTIGATE CHARACTERS.

Good Citizens' League to Learn the Records of Office Seekers.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept 11—The state central committee of the Good Citizen's league held its first meeting yesterday for organization and for entering in a systematic manner upon the work of the campaign. The committee is composed of leading members of the Christian Endeavor, the Epworth league, the Baptist Young People's union and other kindred organizations The committee determined to make a systematic inquiry into the character, habits, public and private life and political records of each of the candidates on the state tickets and tickets for congress, and make a full and unreserved report to the league of all matters for or against the nominees The local committees will make similar inquiries regarding county tickets, and thus the record, public and private, of every candidate for office will be made known. The committee says that it is receiving much encouragement from the best men of all parties, and it expects to throw on the search light regardless of what may be revealed.

SEVERAL CASES OF VARIOLOID.

Supposed to Have Come From Dr. Doud's Family.

WALKERTON, Ind, Sept 11—Several well developed cases of varioloid have appeared here within the last few days The disease seems to have originated in the family of Dr Doud, whose wife and mother died with what has been pronounced smallpox There are fifteen members in the family and it is pretty certain that most of them have been exposed Charles Cudney is also reported as being confined. Dr. Wilson, of Plymouth, Ind, was called in this afternoon. Dr. Metcalf, secretary of the state board of health, was expected here last night. The town is not quarantined.

DEATH OF THE GYPSY QUEEN.

Bridget Gorman, the Aged Ruler of the Wanderers, Expires.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 11.—Bridget Gorman, known as the queen of gypsies in America, died Sunday night at her camp near this city, aged seventy-five. She has ruled in America since the death of her husband, King John Gorman, two years ago, and will be succeeded by her son, Bartley Gorman, under a regency. Hundreds of dispatches are being sent to the gypsies in different parts of the country yesterday. The queen lived a roaming life all her days and was popular with her subjects.

A Gloomy Meeting.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa, Sept. 11.—The eighth annual convention of the superintendents of the American cemeteries began in this city today. Mayor Stuart delivered an address of welcome which was responded to by President William Salway, Spring Grove cemetery, Cincinnati Mr Arthur W. Hobart, of Cincinnati, read an essay upon "The management of a modern cemetery" and Robert Scrivener, Cedar Hill, Hartford, Conn, upon "the advantages to the management and to the holders of the modern or lawn plan for cemeteries." In the afternoon a session was held at Harleigh cemetery, Camden, when Mayor Westcot delivered an address of Welcome.

Foreign Battle.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 11—Mr. Beazley and the Rev. M. Firminger, who reached Dar Ez Salaam, German East Africa, in a dhow from Kilwa Island, off that coast, on September 9, have arrived here and report that the governor's house at Kilwa was attacked by 2,000 natives, armed with flint-lock rifles, on the morning of September 7. The fight lasted two hours and the natives were repulsed with a loss of one hundred killed. The Germans lost one Soudanese soldier killed and one German solder wounded. When Messrs. Beazley and Firminger left the island a renewal of the attack was expected.

THE PARADE.

Forty Thousand Old Veterans In Line.

With Bent Forms and Furrowed Brows.

They March Past Batteries of Bright Eyes

In Great Contrast to the Scenes of Thirty Years Ago.

Smiling Faces and Happy Greetings Meet Them at Every Turn as They Hobble Along.

PITTSBURG, Pa, Sept 11—Forty thousand men who fought to save the union, marched through the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny today. The old familiar war tunes to which their comrades rushed to victory or to death filled the air and re echoed back from the surrounding hills The music made their hearts beat as in the stirring times of thirty years ago, and brought the flush of patriotism and courage to their cheeks. But while they stepped out boldly and bravely, they could not straighten their bent forms, nor conceal their gray hair and furrowed cheeks They carried no heavy rifle with its glittering bayonet, but aided their aged limbs with walking canes, while here and there in the lines of blue came a comrade on crutches. They marched not beneath yawning muzzles of frowning cannons, but past battery after battery of bright eyes, while the fair enemy waived white handkerchiefs and applauded with shrill, sweet voices On every street corner and vacant lot rose tier upon tier of human faces, and as the veterans passed cheer after cheer greeted them Every window along the route, the fire escapes and rooftops were crowded, while the sidewalks were packed solidly from the building line to the wire ropes stretched along the curb to prevent interference with the free movement of the parade of the Grand Army of the Republic.

At 10.30 o'clock the parade started from the historic Monongahela house, on the banks of the river, from which it takes its name. First came company A, Second battalion naval reserves, N. G. P., guard of honor to Commander-in-Chief Adams. Then followed the departments of the G. A. R in the following order Illinois, Wisconsin, Ohio, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Maine, California, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Vermont, Potomac, Virginia and North Carolina, Maryland, Nebraska, Michigan, Iowa, Colorado and Wyoming, Kansas, Delaware, Minnesota, Missouri, Oregon, Kentucky, West Virginia, South Dakota, Washington and Alaska, Arkansas, New Mexico, Utah, Tennessee, Louisiana and Mississippi, Florida, Montana, Texas, Idaho, Arizona, Georgia, Alabama, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Indiana, Pennsylvania.

The decorations of the two cities were most lavish. It was stated by men who attended many previous encampments that while individual displays may have been excelled in other cities they had never seen decorations on such a generous and general scale. Hardly a dwelling, no matter how poor nor how far from the route of the parade but at least had a flag, and usually a display of bunting as well, while the business houses in every part of the cities made a gorgeous showing This was probably the last time the veterans will turn out in such force, as it is seriously contemplated by the G. A. R officials, in view of the advancing age and infirmities of the members, to abandon this most attractive feature of the national encampment. Therefore they proposed to make the last parade a success, and tramped over the two miles of route with the same determination that characterized them when they marched against the southern armies

Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania, with his staff and a number of notable men and women from all parts of the country, occupied the reviewing stand in the Allegheny park, and saluted each division as it swung around and passed in review The arrangements for the comfort of the marchers were excellent At short distances apart were stationed emergency hospitals, with the red cross fluttering before the door, while all along the route were men with cool water and lemonade for the veterans

It is impossible to form any accurate estimate of the spectators Every available inch along the route was packed. Every side street was jammed full of people for a hundred yards back, and the house tops for blocks away were hidden by masses of enthusiastic applauders. A rough estimate is that between 500,000 and 600,000 people saw the parade. Of this number 300,000 to 350,000 came over the railroads, 100,000 arriving this morning. The almost innumerable lines of the electric roads running to thickly settled suburbs within a radius of fifteen miles, brought as many more The old soldiers appreciated the honor done them and turned out in force but few being seen out of line while the parade was moving. But this was not their only reason for determining to make the parade one to be long remembered. The weather was perfect. The sky put on its deepest blue tint, relieved here and there by white, fleecy clouds, without the suggestion of a storm; the sun shone brilliantly, but its rays were tempered by a cool and bracing breeze. It was an ideal day for a parade, both for the men in line and for the spectators.

The National Association of Naval Veterans met again this morning and elected the following officers. Commodore, Will E. Atkins, Cincinnati, captain and shipmate, George C. Ireland, Brooklyn; commander, G. W. Shaw, Zanesville, Ohio, lieutenant commander, J J. Gillman, Boston. Henry Paul, a member of the West Virginia post, was struck by a Birmingham electric car and injured, but not seriously Governor McKinley, of Ohio, and his staff are at the Monongahela house.

NEARLY A DUEL.

Allen and Alberti, Opposing Politicians, Have a Quarrel.

Friends Steps Between the Belligerents Just in Time to Prevent Bloodshed.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept 11—County Attorney John R. Allen, a leading Breckenridge campaign orator, and Prof. Charles M. Alberti, an Owens speaker, who have been exchanging uncomplimentary remarks upon the raging stump in the Ashland district for the past week, came together in a restaurant today, and but for the timely interference there would have been bloodshed Alberti made a fiery speech at a meeting last night, which Allen read in the papers Allen started out to find Alberti and was told he was in Davis' restaurant, at breakfast. Allen entered and, walking up to Alberti, struck him in the face with an open hand One story is that Allen drew a pistol and Alberti called out that he was unarmed, and dared the former to shoot him down in cold blood. Another story is that both men drew pistols and prepared for action, when Proprietor Davis separated them Davis, Allen and Alberti refuse to make a statement The report of the sensational meeting has created intense excitement

CLOSED ON SUNDAY.

Kansas City People Exact a Promise From Mayor Davis.

KANSAS CITY, Sept 11—At least 1,000 people, representing three law and order leagues and twenty-nine churches of this city, called at the city hall yesterday afternoon and, through their spokesman, Thomas Jones, president of the Missouri Christian Endiavor society, made a demand on the police board to enforce the law relative to the closing of saloons on Sunday. The The members of the police board were taken by surprise, but Mayor Davis responded to the demands of the people by promising to have the law enforced.

TWO ARRESTS.

Two Officials Who Are Accused of Crookedness.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The arrest of Postmaster K. C. Taylor and Notary Public A. G. McCombs, of Tarry, Ark, for violation of section 5 479 of the revised statutes, prohibiting the counterfeiting or altering of legal papers was reported to the postoffice department today The investigation and arrest was made by Postoffice Inspector Thomas, of the St Louis division

FRIGHTFUL DUEL.

Two Farmers Cut and Slash Each Other Into Mince Meat.

BOWLING GREEN Ky., Sept 11.—A frightful duel with knives was fought by two prominent farmers, Thomas Osborn and Marcus Murphy, near Polkville, last evening. Murphy's hogs broke into Osborn's corn field and this caused the trouble. The two cut and slashed each other in an indescribable, frightful manner and were both found dying in pools of blood.

A NOVEL SUIT.

A State Auditor Forcing an Attorney to Perform His Duties.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill, Sept. 11—The state auditor has decided to bring a mandamus suit against the attorney general, compelling him to bring suit against the insolvent Illinois Building and Loan association, of Bloomington, which the attorney general refuses to prosecute. It will be a warm fight between the auditor and attorney general.

GERMAN PYTHIANS TO SECEDE.

Koerner Lodge, of Indianapolis, Leads in the New Movement.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 11.—At a meeting of Koerner lodge, Knights of Pythias, last night a resolution was adopted withdrawing from the grand lodge. The Koerner lodge is composed of Germans and it is understood that the lodges of the country are to withdraw and establish a grand lodge of German Pythians.

A MASONIC RING

Leads to the Identity of a Suicide at Cheyenne.

CHEYENNE, Wyo, Sept. 11—The guest at the International hotel, registered as George R. Maxwell, of Mexico, who died Saturday night, of opium poisoning, is believed to have resided in Ispheming, Mich. His identity was discovered by means of a Masonic ring which he wore

J. D. Williams expert accountant. Office: 63 East Main street.

BREEDS DISEASE.

Death Lurks Where Filth is Allowed to Accumulate.

Let the Foul Places Be Abated by the Board and the City Saved From a Pestilential Visitation.

The prevalence in the city of typhoid fever, diphtheria and other dia cases, and the deaths resulting from them, should awaken our board of health to the inquiry whether they are not in some degree responsible for this state of affairs by reason of their not looking properly after the sanitary condition of the city.

Filth breeds disease Where it accumulates it sends out its poisonous odors and the human system catches them with every breath that is drawn into the lungs The germs of disease are thus engendered and the victims of this almost criminal carelessness of somebody are stricken down with sickness, and death, in many cases, follows as a result.

When a sewer is clogged up the accumulations poison the atmosphere in the vicinity. The same conditions are also brought about by the improper ventilation of cellars and the filth that is allowed to accumulate in them. Both of these menances to health should be guarded against and measures taken by the authorities to stamp them out wherever they are found to exist. Is this being done?

Some months ago, when it was thought that cholera would visit this country our city was placed in a good sanitary condition by its then excellent health officer, who did not think it too much trouble to bestir himself and insist upon everybody obeying his clean-up orders Now, when pestilence is stalking abroad in our midst, why are not the same orders issued and enforced by our board of health?

Complaint comes to THE SENTINEL office almost every day concerning filth that is allowed to accumulate in different parts of the city. Cellars of grocery establishments and commission houses, where decayed vegetables send forth their sickening odors and disease-breeding germs, are pointed out and we are asked to plead for an abatement of the nuisance, that the health of these communities may not be endangered. If men want wholesale storehouses for their filth, they ought not to be allowed to locate them in the heart of the city.

The board of health does not need the aid of a "smelling committe" to find these public nuisances. If they will bestir themselves, their olfactories will be able to detect where they are without very much trouble Let them get out on a "little smelling expedition" of their own and they will soon run across these disease-breeding fountains and prevent to a large extent the further spread of pestilence in this city. Now is the time to act. Let them do so at once and check a contagion that is sure to come with the advent of the fall months if every part of our city is not placed in a good sanitary condition.

NEW ORPHANS HOME.

Articles of Incorporation To Be Drawn at Once.

A Long Needed Institution To Be Established Somewhere in the Suburbs of Fort Wayne.

Last night, in the office of Attorney T. E. Ellison, the initiatory steps were taken for the establishment in this county of a benevolent institution, which will be wide-spread in its usefulness

Some months ago the Humane society recommended that a committee of citizens take up the work of establishing an orphans' home in the suburbs of this city. A committee was formed and last night a portion of these gentlemen met and instructed Mr. Ellison to draw up articles of incorporation. The gentlemen who were present in Attorney Ellison's office last night were J. D. Bond, J. F. W. Myers, Matthew A. Ferguson, Geo. H. Wilson, Geo. W. Brackenridge and T. E. Ellison.

The funds for the home will come partly from the county and partly from private sources. There is a growing need for the home and it will greatly facilitate the work of the Humane society. The proposed institution will be strictly non sectarian.

At present there are thirteen small orphan children at the county infirmary and there will be many more before the winter is over. This is no place for the little ones as they can scarcely be kept from contact with imbeciles and persons who naturally find their way to a county infirmary. This state of affairs, however, can not be remedied until a non sectarian home is provided. The good people of Fort Wayne will wish the proposed institution every success.

STATE CONVENTION.

Pennsylvania Democrats Nominate Congressmen-at-Large.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 11.—The democratic state convention reconvened here today to fill the vacancies on the state ticket caused by the death of Hannibal K. Sloan, of Indiana county, and the withdrawal of ex-Judge Buchor, of Union, the nominees for congressmen-at-large. There was a small representation of delegates and the work of the convention was gone through without any unnecessary delay. Thomas H. Collins, of Belle fontane, and Henry Myers, of Allegheny, were unanimously chosen to fill the vacancies Resolutions endorsing President Cleveland and Governor Pattison, and re-affirming the platform and principles of the democratic party were adopted and the convention adjourned.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

It is in Session This Week at Westminster Church.

Promises To Be Unusually Instructive —Illustrated Lecture on the Rocky Mountains This Evening.

The institute of Allen county teachers began its annual session yesterday afternoon at the Westminster church.

Superintendent Young presides, and the following is the efficient corps of instructors. A. R Charman, teacher of methods, state normal school, Terre Haute, Ind.; Dr. C. R Dryer, teacher of geography, state normal school, Terre Haute, Ind; Sarah E Tarney-Campbell, Auburn, Ind; T. A. Mott, superintendent Wayne county, Richmond, Ind, Chester T. Lane, A. B., Harry Wise, A. B, Albert B. Crow, A. B, M. Belle Clark, teacher of music; Warcup sisters, of Huntertown.

Organization was effected by the selection of Miss Winton as secretary, and J. C Hamilton, assistant After an opening address by Superintendent Young, Professor Charman took up the subject of "Theory and Practice." He was followed by Dr. Dryer, who made his discussion of geography very entertaining. A fifteen minutes recess was then taken, after which Professor Charman talked regarding "Methods of Reading" With Professor Lane's able discussion of "History" the work of the afternoon was concluded at 4 o'clock.

TODAY'S SESSION.

This morning there was a very large attendance Rev. Marble opened the institute with devotional exercises at 9 o'clock. Professor Charman, of Terre Haute, continued his dissertation on "Theory and Method." He said that the means of education are the five great institutions of man. The school has only a part and the home is the first. The individual is the center of all the institutions. The child is not for the institution but the institution for the child.

Professor Lane continued his talk on "History" He emphasized the importance of seeking to have the pupil study colonial history in a manner so as to show the grand tend of United States history to the ultimate development of the nation. The pupil should be taught to realize the importance of every detail in colonial affairs

Professor Mott spoke on the "Spirit of the Teacher." He said the teacher should enter into his or her work with a lofty ideal. To be successful one should hunger and thirst for the truth. His discourse was particularly interesting.

TOMORROW'S PROGRAM

The following is the program for tomorrow.

FORENOON.

9 00-9 15—Devotion. .... Rev. Rice
9 15-9 15—Method in Number .Charman
9 15-10 20—Arithmetic .. .. .Lane
10 20-10.30—Rest.
10 30-11.00—Geography . Dryer
11.00-11.30—Method in Number . .Charman
11 30-12 00—Primary Language. Mrs. Campbell

AFTERNOON

1 30-2 00—Method in History .. Charman
2.00-2 30—Primary Language .Mrs. Campbell
2 30-2 40—Rest
2 40-3 10—Method in History .. Charman
3 10-3 40—Primary Language Mrs Campbell
3 40-4 00—Music . . . . Miss Clark

CARLISLE'S DECISION.

The Reciprocity Conditions of the Tariff Law Explained.

It Doesn't Apply to Canada and Lumber From That Country Will Be Admitted Free.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11—Secretary Carlisle decided today in a letter addressed to the collector of customs at New York that the "reciprocity" condition attacked by the new tariff bill to the provision for the free admission of lumber did not apply to the dominion of Canada. The letter says. "Referring to paragraph 683 of the act of August 28, 1894, which provides that when articles of wood mentioned in the free list of said act or imported from any country which lays an export duty or imposes discriminating stumpage dues on any of them, they shall be subject to the duties existing prior to the passage of said act, inform you that this department is officially advised that there are no export duties on the articles in question when brought from Canada, and that no discriminating stumpage dues are imposed by the dominion government. Such importations will therefore be entitled to free entry."

Secretary Carlisle, in a letter today addressed to Senator Caffrey, of Louisiana, officially decided, as predicted in the Associated Press dispatches last week, that under the new tariff law it would be unlawful to appoint inspectors, weighers and testers of bounty sugars under the McKinley act, and further, that congress having made no application for the employment of such officials, the laws of the United States prohibit the employment of such persons to serve without pay.

MACCABEES.

Lansing, Mich., is Swarming With Them Today.

LANSING, Mich., Sept. 11.—Lansing is swarming with Maccabees today. The day is perfect. Excursion trains were arriving all the morning, the last to come being from Saginaw and Bay City. It is the largest throng ever seen here. The work of the great camp begins tomorrow and the great hive this evening. Fourteen bands are participating in a tournament this afternoon. Tomorrow there will be a prize drill by the uniform rank.

"This Hot Weather"

Depraved by the millions of flies is certainly too oppressive when considering that we can fit you out with

Screen Doors
AND
Screen Windows

Of all sizes and designs at prices heretofore unknown.

USE OUR

MONARCH GARDEN HOSE

For settling the dust and cooling the air about your house and reap the beneficial results and comfort at a small investment.

THE

MONARCH HOSE

Will render you the longest and most satisfactory service of any house in the market.

We are Headquarters for Hose Reels, Lawn Sprinklers, Nozzles and a general line of Hose repairs.

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,
38 and 40 East Columbia Street
Telephone 86.

NEW YORK HAIR BAZAAR.

Switches, Alcohol Lamps, Novelties in Hair Ornaments, Hair Dressing, Manicuring.

MISS E. C. RODENBECK,
No. 29 E. Washington St.

IT PAYS!

To attend the Fort Wayne Business College for a thorough training in business branches, Shorthand, Typewriting, English Training, Mechanical and Architectural Drawing. Fall term begins Sept 3. Enter now

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FALL SUITS,
NEW GOODS,
NEW Patterns.

Just Received a Full line of New Fall Suitings.

Prices to Suit The Hard Times.

Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Fall Rush Commences.

Fred Hardung,
N. W. Corner Main and Clinton Sts

Mergenthiem's Bazaar

Cloak and Fur Announcement.

This season, like all preceeding ones, we will show to our large patronage, the greatest assortment, greater novelties and better garments for less money than any house in Fort Wayne Our cloak buyer has rumaged the big manufactories of the east, he has inspected the large stocks of the importers and he has selected for us a line of novelties in Cloaks, Capes, Jackets and Furs, such as we never before had the pleasure to display. We are receiving new goods every day and as an extra inducement to fur buyers we will sell for cash or on payments to suit the customer. Now is the time to do your selecting.

Our Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's

Hosiery and Underwear Dp't

IS NOW COMPLETELY STOCKED.

We have taken great care in selecting stock for this department and we are confident we can show you excellent values

DRESS GOODS.

We are leaders in this line. Here are a few items taken at random throughout the different departments:

Pretty one-yard wide Dress Goods at 10c per yard. In this line we have all the latest shades.

Handsome Dress Fabrics at 12½c per yard.

Wool Dress Goods in plain colored shades, checks, stripes, and novelties at 15c, 19c, 20c and 25c. These are veritable bargains and the prices are cheaper than ever before.

Dress Goods. A perfect flood of colorings in all wool fabrics, at 30c, 35c, 40c and 50c per yard.

High novelties in Fashionable Fabrics at 65c 75c, 89c $1 and $1 25 per yard.

In Black Fabrics we pride ourselves on the large line and splendid quality of our Black Dress Goods. Our prices are always the cheapest.

Calicoes and Prints Our New Fall Print and Calicoes have arrived and our line is beautiful In this as in every other department, our prices are always the cheapest

Patterns. Our New Domestic Patterns and Fashion Plates are now in. When you are ready for your fall trading do not forget the POPULAR STORE.

Mergenthiem's Bazaar

PREVENT the SEWER GAS and WATER From backing up in your Cellar by useing MARTIN'S PATENT CELLAR DRAINER and BACKWATER TRAP. **EMMET MARTIN, the Plumber,** Cor. Hanna and Buchanan Streets.

COMRADES ATTENTION.

The popular Nickel Plate has been chosen by the G. A. R. as the official route to Pittsburg.

A special train will leave Fort Wayne Sunday, September 9th, at 8 o'clock a. m. Come and swell the crowd. 5-4t

The Garden of the Gods, Pike's Peak, Colorado Canon, the Yosemite and Yellowstone will be finely illustrated by the stereopticon in Rev. Leeper's lecture tomorrow evening at the Westminster church.

Strayed.

A brown cow, last Saturday night. Finder will please leave word at Hoosier Shoe store, 52 Calhoun street. 4d&w1t

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 2tf

Mary Hamilton Williams has taken out a permit to erect a two story residence in the Hamilton homestead addition It will cost $4,000

SCHOOL OPENS SEPT. 19.

Start your boy in the right way by dressing him up in a bright new suit of clothes. It will please him immensely and he'll repay you by taking more interest in his studies. Let YOUR BOY be as neatly dressed as any boy in his class and he'll be more contented and satisfied among his new classmates.

Our New Fall Stock

Of Boys' and Children's Clothing is here and awaits your inspection. As to the completeness of our stock in regard to VARIETY, QUALITY and STYLE, we'll leave you to judge. WE KNOW that the combined stocks of any two stores in this city do not show so large a selection of the NEWEST things in Suits for Children's Wear.

BOY'S SCHOOL SUITS

Strictly All Wool, with pants made double seat and knee, at

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50.

BOY'S SCHOOL SUITS

Strictly All Wool with an extra pair of pants to match, at

$3.00, $3.50, $4.00.

Sam, Pete & Max.

The Evening Sentinel.

MONDAY, SEPT 10, 1894.

Branch offices for the sale of THE SENTINEL and where orders for THE SENTINEL and Want, For Sale for For Rent ads. will be received, have been established at the following drug stores:

W. F. Beneke, 443 Broadway.
J. F. Miller, 327 Lafayette.
W. L. Walternath, 229 East Lewis.
J. D. Lewis, 424 Calhoun.
H. H. Weiel, 312 Hanna.
J. J. Brink, 44 Wells.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office.....No. 173.
Editorial Rooms .....No. 650.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10—Forecast for the thirty six hours until 8 p. m. Tuesday. For Indiana—Showers today, followed by fair; cooler; northwesterly winds.

Our Thermometer.

8 A. M.	76°
10 A. M.	72°
12 M.	72°
2 P. M.	72°

NEWS NOTES.

The Sol D. Bayless lodge will work in the first degree tonight.

A. C. Katt is home from a bicycle tour in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. W. L. Kerlin and children have gone to Greenfield, Ohio, to visit relatives.

J. C. Rosecrance, of Bluffton, Ind, was in the city over Sunday a guest of the Randall.

Frank Shaw, of Warsaw, traveling representative of the Borton Institute, is in the city.

M V B. Spencer, of Indianapolis, was in the city over Sunday, a guest of Dick, at the Randall.

Cloide Stahl, son of J. M. Stahl, who was taken ill with typhoid fever last week, is better today.

The advisory committee of the centennial celebration will meet tonight in the Aveline house parlors.

Ex-Councilman Cody celebrated his seventy-sixth birthday yesterday. He came to Fort Wayne sixty years ago.

W. E. Gerding has taken out a permit to erect a two story frame house on lot 24 Hanna's addition. It will cost $2,000.

Miss Josie Manuel, the pleasant clerk at the county recorder's office, is again at her desk after an illness of a few days.

John W. Hayden, Attorney Sam Swayne, John Dalman, Sanford Rich and Dr. Hetrick will soon leave for a week's outing to Potoskey.

Poundmaster W. H. Brown left yesterday to attend the G. A. R. encampment at Pittsburg. W. H Bradshaw will officiate during his absence.

Word has reached this city of the marriage at Newark, S D, on September 5, of Mrs. Agnes Sthair, of this city, and H. L. Hanson, of Ludden, N. D.

Mr. and Mrs. John Foley and children, of Huntington, who have been the guests of Mr. Frank Rogers and wife, of East Lewis street, returned home Saturday.

A friend of THE SENTINEL writes calling attention to the fact that the street crossing at the corner of Summit and Cedar should be looked after by the board of public works.

Pat Bulger lost a fine Jersey cow last night. The animal was a family pet and her loss is greatly regretted by the family. Mr. Bulger is the well known drayman, formerly with A. C. Trent man.

The "Three Croakers" is the name of a jolly club of young fellows who will give their first excursion and hop next Thursday night. The excursion will be to New Haven via 'bus line and the hop will be an enjoyable one.

There will be preaching at the tent, corner of Calhoun and Creighton, at 7:30 this evening Subject "Christ and the Sabbath," or "The Relationship of the Sabbath to the Work of Christ" All are invited. Seats free. No collection.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society held its annual open meeting at the Wayne street M. E. church last evening. A most excellent program was carried out. The reports of the year's work were highly gratifying, some $200 having been taken in during the year.

The following are the scores made Saturday by the regular league base ball teams: At Louisville—Louisville, 3; Baltimore, 6. At St. Louis, St. Louis, 1; Brooklyn, 9. At Chicago—Chicago, 1; Boston, 3. At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 13; Philadelphia, 7. At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 14; Washington, 9.

R. A. Christian, well-known in Fort Wayne in connection with the Prudential Insurance company, made the run home in the century run from Huntington to Auburn, fifty-two miles, in five hours, including 30 minutes' layover at Fort Wayne, he being the only rider of the forty-six starters who made the run of 103 miles in the twelve hours

The rain of Saturday night caught the immense crowd which attended the Julia Marlowe play at the Temple just as the performance finished, and as a consequence the hacks and the street cars were well patronized. Miss Marlowe and her husband appeared in the title roles in the play and pleased the large audience present, although the performance kept up to too late an hour.

For This Monday Afternoon.

Peaches, Grapes and Cranberries.

Peaches in 1-5 bushel baskets, nice large fruit, 28c basket. Small baskets, 20c. Peaches are getting scarce and it now looks as if we have seen the lowest price for this season.

Concord Grapes, 100 baskets, in 9 lb baskets, 20c per bushel.

Cape Cod Cranberries. This is the first shipment of the season, direct from the east, 10c quart.

Fresh Oysters, Selects, 28c can.

Standards, 22c can

FRUIT HOUSE.

Gart Shober and Jake Myer will organize a high class orchestra soon.

Miss Dora Dienhart, of Lafayette, Ind, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. M. Pierre.

Miss Sophia Seabold has returned from Montpelier after a pleasant visit with friends.

Miss Grace Carver, of LaOtto, Ind, is the guest of Miss Luella Boles, of South Fairfield avenue.

The Royal Arcanum will hold a banquet in the Aldine cafe on the night of September 21.

Captain and Mrs. James E. Graham have gone to Pittsburg to attend the G. A. R. encampment.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs Herman Tapp, corner of East Lewis and Hanna streets, this morning—a son.

Deputy United States Marshal Tom Wilkinson is home from Chicago, where he has been since last Thursday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs Adolph Schulte—a boy. The mother is the proprietor of the south side millinery store.

A telegram received this morning from Miss Frances Browand states that she has arrived safely at Albuquerque

Mrs. Mary Kilgore, of Delphi, Ind, is the guest of her son, Pittsburg Fireman Will Kilgore, on West Butler street.

Miss Mary Welch, of Danesville, N. Y, has returned to her home after a pleasant visit with her cousin, J. H. Welch.

Deputy Sheriff P. J. Wise is on duty again after an illness of a few days He suffers greatly from sciatic rheumatism.

Yesterday Mr. and Mrs. Reinard H. Neuhaus celebrated their crystal wedding at their home, corner of St. Mary's and Archer avenues.

Miss Lanie Van Vleet went to Pierceton, Ind., this morning, to attend the marriage of her cousin, Miss Nellie Smith, to Mr. Charles H. Meek.

W. J. Holt leaves tonight over the Pittsburg for Wellington, Ohio, to visit his parents. Mrs Holt and the boys will return with him next week.

James Flanders, of Washington, D. C, private secretary of Congressman Ritchie, of the Toledo district, is visiting his brother in-law, Chas. J. Romels, for a few days

Miss Irma and Walter Seavey left today for Jackson, Mich, and will then go to Ann Arbor to enter the university. Mrs Seavey and family expect to make their home there for a few years.

Saturday night, during the storm, about 11:30 o'clock, lightning struck a barn owned by Milton Armel, on Wayne street. The structure was entirely consumed, causing a loss of about $200

It has been learned that about eleven or twelve of the Auburn wheelmen who started out on the century run on last Friday rode several miles on a farm wagon between this city and Huntington. The run was a great fizzle.

Rev. J. L. Leeper, the pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, will deliver illustrated lectures to the Allen county Institute on Tuesday and Thursday of this week. His subject tomorrow will be "The Wonderlands of the Rockies," and on Thursday "The Hawaiian Islands" Rev. Leeper has been one of the principal lecturers for two years of the Indiana Chatauqua and is engaged for a third. This year he delivered two lectures at Bay View Assembly.

County Commissioner Bullerman was exhibiting among his friends at the court house today a stock of Egyptian wheat which he raised on his farm, the seed from which it was grown having been brought from the world's fair. Hon. R. C. Bell was one of the admirers of the grain. He didn't know what it was, and when told wanted to know whether it was the kind that Joseph sold in Egypt, forgetting apparently that it was corn, not wheat, that Joseph distributed.

Saturday evening a very pleasant birthday surprise party was given at the home of Mr, and Mrs Jes Johnson, on Wafel street. Among the many guests present were Messrs. and Mesdames Merriman, Hassel, Siebold, Smith, Wefel, Hellar, Adams, John Hess, Will Hess, Etchey, Henlers, Streicker, the Misses Maggie Hess, Louisa Stankey, Minnie Beidelman, Minnie Lauman, and Messrs. George Johnson, Kaiser, Beidelman, Dierkes, Etchey and Dreish. Music was furnished by the Johnson orchestra. The evening was spent in games, card playing and dancing.

The fire southwest of the city at 11.30 Saturday night destroyed the barn of Albert Fox, a market gardener who resides midway between the Wabash and Pittsburg railways, about one and one quarter miles from the city. There were two horses in the barn when the lightning struck it and one of the animals was instantly killed. Mr. Fox managed to save the other horse. Eight tons of hay and all the garden implements were consumed by the flames. Mr. Fox is a young man only recently married and just starting out in the gardening business. His loss falls heavily upon him.

This morning at 9:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Scott W. Smith, at Pierceton, Ind., occurred the marriage of Miss Nellie Smith to Mr. Chas. H. Meek, the telegraph operator of the Nickel Plate railroad company at Knox. The ceremony was preformed in the presence of a large company of the friends of the contracting parties by Rev. Dr. Moffat, the pastor of the First Presbyterian church, of this city after which the wedding breakfast was served and the newly married couple left for a wedding tour through Michigan. The wedding presents were numerous and handsome. The bride was dressed in a handsome gown of pink silk net over pink surah and wore Marechiel Niel roses. She is a loveable young lady and has many friends in this city, where she has frequently visited. Mr. and Mrs. Meek will make their home at present at Knox, but expect before long to move to this city to reside.

Mrs. Eber Blanchard, wife of the Pittsburg fireman, is on the sick list.

Horace Gordon, of THE SENTINEL composing room, spent Sunday at Huntington.

Married, by Justice Tancey this afternoon, William Tyler and Miss Mattie Dunfee, of Washington township.

TWO CONVENTIONS.

Irrigation and Traveling Engineers Meet at Denver.

DENVER, Colo, Sept. 10.—The American society of Irrigation Engineers is holding its second annual convention in this city. The following officers have been elected President, James P. Maxwell, vice president, E M. Boggs, secretary and treasurer, John S. Titcomb, directors, G. W. Anderson, Samuel Fortier and James D Schuyler.

Two hundred delegates to the second national convention of the Traveling Engineers association arrived in Denver today from the east The convention will open in this city tomorrow. The association is a new non-secret organization, whose object is to improve the locomotive engineers service of American railways

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The Executive Board Engaged in Straightening Tangles.

BUFFALO, N Y, Sept. 10—The general executive board of the Knights of Labor is in the city, engaged in looking over the local situation and straightening out internal tangles. The members present are. General Master Workman Soverign, Des Moines, Secretary-Treasurer J. W. Hayes, Philadelphia; Worthy Foreman Michael J. Bishop, Boston; H. P. Martin, Minneapolis; T. B. McGuire, Amsterdam, and J. M. Kenny, Ohio Dissensions have rent the local assemblies and the purpose of the board is to strengthen the order for future emergencies. It is denied that it is the intention to unite with the American Railway union.

COOPERS STRIKE

Because the Firm Refused to Dismiss Non-Union Men.

OMAHA, Neb, Sept 10.—All the coopers employed in the Swift & Co. packing houses at South Omaha struck today because the managers refused to discharge two non union men who were employed during the recent strike of the butchers The strikers announce that if the two men are not discharged by tomorrow all the coopers in the other houses in Omaha will strike.

FIGHTING FIRE.

Bessemer Citizens Labor to Save the City From Destruction.

BESSEMER, Mich, Sept. 10.—The entire city fire department and several hundred citizens were fighting fire all last night in the vicinity of the Gogebic powder mill. Had the fire reached the mill and an explosion followed, the entire city would have been demolished and hundreds of lives lost, as the mill is within the city limits and has a large stock of dynamite on hand. A strong wind prevails and the danger is not yet over.

Surveying Party Massacred.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10—A rumor is current here that a government survey party has been massacred on the Rio Grande, below El Paso. The latter city has been wired for particulars.

Good Shoes Cheap.

Do not forget the shoe sale at the Princess.

Those Men's Shoes at 98c and $1 19 are a bargain.

Ladies', Misses, and Children's Shoes are cheap at this sale.

We have about 100 pairs left of those fine tan shoes for men, at $1 75 per pair. Get a pair and be in the swim They do not cost much and the stock and style are up to date.

PRINCESS CASH STORE.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. S A. Drew wish to express their heartfelt thanks for the kindness of neighbors and friends shown during the illness and death of their son, Walter E. Drew.

Banister School of Music

Begins Monday, Sept. 10, at 49 West Berry street.

Ready to Stay.

In one of the more fashionable quarters of Chicago there lives a jovial elderly Irishman who has made a fortune as a contractor. With all his wealth and his fashionable surroundings he has never forgotten the friends of his youth and likes to have them about him, especially one Casey, a boss mason who still lives in the Goose Island district.

Casey does not feel exactly at home in the big house, but out of regard for his old friend often spends an evening there with him. The two commonly retire to the contractor's den, where they chat and smoke to their hearts' content.

On a recent occasion of this sort a heavy rain set in just as it came time for the visitor to take his leave.

"Look here, Mike," said the contractor as they reached the door, "there's no need of your goin home in this flood. I have a shpare room up stairs. Stay overnight wid me."

"All right, Tim," replied Casey, "Oi will. The ould woman won't worry."

The contractor summoned a servant and had Casey shown to the "shpare room." Then he returned to his den to look over the plans of a new block he had on hand. The work kept him absorbed till nearly midnight, when he was startled by a sharp ring at the door-bell. Every one else had retired, and he answered the bell in person. When he opened the front door, there stood Casey, dripping wet, with a smile on his face.

"How's this, Mike?" exclaimed the contractor. "I thought yo was to stay all night here."

"So I am, me boy!" replied the smiling Casey. "That's why I went home for me pipe."—Chicago Times.

A Voice From the Dead.

In a Glasgow theater, at the close of the first act, the curtain did not drop the whole length, but remained suspended half way. Stretched out on the stage lay a solitary dead man. As all endeavors to lower the curtain failed, the corpse at length got up and said in sepulchral tones, "No rest in the grave," and went and dragged the curtain to the floor.—Tit-Bits.

An Old Fashioned Sabbath.

In Helgoland Sabbath begins at 6 p. m. on Saturday when the church bell is tolled, and ends on Sunday at the same hour. Formerly no vessel could leave port between those hours

THE COURTS.

Order of Sale in the Eckart Estate—Railroad Damage Case on Trial.

In the circuit court this morning Judge O'Rourke, on the petition of the heirs, issued an order for the sale of the real estate belonging to the Eckart estate, the proceeds of which will be divided among the widow and children according to their respective shares. The property ordered sold will amount to over $200 000

The case of Anna C. Hursh against the Grand Rapids railroad company was begun before Judge Dawson and a struck jury in the superior court this morning. The plaintiff is asking for damages for the death of her husband, he having been killed in an accident on the railroad. Henry Coterick and W P. Breen represent the plaintiff and Judges Zollars and Chapin the defendants

William Tyler and Mollie Dunfee have been licensed to wed.

The great combination sale of draft, road and trotting horses and Galloway cattle at the McKinnie Farm, one and one-half miles south of the city on Calhoun street, will commence at 9:30 sharp tomorrow morning, (Tuesday). Free 'busses will convey parties from the end of the street car line on Calhoun street to the farm.

HOW WILL THIS SUIT YOU?

The Bee Hive will offer tomorrow **50 doz. Ladies Pique Kid Gloves** of our own famous Trefousse Brand, at **75c a pair;** regular $1 25 value. To distribute the quantity among our patrons we will not sell more than three pair to each patron.

M. FRANK & CO.

At the McKinnie Sale.

Tomorrow we will sell two of our high bred Holstein-Fresian cattle, viz. The sixteen months old heifer, Nubia 3rd, and her dam, Nubia 2nd, registry No 6328

HEATON BROS.

Do You Wear Pants?

Do you want good ones at a small price? Friend Dregmeyer can fit you out nicely with goods that look well, wear well, for a moderate price, at the PRINCESS CASH STORE.

A Chance of a Lifetime.

$85.00 buys a good second hand upright piano, large size $10 cash; $5 per month. This instrument may be exchanged for a new piano any time within one year, at the purchase price, and the price of the new piano same as sold for at the present time, providing the purchase is made before the advance in prices which will be soon.

ARCADE MUSIC STORE
I H. CASE, Manager.

Banister School of Music

Begins Monday, Sept 10, at 49 West Berry street

HOUSEKEEPERS,

You can buy of us large size **Hemstitched Huck Towels,** at 15c each; worth, 25c.

M. FRANK & CO., Bee Hive.

WANTED—two good boys for messenger service, at Randall Cycle Co's.

For Sale by Agents.

Handsome relief work of General Anthony Wayne, picture life size, made by Micheal & Blombach. Sample picture can be seen at Scimon Bros.' Book Store, Gross & Pellen's Drug Store, and Weitzmann's Tailor Shop on Calhoun street. Anyone desiring to see a picture may drop a postal card to Chas. E Rikers, 110 West Washington street. 10-6t

Card of Thanks.

MRS. Reuben Bender and children desire THE SENTINEL to return their thanks to the friends, the G. A. R, the Knights of Pythias and the Cigarmakers' union who were so kind to them in the death and funeral of husband and father.

MRS. REUBEN BENDER AND FAMILY.

NOTICE.

Last excursion of the season to Rome City and West Lake, given by the West Lake Fishing Club, Wednesday, September 12th. Tickets good returning on the 13th. Good music and splendid fishing. Tickets, $1.00. 10-2t

Landrum's Academy of Dancing, Morton Club hall. In selecting an academy to place your children, select one where they will not only be taught the latest movements in terpsichore, but where they will receive a thorough training in Deportment, Etiquette, Physical and Acathic body culture. In learning dancing, as in other things, those who start first have the advantage

White Loaf Flour, for sale by all first-class dealers. 19tf

Get your World's Fair books bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

Farnen Dancing Academy

Has entered its sixth year. Classes for this year have been arranged as follows:

Beginners, Monday and Thursday evenings. Waltz given particular attention.

Advanced, Tuesday and Friday. In this class all the latest dances adopted by the Dancing Masters' associations will be taught Children classes Saturday afternoon, 3 to 4:30. Social, 4:30 to 5:00.

For further particulars call at hall, third floor in Foster block, at any time. 1-tf

Look out for Shetland Ponies at McKinnie's sale. 9-2t

International Business College, corner of Calhoun and Washington streets, fall term opens Monday, September 3d. Make arrangements now. Office open evenings. T. L. Staples, pres. 15-tf

The sale of Horses at the McKinnie Farm will take place Tuesday, Sept. 11, at 9:30 a. m. 9 2t

Home Seekers' Excursions.

September 11th, 25th, and October 9th, the Wabash will sell low rate round trip excursion tickets to all points west. Telephone No. 5.

MARRIED TO A SPOOK.

WEALTHY WIDOW BECOMES A GHOST'S BRIDE.

UNCANNY STORY FROM THE ONSET SPIRITUALISTS.

The Bangs Sisters, May and Lizzie, Continue to Startle the Peaceful Residents of a Massachusetts Town—The Spirit Bridegroom.

CHARMING MAY Bangs and her sister, the great spiritualists, who, when at home, reside in Chicago, have lately startled the natives of Onset, Mass. This statement means more than might appear on the surface when it is added that that little town is almost wholly made up of spiritualists. Thither the Bangs sisters hied themselves some weeks ago to take part in the summer assembly of the eastern societies. They made their headquarters at Happy Home cottage, where they were daily visited by pilgrims in search of friends and relatives long since in the "other world." Among those visitors was a rich widow from the far west, who wanted to see her lover, who had been a captain in the United States army. The captain, who came from Maryland, died on the eve of his marriage to the rich widow. For a year she has worn widows' weeds and longed for even a visit from the spirit of her departed lover. Miss Bangs informed her that she could not only produce the captain's spirit, but that

MAY BANGS.

the marriage ceremony that had been cut off by death would be performed in Happy Home cottage A few days ago an item was given out for publication to the effect that the ceremony had been effectually performed some days before. In speaking of it May Bangs said:

"I materialized the form and the lover came out of the cabinet attired in the uniform of an army officer. The premises had been previously examined to prove that there was no mortal about The materialized spirit asked that the curtain be drawn for a while to shut off the front parlor. The bride wanted him to put on her slipper, and he did.

"Only a faint light shone through from the room where the minister and others were waiting. He kissed her numerous times. The bride was in a new wedding dress. Then the materialized spirit lover requested that the marriage ceremony be performed, and the request was granted. He placed a ring on her finger. They were together a long time that evening."

The reporter who investigated the spiritual marriage had heard from other sources of such a matrimonial event, and from two different persons he had heard that the woman in the case was from the west, that she was wealthy, well educated, and a woman of refinement She is said to be a firm believer in spiritualism and has long known the Bangs sisters, Lizzie and May. She is about 35, short in stature, plump in form and dresses elegantly. Another account of the wedding from the lips of one who claims to have possession of facts is this:

"On the night of Aug. 8, which was Wednesday, everything was ready for this strange ceremony, and the wedding party, consisting of about half a dozen persons, was within the walls

LIZZIE BANGS.

of Happy Home cottage, which is but a few rods distant from the grove where all the big spiritualistic meetings are held. Miss — who was to be married to one who had passed away had purchased flowers, and with her own hands had decorated the rooms Curtains covered the windows just as at a seance. A single dim light was burning in the parlor—just a candle in a box, the tiny flame being subdued by blue glass.

"Lizzie Bangs and the minister were to be seen in this front room next to the street, surrounded by the floral display of ferns and lilies. A chess cloth had been hung across the double doorway which led into the cabine room behind.

"May Bangs came tripping down the stairs and entered the dark little apartment where the spirits first made their appearance. She was followed by the bride, who took a seat in the cabinet room and awaited the appearance of the spirit who was to become her husband. May Bangs materialized the form of a late captain of the army, who, when in life, hailed from Maryland.

An ordained minister then went through the marriage service, and at the close declared the couple to be husband and wife. When the minister, who is a woman, at present in Vermont, finished, she was heard to say that she hoped it was really a materialized spirit that was married, for if it was a man in earth life he was married sure enough.

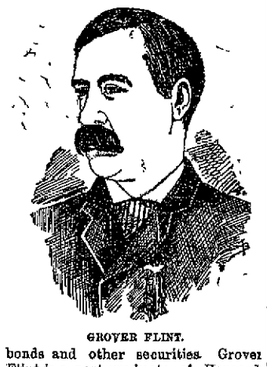
The strange marriage has been the talk of Onset for some time, but, as most of those there are deep-dyed spiritualists, they think it nothing unusual.

This case recalls with a difference the famous spirit marriage in the family of the late George D. Carroll, once of Dempsey & Carroll, the New York stationers, who wasted much of his substance on a medium named Fanny Stryker. Carroll had lost a young son, and though the medium never materialized the youth for him she did act as priestess in a "spirit marriage" between the boy and "Bright Eyes," a ghost with no family name. Elaborate engraved invitations for the ceremony were sent out, and the priestess officiated in white uncut velvet. The older Carroll died recently in comparative poverty, and the medium buried him.

WEALTH LOVES THE BRAVE.

Grover Flint, a Private, Falls Heir to a Big Sum.

The war department has granted a discharge to Grover Flint, a private in A troop of the United States cavalry stationed at Fort Meyer, to allow him to become possesor of a fortune that is estimated at $500,000. The young man, whose baptismal name was Flint Grover, is a son of the famous Major-General Grover of Maine, who served with distinction during the late war. His mother was a daughter of Austin Flint of New York. In his babyhood the boy's mother died, and his grandmother adopted him with the understanding he should become a joint heir with his uncle, Dr. Austin Flint, Jr., of New York. Under these circumstances his surname and given name were transposed. He enlisted in the cavalry with the idea of becoming an officer under the law that allows privates to rise to commissions. He was in the army for two years and had passed the preliminary examination for his commission, and recently would have taken his last examination at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., had not his grandmother died in Boston a short time ago, leaving him the greater part of her fortune. The exact value of the estate can not be ascertained, but it is believed by those who know the affairs of Mrs. Flint that it will amount to upward of $500,000, as there is a mansion in Fifth avenue, New York, a mansion in Boston and large investments in



GROVER FLINT.

bonds and other securities. Grover Flint is a post graduate of Harvard was for some time an active newspaper correspondent in Paris, and has done some literary work.

Heir to a Big Estate in Ireland.

Elmer Gilmore, teacher in the public school at Eckerty, Ind, has fallen heir to an estate in County Derry, Ireland, estimated to be worth $3,000,000. The estate descends from an uncle. The fortunate teacher received letters from Mahlon & Ried barristers, Newry, Ireland, requesting him to prove his identity and forward papers, which he has done. Mr Gilmore will leave in a few days to claim his inheritance, accompanied by his bride, to whom he was wedded three days before he received tidings of his fortune.

Lieberkuhn estimates that the extent of respiratory surface in the human lungs is not less than 1,40 square feet.

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36-inch Novelty Dress Goods at 12½c, worth 17c

36-inch Novelty Dress Goods at 17c, worth 25c.

36 inch Novelty Dress Goods at 25c, worth 35c.

40-inch All Wool Novelty Dress Goods at 37½c, worth 50c.

40 inch All Wool Novelty Dress Goods at 48c, worth 62½c.

40-inch English Cheviots at 48c, worth 62½c.

We are showing some special big bargains in Black Dress Goods.

We have a few more of those samples of Fall Underwear left, which we are selling at such low prices.

We have put on sale a lot of Damask Towels at such low prices that they will only last a few days; you must see them to appreciate their value.

Through our opening sale we will make a few big cuts in Domestics.

Yard wide Unbleached Muslin at 4c, worth 5c.

4c Canton flannel reduced from 5c

All our best fancy Dress Prints reduced to 5c.

A lot of All Silk Windsor Ties at 12½c, worth 25c.

If you are in need of an Ingrain Carpet this fall come to the Boston Store, we can save you from 10 to 15c on every yard.

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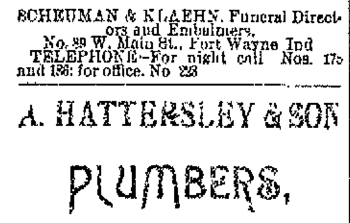

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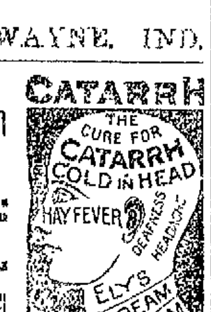

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The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 11, 1894

Democratic State Ticket.

Judge of Supreme Court, First District—GEORGE F. REINHARD.
Judge of Supreme Court, Fourth District—JOSEPH S. DAILEY.
Secretary of State—WILLIAM R. MYERS.
Auditor of State—JOSEPH T. FANNING.
Treasurer of State—MORGAN CHANDLER.
Attorney General—FRANCIS M. GRIFFITHS.
Clerk of the Supreme Court—C. W. WELLMAN.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—CHARLES W. THOMAS.
State Statistician—ALEXANDER FULTON.
State Geologist—ELI T. JORDAN.

Democratic County Ticket.

State Senator—THOMAS E. ELLISON.
State Representatives—LOUIS J. BOBILYA, GEORGE V. KELL, CHARLES DALMAN.
Judge of Superior Court—C. M. DAWSON.
Judge Circuit Court—EDWARD O'ROURKE.
Prosecuting Attorney—N. D. DOUGHMAN.
Clerk of Courts—HARRY M. METZGAR.
Auditor—CLARENCE LOSAIL.
Recorder—W. A. REICHELDERFER.
Treasurer—L. C. HUNTER.
Sheriff—EDWARD CLAUSMEIER.
Coroner—DR. M. HARROD.
Surveyor—CHAS. W. BRANSTRATTOR.
Commissioners—J. H. STELLHORN, M. A. FERGUSON, SILVANUS F. BAKER.

Wayne Township Ticket.

Trustee—M. F. SCHMETZER.
Assessor—M. T. WALSH.
Justices of the Peace—H. F. FRANCE, M. H. BOHEN, MICHAEL FANCEY, L. P. HUSER.
Constables—CHRISTOPHER KELLY, C. W. LINDSLEY, B. F. JOHNSON, FREDERICK ROMBKE.

TONIGHT.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Lecture by Mrs Calkins on "Christian Womanhood."
TEACHERS' INSTITUTE—Lecture by Rev. Leeper on "The Wonderland of the Rockies."
CITY COUNCIL—Regular meeting.
TRADES UNIONS—Railway Trainmen; Railway Carmen; Stonemasons.
LODGES—A. O. U. W. Nos. 2 and 11, D. of H.; Fort Wayne Lodge No 116, K. of P.; Pythian Sisters, Sons of St. George, Darius council, Princes of Jerusalem, Lincoln commandery No. 8, Colored Masons; Deborah lodge No. 110, D of R.

Be on Guard.

The cholera will bear watching. It is steadily moving westward. It exists in nineteen Russian provinces, where deaths by the hundred occur daily. It is prevalent in Galicia, where the mortality list is constantly increasing. In east Prussia, especially in Dantzic, the situation grows worse in spite of the closing of the frontier at Golub, on the river Drewenz, opposite Dobrozyn, Poland. According to official report cholera bacilli have been found floating in the river Vistula and a number of fatal cases are also privately reported from Holm and Golub. The rest of Germany appears to be free from cholera, although a few sporadic cases have occurred here and there. It is not too early for the people of this country to take note of the advance of the plague in Europe. Here, at Fort Wayne, precautionary measures should be taken by every citizen. It may appear at the eastern seaboard, only twenty-four hours away, at any time. The hurry and scurry of two years ago, when the plague ships reached New York harbor, will never again be necessary if we are attentive to the simple and well-known laws of hygiene.

Statistics of Illiteracy.

From the statistics of illiteracy in the United States in 1890, it appears that, of the total population, ten years of age and over, in 1890, 12.4 per cent., or one eighth, were illiterate. Ten years earlier a similar proportion was 17 per cent., or about one sixth, showing an immense reduction in the proportion of illiterates. This reduction has taken place in the ranks of the native born whites and of the colored, while among the foreign born the proportion has increased. Thus, the proportion of illiterates among the native whites was in 1890 6.2 per cent., and in 1880 8.7 per cent. Among the colored the corresponding proportions were 56.1 per cent. and 70 per cent. Among the foreign-born, on the other hand, the proportion of illiterates in 1890 was 13.1 per cent., and in 1880 12 per cent., an increase to be accounted for by the excessive immigration of the decade and by the character of much of that immigration, which consisted of the lower classes of southern and eastern Europe—Italians, Huns, Poles and Bohemians. The illiteracy of the country is, therefore, mainly represented by the foreign-born and the colored elements, and by the latter in much greater degree than the former. Considering the entire population, the states in which illiteracy is most prevalent are those of the south. Mason and Dixon's line, the Ohio river and the Thirty-seventh parallel of latitude separate the literate from the illiterate states. North of that line the proportion of illiteracy ranges from 3.1 in Nebraska up to 12.8 in Nevada. South of that line it ranges from 14.6 in the District of Columbia to 45.8 in Louisiana, if we except Oklahoma, which was largely settled from Kansas and carried Kansas education with it. Indeed, throughout the cotton states the proportion ranges high, being 40 per cent. in Mississippi, 41 in Alabama, nearly 40 in Georgia and 45 in South Carolina. In the northern states, throughout New England and the upper Mississippi valley, the average is between 5 and 6 per cent.

Analysis shows that the colored people of the south measurably affect the foreign born of the north. The distribution of illiteracy among the native whites is in its broader features quite similar to that of the total population. The north contains a very small proportion of illiterates, ranging from 0.8 per cent. in Nevada up to 6.8 in Missouri, while in the south, again leaving Oklahoma out of consideration, the proportion rises from 5.9 in Maryland up to 23.1 per cent. in North Carolina. The proportion of illiterates among the native whites of the western states and territories is smaller than anywhere else, with the exception of New Mexico, where it is larger than in any other state or territory, being not less than 42.8 per cent., owing, of course, to the presence of the large Mexican population. Among the foreign born the proportion ranges in those states where this element is significant from 7 per cent. in Washington up to 26 in New Hampshire. It is very high in New England—much higher than in other of the northern states, owing to the large number of French Canadians. It is low in the west and northwest, where the foreign element mainly consists of Germans and Scandinavians. The colored inhabitants of the northern states have a much smaller proportion of illiterates than those of the southern states. In the north the average is not far from 30 per cent., while in the south it is probably nearly or quite double that proportion. Among the cotton states it ranges from 50 per cent. in Florida to 72 in Louisiana. In Mississippi, Georgia, Alabama and the Carolinas it ranges between 60 and 70 per cent.

Possibilities of Travel.

It is evident that what may be termed electrical science is yet in its infancy, and marvelous will be the revelations that will disclose themselves by the end of the century. But when electricity has to act in conjunction with mechanism, in other words, when electricity is the motor and mechanism the vehicle, the action resulting must fall within the purview of mechanical law, and mechanical action has not that lightning-like character that we associate with electricity. In discussing forthcoming electrical railroads some of the projectors, with more enthusiasm than mechanical knowledge, allow themselves to be sanguine that a speed of trains can be obtained of 200 miles per hour. This would be a speed of a little more than 293 feet per second, and a four inch trolley wheel, if the trolley system be used, would be required to turn at the rate of over 193 revolutions per second.

It will at once be seen that no such velocity could be applicable on anything more than an almost inappreciable curve, but of course a train could be "slowed" in rounding these. But there is not in the present time any known principle of construction for wheel rotation, involving the necessary weights, in which the centrifugal tendency at such a speed would be compatible with safety. Of course it is well understood that, where the reversible feature of piston and crank action can be dispensed with, higher mechanical motion can be secured, and it is true that electrical action far exceeds steam action in quickness, but a law governs mechanical rotation, and the safe limit is passed a considerable time prior to obtaining a speed of 290 feet per second. Even with the present speed of railway trains hot boxes are a frequent and annoying as well as dangerous feature, and, as stated, unless some radical change for the better in the rotary principle is discovered, it will be found that the maximum of speed has been reached in some of our fastest express trains. At all events, it might be well for a time to aim at a speed of 125 miles per hour, as, more than likely, the practical mechanical limit will be found not far beyond the 100-mile gauge.

At a speed of 200 miles per hour a car wheel having a diameter of thirty inches would have to make thirty nine revolutions per second—a rate of rotation that may be set down as entirely beyond the practical limit. It will be understood at once that these high train velocities demand absolute protection of roadway, no compound curves, no depressions or elevation, save the most gradual, involving miles of distance; for this proposed speed is to excel anything in the material line save such bodies as move as projectiles by explosive propulsion.

Shall Woman Bike?

It is a question which threatens to occupy as large a share of public attention as ever the tariff bill itself. Churches, clubs and families have been set by the ears by it. Pages of newspapers are filled with discussion as to whether it is "womanly" for the fair sex to ride a bicycle, the writers evidently forgetting that anything is "womanly" when the majority of the sex make up their minds to do it.

If ever the lady cyclists want a fast and fighting friend, however, they have only to call on the gallant Providence Journal. A recent editorial in that paper, warmly commending the wheel as an athletic exercise for ladies, closes as follows:

> The bicycle has come to stay, and women will continue to ride it because it affords them health and pleasure. Some of them will abuse their newly found privilege in one way or another, but that will not prevent the great majority from using it moderately and well. It is foolish to say that the tendency of the wheel will be to dull the feminine charm in any degree whatsoever. A womanly woman will retain her most attractive characteristics, whatever may be her circumstances, and no added measure of freedom will make her less careful of herself. Those who object to the bicycle for women because it enables them to enjoy a greater liberty should remember that this is the tendency of modern society, and that while that tendency has its evil phase, in the nature of the case, there are attendant advantages which outweigh this altogether.
>
> If we adhere to the old time notion of woman's sphere, there would be no women's college, no women tennis players, no feminine horseback riders, no gymnasiums for the sex. Woman would continue to sit at home and spin or sew, and her cheek would be pale and tender after the ideal of a generation since. It is better for her to get out of doors, to adopt the sports of her brothers, so far as she may without injury or loss of maidenly dignity, and cultivate the ideal damsel in Gilbert and Sullivan's latest opera, whose
>
> "Soul is as sweet as the ocean air,
> For prudery knows no haven there.
> To find mock modesty please apply
> To the conscious blush and the downcast eye."

The royal labor commission in England recommended legislation for labor unions that is exactly in line with a suggestion made by General Superintendent Sullivan of the Illinois Central road to the labor commission. It was in effect to authorize labor unions to be incorporated, so that they could sue and be sued. Then, when either a corporation or its employees broke their contract, they could be held responsible by law. If the unions were incorporated, their funds could be forfeited when members broke their contracts, and the unions could sue when corporations broke contract.

How could the Philadelphia Ledger be guilty of the following—at its age too? "The term 'idiot' is derived from the 'idiota,' by which name the ancient Greeks designated the class that could not vote." It's quite different now.

The term of 11 Democrats and 16 Republicans in the United States senate expire next March.

The United States still has, in spite of the hard times, 3,757 national banks.

TRUE BALLOT REFORM.

Indiana Democracy's Record in This Respect.

How the Legislation of 1889 Was Brought About.

Shameless Abuses of the Old System. Dorsey's Two Dollar Notes and Dudley's "Blocks-of-Five" - Vote Buying as a Fine Art. Republican Game Blocked. Australian Ballot Knocks It Out - Enduring Glory of the Democratic Party.

It is a remarkable fact in the history of the American commonwealths that, while progressing so rapidly in other respects, they have always been singularly backward in matters relating to the exercise of the suffrage. For a free people, who govern themselves by the ballot, the first and most essential requisite would seem to be laws regulating the principles and methods of voting. The ballot is the recorded opinion of the masses. In no other way can the will of the majority be ascertained and the government set in motion. The first step, therefore, in a republic controlled by suffrage would naturally be a law clearly ascertaining the right and providing the means for a fair and honest vote of the enfranchised citizen. Yet it is not too much to say that scarcely a state in the Union, during the first hundred years of the country's history, had a scientific or even decent ballot law. The codes prevailing in most of the states were crude, imperfect, unsatisfactory in operation and often little short of barbarous. The so-called ballot laws led to endless confusion in practice and were fruitful breeders of corruption and oppression. They seemed especially adapted to invite that most insidious and dangerous crime against the life of a republic, the purchase of votes. While nominally secret, the ballot was really open, and the voter was subject to that espionage, intimidation and tampering which is fatal to a fair ascertainment of the popular will. The arrangements for counting and announcing the result were little better than the method of voting. Every facility was afforded the dishonest election officer to play his game of chicane, while the voter outside was left a prey to unprincipled party "workers" and the schemes of designing politicians.

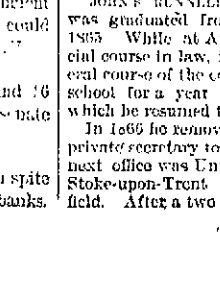
How to remedy this crying abuse was long a subject of earnest thought on the part of many American legislators. Various schemes were devised, but none were satisfactory in operation. The so-called reforms proved inadequate to reach the seat of the evil; the relief was but temporary, and one by one they were abandoned as wholly inadequate to the emergency. At length, unable to invent for themselves, the ballot reformers were forced to go across the world for a hint of the needed law. It was left for the people of the former penal colony of Australia to solve the vexed problem. They invented what has since been widely famed as the Australian ballot law. While not perfect, nor a complete remedy for all abuses, the Australian system is undoubtedly the best yet devised for the purpose. While simple in operation, the results under honest administration are so fair as to satisfy the most exacting. Indiana was among the first of the states of the American Union to adopt this new system. When the Democratic party took charge of the legislature in 1889 one of the first measures introduced was a bill to reform the ballot, modeled on the Australian law. The Republican party opposed it bitterly. Under the old system that party had enjoyed a great advantage. The loose methods and imperfect details afforded facilities for the practice of those abuses in which the Republican party had become an adept and an artist. Under the old laws that shameless traffic in votes, which for years made the name of Indiana a byword and a reproach, had been brought by the Republican party to such a degree of perfection that honest elections were an impossibility under these laws. Dorsey's two-dollar-bill campaign of 1880 converted the whole state into a market for the purchase and sale of votes. Under these laws in 1888 Dudley reduced the "blocks of five" system to a fine art. Our elections for years were roaring farces, when not bloody tragedies, and free government was practically overthrown by the poisoning of its basic principle at the fountain source.

From all these evils the state was rescued by the Democratic ballot law, which first went into operation at the fall election in 1890. Then, for the first time probably since the war, Indiana had an election that was absolutely honest and fair. The humblest citizen was able to vote in perfect secrecy, undeterred by the pestiferous "ticket handler" on the one hand or the partisan intimidator on the other. Crowds of hoodlums no longer assembled around the polls to abash or influence the honest voter. The trade of the vote buyer was abolished and the occupation of the whipper-in was gone. Under the new law it was found practically impossible to bring the power of money to bear to influence votes. Nor can the wealthy employer control his workingmen as formerly, as under the Australian system it is impossible to ascertain how any man casts his ballot. These and other evils were removed, and it is not too much to say that Indiana now enjoys an electoral system that is substantially perfect. Elections being honest and the count fair, the people acquiesce peacefully and cheerfully in the will of the majority as ascertained at the polls. No longer is the bitter complaint heard that "the state was bought" or "the count was not honest," which cries constituted the aftermath of every general election held in the state from the 60's to the 90's. It is the enduring glory of the Democratic party that it placed this great law on the statute book and thereby rescued the state from the incalculable evils incident to a corrupted suffrage. Not only was it the greatest of reforms itself, but it was the fruitful parent of other great reforms which depend for realization upon an honest system of voting. Had the Democratic party done no more in all its later career, the passage of the Australian ballot law would alone entitle it to the lasting gratitude of the people of Indiana.

PULLMAN'S LEGAL ADVISER.

John S. Runnells, Who Looks After the Palace Car Company's Law Business.

John Sumner Runnells, the legal adviser of George M. Pullman, has won considerable reputation as lawyer, orator and politician during his 49 years of existence. He is a native of New Hampshire and a son of Rev. John Runnells, a Baptist clergyman. His ancestors were among the early settlers of New England, and his great grandfather was the last survivor of the battle of Bunker Hill. He was born in Effingham and was graduated from Amherst college in 1865. While at Amherst he took a special course in law, in addition to the general course of the college. He then taught school for a year in Dover, N. Y., after which he resumed the study of law.



JOHN S. RUNNELLS.

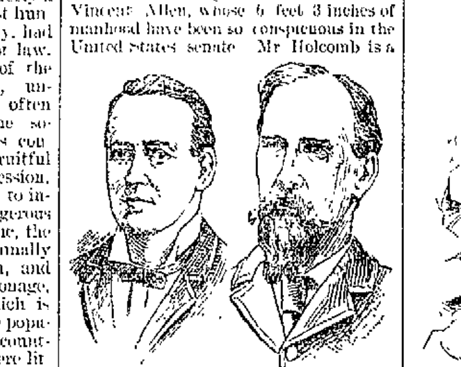
In 1866 he removed to Iowa and became private secretary to Governor Merrill. His next office was United States consul at Stoke-upon-Trent under President Garfield. After a two years' sojourn abroad he returned to Iowa and resumed the practice of his profession. In 1875 he was elected supreme court reporter of Iowa, and in 1881 he began a four years' term as United States district attorney. Meantime he had not been idle in politics. In 1879 and 1880 he was chairman of the Iowa state central Republican committee, and from 1880 to 1884 he was a member of the national Republican committee.

He had made corporation law his specialty in his profession and had attracted such favorable attention that he became attorney for the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Wabash, Des Moines and Northwestern and other railroads, and also did legal business for the Western Union, American Express company and the Whisky trust. His knowledge of corporation and trust law led him to remove to Chicago in 1888 and become the legal adviser of the Pullman Palace Car company. He has had little to do with politics since he became a resident of Chicago, but he occasionally makes speeches for the Republican party during state and national campaigns. He has been president of the Marquette club and belongs to numerous other social and political organizations in Chicago. He is a capital after dinner speaker, and his wit and eloquence have entertained numerous audiences. In 1889 he delivered the dedicatory address at the opening of the Chicago Auditorium. Mr. Runnells was married in 1869 to Miss Helen R. Baker, daughter of ex-Governor Baker of New Hampshire. They have three daughters and one son.

MAJORS VERSUS HOLCOMB.

The Rival Republican and Populist Candidates For Governor of Nebraska.

Silas A. Holcomb, the Populist nominee for governor of Nebraska, is a giant in stature. He towers 6 feet 2 inches into the air, and as he is built in proportion he is a man of magnificent physique, resembling in this respect the Hon. William Vincent Allen, whose 6 feet 3 inches of manhood have been so conspicuous in the United States senate. Mr. Holcomb is a native of Gibson county, Ind., and is 36 years of age. Last year the Populists nominated him for justice of the supreme court, but he met with defeat. He resides in Broken Bow and is a well known lawyer and judge of the district court.



SILAS A. HOLCOMB. THOMAS J. MAJORS.

Thomas J. Majors, the Republican candidate for governor and present lieutenant governor of Nebraska, was born in Jefferson county, Ills., 55 years ago. He attended the common schools until he was 18 and then went to work. He spent some time at Pike's Peak and in 1859 removed to Nebraska, where he has since remained. When Fort Sumter was fired upon, Majors entered the First Nebraska infantry and served five years, three of which were in the south.

Upon his return to Nebraska in 1866 he was elected a member of the territorial council, and when statehood was conferred upon Nebraska he was sent to the first and second sessions of the new state senate. During the first session he introduced and assisted in passing bills locating state normal schools and attended one of them for a year. President Grant appointed Majors collector of internal revenue for the district including Nebraska, an office he held for five years. Since then he has been one of the most active politicians in the state.

In 1880 Majors was elected a "contingent member" of the Forty seventh congress, and he had a bill introduced in congress the following year awarding him the seat on the ground that the state census of 1872 entitled Nebraska to another congressman. The special committee of the house of representatives decided against the claim of Majors, however, and he failed to get the seat. Since then he has served two terms in the state senate and two in the house. Four years ago he was placed on the Republican ticket for the office of lieutenant governor by the state central committee in place of the regular nominee, who failed to qualify, and was elected to the office he now occupies.

Sang Into the Queen's Favor.

Queen Victoria's newest maid of honor, Miss Majendie, owes her entrance to royal favor to a curious chance. She happened to be singing in a church choir when the queen was present at divine service, and her majesty was so greatly pleased with the fresh sweetness of the girl's face and voice that she invited her to fill the place coveted by the young girls of the English aristocracy.

Precocious Little Louise Lease.

Louise Lease, the 11 year-old daughter of Mary Lease, shows that she has inherited many of the traits of her mother. In Topeka the other day she gathered 100 boys of the reform school under the trees and lectured them, telling them they ought to behave. At the conclusion she announced she would be a candidate for president some day and wanted them to vote for her.

A Persuasive Agent.

If you don't believe that insurance agents are artists, read the following:

A Camden agent tackled a friend for a $5,000 policy, the beauties of which he dwelt upon with a persistency which charmed the victim. The agent talked and charmed and talked and charmed until he had quite won him over.

"There's the pen and here's the contract. Put your name right down."

The victim took the pen hesitatingly.

"Write your name boldly," cajoled the agent.

And the victim's hand went a little closer to the paper.

"A glorious act!"

And the pen was on the paper. In another instant the fateful name would be written.

"Won't your wife and little ones be grateful?"

The victim's hand flew up like a flash.

"Well, I'll be blanked! I've got no wife and little ones. What the deuce was I thinking about? What a narrow escape! My wife's been dead 10 years, and the youngsters are all married."—Philadelphia Call.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney and Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
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HER PRIVATE LIFE.

How Little We Know of Each Other's Affairs.

Troubles and Trials Which We Keep to Ourselves.

Some Good Reasons Why it is Wise to Tell Our Experiences.

A story of great suffering comes from Middlesex, Vt. Mrs. B. A. Stockwell, a well known lady residing there, has endured the most intense agony from headaches. She continued to suffer frightfully without obtaining relief. Finally a friend who had recovered from a similar complaint told her just what to do to be cured.

She is now well and wants every suffering woman to know about it. Here is her remarkable letter:

"About a year and a half ago," she says," I had a time of very severe headaches, which, while they lasted, were so bad that I could not sit up. They lasted from one to two days—generally two—and after I got over them I was completely prostrated. I tried many remedies, but could not find anything to relieve me. I became fearfully discouraged and down-hearted and feared I should never get well.

MRS. B. A. STOCKWELL

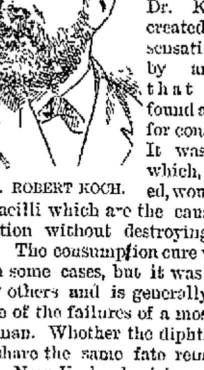
"I finally began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and in a very short time was much better. I am now entirely cured; thanks to this wonderful medicine. I desire to recommend it to everyone who is suffering from any complaint, for I know that it will cure them."

People everywhere are suffering from disease, when if they would use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy they would be cured. If you, reader, have headache, pain in any part, or any symptom of nervous or chronic disease take this great remedy and you will be made perfectly well. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th street, New York, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

DR. KOCH'S DISCOVERIES

Career of the Great Bacteriologist Who Believes He Can Cure Diphtheria.

Dr. Robert Koch, who is reported to have discovered a lymph or antitoxine that will cure diphtheria provided it is applied within 36 hours, is the same Dr. Koch who created a great sensation in 1890 by announcing that he had found a sure cure for consumption. It was a fluid which, if injected, would destroy the bacilli which are the cause of consumption without destroying the patient. The consumption cure was effective in some cases, but it was useless in many others and is generally regarded as one of the failures of a most remarkable man. Whether the diphtheria cure will share the same fate remains to be seen. New York physicians believe in its efficacy, and Dr. Cyrus Edson has asked the state board of health for an appropriation of $30,000 to carry on experimental work on the lines indicated by Dr. Koch.



DR. ROBERT KOCH.

The great German bacteriologist was born in Clausthal, in the Harz mountains, Dec. 11, 1843. He was a precocious student and was graduated from the University of Gottingen in 1866 and then became an assistant in the Hamburg hospital. From 1872 until 1880 he was medical inspector at Wattstein, where he began his bacterioscopic examinations of infections and made such important discoveries that he was made a member of the imperial board of health of Berlin. In 1882 he discovered the bacillus of tuberculosis and a year later led the German cholera expedition to Egypt and India, where he discovered that the cholera bacillus was the real source of cholera poison.

Upon his return to Germany in 1884 he was honored by a donation of 100,000 marks and was the lion of the hour. The following year he was elected professor of the medical faculty of Berlin and director of the new hygienic institute of the university. He has six brothers and two married sisters now living in the United States and Mexico. Dr. Koch's custom is to rise about 9 o'clock and work until 2, when he enjoys a ride. He then devotes four more hours to the study of bacilli. In the evening he entertains his friends. Last year his wife procured a divorce, and he was ordered to pay her one-fourth of his income. The doctor then married a young actress.

HOW TO TAKE CARE OF A STOVE.

Clean Each Different Part According to the Metal Therein.

The various parts of a stove require careful treatment if it is to be kept shining and bright. Once a month is often enough to apply blacking to a stove, provided the kitchen is kept clean. If something is spilled on the stove, it should be cleaned off at once and not allowed to burn in. A heavy flannel rag should be kept on hand for this purpose. In case of a very obstinate grease spot a very little kerosene may be used. Where sirup or anything of a sugary nature is spilled it is probably the best way to let it burn to a char and then take it up.

It is unavoidable that a little grease should fall on the stove in broiling unless there is a regular broiling arrangement attached to the stove. In such a case the grease must be wiped off the instant the broiling ceases with a heavy flannel cloth kept for the purpose. Otherwise it will burn in and make an ugly and unseemly stain.

In blacking the stove at the monthly blacking remove the nickel work. This is easily done, as it is merely screwed on. Black the stove thoroughly, dampening the blacking if convenient with a little coffee rather than water. After applying the wet blacking with one brush to a small portion of the stove polish it off with a dry brush, and after the whole stove has been polished in this way rub and polish it with a chamois kept for the purpose or a clean cotton cloth. This last process removes the dust of the blacking. No patent blackings which have been invented to do away with the labor of polishing can be recommended as durable. They require to be continually renewed and do not take the place of the old fashioned blacking.

After the stove has been fully blacked and polished the nickel work should be cleaned bright with whiting and put back in place. If the stove has ground polished edges, as most of the best stoves have, do not polish them with blacking, but clean them bright with sapolio.

HOW TO CARE FOR THE FEET.

Attend to Them Assiduously Through the First Hot Weather.

The boots and shoes for summer wear should be a half size larger than those worn during winter. If possible, shoes should be worn in warm days, as they leave the ankle free and the circulation better. If boots must be worn, they should not be very high, and extremely pointed toes and really high heels should never even be thought of by any one who values peace of mind and comfort. The leather for summer should be light, but not too thin, and brown in preference to black.

The evil effects of tight lacing will be very soon realized by the woman who has tender feet. The undue compression adds tenfold to the pain, and very often the ankles, even of young girls who are silly enough to sacrifice their well being for the sake of having a waist of 18 inches, are so swelled and inflamed by the end of the day that they are utterly shapeless.

Soak the feet well in tepid water to which a little ammonia has been added, and as the water gets cold pour in a little more hot to keep up the temperature. After drying the feet rub them gently and thoroughly with the following mixture:

Add one ounce of the best linseed oil to the same quantity of limewater, shake the bottle in which the ingredients are until a mixture about the thickness of cream is produced; then pour in half a dram of spirits of camphor, shake again, and it is ready for use. The feet, after being rubbed, should be wrapped in soft linen for a little while and then powdered with boracic acid before the stockings are replaced. In the event of the feet and ankles being in a very inflamed condition, after soaking them, as I have described, apply an arnica lotion, which will soon allay the discomfort. This is made by adding 20 drops of tincture of arnica to half a cupful of tepid water. Saturate a piece of lint sufficiently large to envelop the entire foot with the lotion, cover it with a piece of oiled silk and rest for an hour or two.

How to Attend to Blankets.

Never wash blankets. Air them as often as possible, and if possible for 24 hours. Shake them well whenever a bed is vacated, and until put back on the bed let them hang open wherever they can best get the air. Once a year or less send them to the cleaner, and they will stand several years of use if treated in this way. Never turn down bed coverlets and leave the blankets exposed. The rough surface is a ready receptacle for dust, etc. Blankets, no matter how well washed, become harder and heavier. Lightness, cleanliness and warmth without weight are the secrets of comfortable rest.

How to Attend to a Lawn.

The beauty of a lawn depends largely on the neatness with which it is kept. Dead leaves, rubbish and refuse of all kinds should be kept from disfiguring its surface. Lawn rakes are made of bent wire, which take up everything which may be scattered over the grass without in the least injuring its roots, as is done by an iron toothed rake. A lawn mower is also necessary. For small yards one with a narrow cut will do, but on larger grounds one with a wider swath is advisable, as it greatly expedites the labor of properly caring for the lawn.

Do not spread coarse fertilizers over the lawn, as the fertilizing properties are dissipated and wasted in winter by the action of the elements. Very little nutriment from it reaches the soil, and as a protection it is valueless. In the spring scatter bone meal or some such concentrated fertilizer over the soil as soon as the grass shows a tendency to begin to grow.

How to Make Ordinary Cloth Waterproof.

In a pail of soft water put a half pound of sugar of lead (the acetate of lead) and a half pound of alum. Stir this at intervals until it becomes clear, then pour it off into another pail and put the garments therein and let them stand for 24 hours. Then hang up to dry without wringing. Garments treated thus can be worn in the wildest storm of wind or rain without the wearer getting even damp. The rain hangs in globules upon the cloth, and cloth that is waterproof is better and more healthy than rubber goods.

How Purple Became the Royal Color.

Purple was selected as the color for royalty because of its enormous cost and rarity. The only purple known to the ancients was the Tyrian purple, which was obtained in minute quantities only from a Mediterranean species of shellfish called the murex. In the time of Cicero wool double dyed with this color was so excessively dear that a single pound weight cost a thousand denarii, or about $175. A single murex only yielded a little drop of the secretion; consequently very large numbers had to be taken in order to obtain enough to dye even a small amount of wool. Among the nations of antiquity there were some with whom it was death for any one except the sovereign or supreme judges to wear garments dyed with Tyrian purple. Upon the accession of Julius Cæsar a law was passed forbidding any private person to wear it.

How to Make Orange Chips.

Cut the oranges in quarters and carefully squeeze all juice through a sieve. Soak the peel in water, and the next day boil until tender. Drain and slice the peel, put it into the juice, weigh as much sugar and put all together into a broad earthen dish. Place over the fire at a moderate distance, often stirring till the chips candy and then put them in a cold room to dry. They will not be sufficiently dry in three weeks.

How to Relieve Moist Hands.

Ninety grains of eau de cologne and 15 grains of belladonna is an excellent lotion, after the use of which dust with powdered alum.

Beware of Cheap, worthless Imitations.

Ask for Simmons Liver Regulator. Recollect that for malaria, billiousness, dyspepsia, constipation and headache it has no equal.

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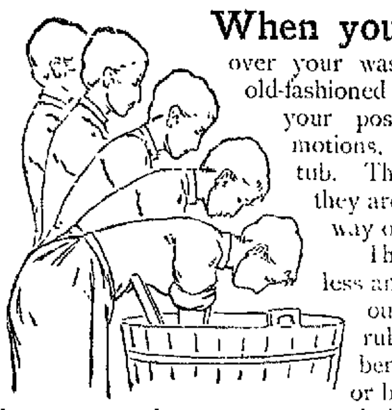
When you're Rubbing



over your washboard, in that painful, old-fashioned way, these are some of your positions. Just try these motions, up and down, without the tub. That will prove how hard they are. Then try Pearline's way of washing.

That will prove how needless and absurd they are. Without the washboard and the rubbing on it, and without bending over the wash-tub or bobbing up and down over it—you save the wear to your clothes and the work for your back. That's Pearline's way. Directions on every package.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back*. 300 JAMES PYLE, New York

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THE SPIRIT HUSBAND

At last my dear friend lay dying while Norma held one of his hands, I the other. What else was there for him to do, since Norma would not marry him? And yet, if a woman ever loved a man she loved him; and as I sat and studied these two wretched mortals—he dying of poison administered by his own hand in a moment of rash desperation because she had refused to marry him, and she tortured by an inconceivable agony of consciousness that she was the cause of the tragedy and that in a sense his blood was upon her head, and that in his death she was losing all that life held precious for her, as I studied the strange and tragic incongruities that mingled with the other world shadows which flitted about the room, I wondered, hardened physician though I was, at the variety of human perversity and the suffering that issues from it. Here, I reflected, was a girl, not a child, blessed with an uncommon array of gifts—a soul as wholesome and pure as the odor of roses, a mind both broad and strong, both wise and intelligent, a heart filled with all the tender charms which make their possessor a benefaction to the race, and a person winsome and beautiful; yet through one of these unaccountable whims which mark the best of her sex as the easiest victims of fanaticism, she had placed in her heaven a guiding star that glowed dull with an ugly crimson that night.

I had exhausted the resources of my skill to save my friend's life, for I loved the brave, petulant, kindly lad; and when I realized that all was in vain and heard his confession, I had summoned her in order that she might suffer, in seeing him die, all the cruelest tortures that life could hold for one so sensitive as she. So there she sat in the dim light, holding his hand and looking steadily, unwaveringly into his pain-drawn face and staring eyes, her own face blanched, her own eyes expressing the agony which I was joyed to see. No words passed between them. At last he shivered, closed his eyes and sighed wearily and then all was over.

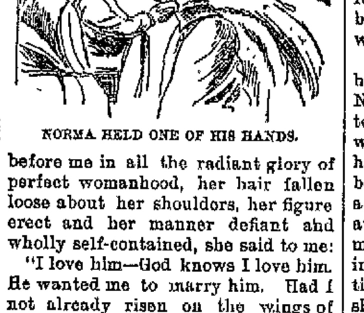
I laid down the limp hand, passed around the bed to the side at which Norma sat, and touched her arm. Her head had sunk upon the bed, but her hand still held her dead lover's tightly. Seeing her thus so crushed and hopeless, the mean revenge which I had gratified yielded to pity. I unclasped her rigid fingers, gently raised her to her feet, and led her, weak and staggering, to a lounge, where she sat with her head bowed and her hands clasped between her knees. Then I placed a screen to shield my dead friend from her view, seated myself beside her, took her hands in mine and said:

"Heaven has been kind in assuming the task of administering to you a punishment for which human hands would have been inadequate. The gallows cannot reach you, but God has condemned you to live."

This roused her. She turned upon me her great brown eyes, dry, hard, and unrepenting, and calmly answered:

"Then, if God has punished me, by what right do you assume to be His executioner? I want none of your preaching. I suffer, but my conscience is clear."

This amazing speech confounded me, but not so much as did her following words. Rising and standing



NORMA HELD ONE OF HIS HANDS.

before me in all the radiant glory of perfect womanhood, her hair fallen loose about her shoulders, her figure erect and her manner defiant and wholly self-contained, she said to me:

"I love him—God knows I love him. He wanted me to marry him. Had I not already risen on the wings of knowledge to the upper air in which wisdom and purity dwell, I should have yielded, through my love, to the grossness with which an all-wise maker has seen fit to manacle the nobler things within us; I should have been married to him, and we should have bred like animals, and lived in sordidness and pain, growing grosser and more sordid every day in the disgust or weariness which such a companionship must bring in time, groveling lower in the dust which God has been pleased to place so thick at our feet, sinking instead of soaring, and finally dying without souls! I loved your friend too well to marry him."

She paused, looked down upon me with a scornful yet pitying glance from burning eyes, and I was speechless.

"Yes. I loved him—loved him infinitely better than all else in this world. I loved him too well to destroy him by becoming his wife. But now I am free to marry him and with God's help I will."

She strode out and sent a messenger somewhere in haste, and then returned to me and again stood before me, regarding me with those blazing eyes, from which shown a light not of this earth.

"I have sent," said she, "for a priest of my faith, who has power both to summon the departed and to unite the dead and the living in holy wedlock. Your friend can be my husband now, his abode somewhere, everywhere, but with God always; my abode here, until such pleasant time as God may rid me of the gross flesh and the grosser qualities which bear it company, and then—and then—we shall dwell together forever, my husband and I, in the very presence of God, doing good upon earth, through all eternity, if we may—doing nothing but good, and enjoying an unsullied, undying love for each other such as no mortal could experience. Do you not understand," she cried, clutching my shoulder, "that the hand of God may have been in my refusal and in your friend's death? Who are you, that, having never seen the light, pretends to know?"

Fearing in my reason that she was mad, but feeling in my heart that I stood within the presence of one of those awful mysteries which Providence discloses to the very few only to whom it has been given to understand them, I made no protest, for my tongue had lost its offices and my purposes were astray. I had known that this strange girl had delved deep into the secrets of the after life and of the unknown conditions which encompass us in the flesh; I had known that she had steadfastly pursued her course in the face of ridicule, when I felt that she ought to have received compassion; and sometimes I had wondered if really there might not be mortals so strangely endowed—but at this juncture a grave, gray man entered the room. I had seen him before, and had heard much about him. He was a famous "medium," whom some people feared and others ridiculed. Norma introduced us.

"My friend," she said, laying her hand upon his arm, "summon the spirit of my lover, whose body lies there and make us man and wife."

"Sister," replied the grave man, gently, "does he wish to marry you?"

"He did in the flesh, brother. We loved each other. If he does not wish to marry me he will inform you; but I know that now, since his passing to the other life has cleared his vision and made him understand my heart, he loves me infinitely better than before, and will gladly marry me. His friend, who sits here, will witness the marriage."

Then by rappings and other devices, the medium (so they both believed) brought back the spirit of my friend. Questions were asked and answered, my friend responding through the mediumship of the grave, gray man (so he declared), that he loved Norma, and desired more fondly than ever to marry her. It would be tiresome to repeat the words of the marriage ceremony (which was performed), or the tender exchanges of speech between husband and wife which followed the marriage; nor do I deem it good taste to express any opinion on the subject, preferring merely to report what I saw and heard. But I cannot refrain from saying that the look of womanly sweetness and happiness in Norma's face surpassed in simple beauty and purity all that I had ever seen in the faces of brides who had married living men. The light of heaven shone in her glorious brown eyes, and a "peace that passeth understanding" sat like a coronet of pearls upon her brow.

After it was all over the grave man placed his hand upon her head:

"My sister," said he, "this has all been the work of the Most High. The light in your eyes tells me that henceforth you can communicate with the departed; this will bring you in constant companionship with your spirit husband; and, aided by the advice which his now superior wisdom will enable him to give you in your work for the good of humanity, you will become one of the great and good women of the world."

Still I will express no opinion, but how strangely has it all come true! Norma (known by no other name) is to-day one of the most famous and widely loved of the noble women who have given over their lives to the benefit of humanity. I saw her last a few years ago, but the strange scene at my dead friend's bedside was not mentioned. Her brown hair is graying now, but there is still in her beautiful eyes the ineffable light which shone in them that night. Her sweetness and grace are matchless, and the greatest regret of my life is that I cannot be always near her, to sit humbly at her feet and hear the words of gentle wisdom and unbounded compassion which fall from her lips.

Newspaper Work in Japan.

Editing a newspaper in Japan is evidently rather a difficult matter. One native journal recently appeared with a large blank space, for which the editor apologized by stating that at the last moment he found that what he had written for that space was entirely wrong, and must be left out. Accordingly he had no time to obtain matter to fill the vacant columns.

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WANTED

WANTED Canvassers Call at 10 Broad way 10 7t

WANTED—A kitchen girl at 47 W Wayne street References required tf

WANTED Good girl for general house work at 91 E Washington street 8-11

WANTED Woman to go to Florida for the winter as nurse for infant Call mornings between 8 and 10 at 25 W Lewis street 10 1

WANTED—Smart lady agents can make good pay to sell my goods to no lackeys Samples free Wm Rippes manufacturer Cincinnati O 6-6t

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—What have you to offer for a house and lot in Huntington Ind good street Value $1000 C R Reman City 5 tf

WANTED- Washing ironing and house cleaning or other work suitable for a woman to do Address Mrs Elizabeth Hazzard No 61 Hayden street 12 tf

WANTED Men to solicit life insurance for the Covenant Mutual Benefit Association of Galesburg Ill Liberal contracts to good men Call or address L A Knight manager, 161 W Creighton ave t t

WANTED—Good business or residence property in exchange for vacant lots Will assume encumbrances or pay cash difference for the right sort of improved property John Dreibelbiss 3 and 4 Pixley Long Block 19-1m

CASH GIVEN AWAY—$1000 00 will be awarded in eighty four cash awards for correct replies to our mix up Send addressed envelope for the mix up to the Elore ence Medicine Co St Paul Minn 13&wlt

OHIO MILITARY INSTITUTE. High Class School for boys Prepares for College or Business Illustrated Catalogue Dudley Emerson, A.M., Pres., College Hill Cincinnati, O.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms at 11 Clinton Street New Lewis 6 t eod

FOR RENT—Dwelling No 112 East Berry street all modern improvements Inquire at 140 East Berry 2 tf

FOR RENT Nicely furnished room two squares from Calhoun street Inquire at 81 E Washington street 29 tf od

FOR RENT—A furnished room or suite of rooms good location Inquire at Ithman Book and News Co 91 Calhoun St 21 tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms to gentlemen only All modern conveniences Rent reasonable 144 East Washington street 9-tmo

FOR RENT—New house with five rooms also cottage with five rooms, both have good cellars well cistern and gas at 77 Hoagland ave Inquire at 79 Hoagland ave 29 tf

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms centrally located being only 10 minutes walk to Court house water and gas in same suitable for man and wife for light housekeeping 177 Griffith street 16 tf

FOR RENT—Dwellings 37 and 501 Lafayette St dwelling 209 Harrison and 33 Brackenridge streets dwelling 8 and 10 Locust st rooms 2nd floor corner Fairfield avenue and Locust street 1 room dwelling St Marys avenue dwellings Nos 21 and 25 Brandriff street large two story brick dwelling Spy Run avenue dwelling 112 East Berry street modern improvements flat No 18 Harrison street 2nd floor bath and closet a nice cosy dwelling 24 Jones street a few fine dwellings on West Superior street a good 5-room dwelling on Prospect avenue a good dwelling and stable on Billes avenue 6 room dwelling No 77 North Cass street

SCHRADER & WILSON, 1st floor, No. 7 Court St.

FOR SALE

FOR TRADE OR SALE—160 acres of fine western land near city of 4 500 inhabitants Will exchange for city real estate or most any kind of property in Allen county Address Western Land care of Sentinel jul17d&wlm

FOR SALE—Or trade for other property of less value in this city Drug stock store building with two lots attached too and fine residence near the store building both properties are supplied with city water and natural gas The location is the best in the eastern part of the city Call or address at 57 Holton avenue 21 tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—By the Fort Wayne Land and Improvement Co a six room cottage rent $12 50 per month or will sell on monthly payments of $18 per month House is situated in Lakeside three blocks east from bridge Apply at office of the Land and Improvement Co Room No 12 Pixley & Long block

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

Twenty five houses and lots for sale or trade on farms also one 400 acre farm to sell or exchange for city property and one 30 acre farm and two 200 acre farms and one 100 acre farm and three 80 acre farms and two 120 acre farms and one 35 acre farm and one 40 acre farm, and one ten acre tract, also down as low as two acres For particulars call on Keplinger & Co at Dr Niswonger s office 13 Calhoun St up stairs

MISCELLANEOUS

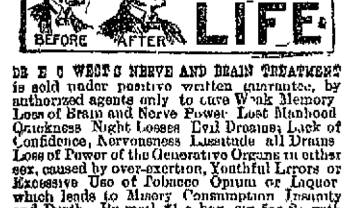
LOUIS F. CURDES,

Real Estate Agent, Rooms 3 and 4 Bank Block

Farms for sale or trade for city property Building lots in all parts of the city on terms to suit the purchaser I have any number of houses and lots, ranging in price from $400 to $20 000 several choice business blocks for sale very cheap Money to loan

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer Schlaudroff, 82 Clinton street Telephone 85



DR E C WEST S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT is sold under positive written guarantee, by authorized agents only to cure Weak Memory Loss of Brain and Nerve Power Lost Manhood Quickness Night Losses Evil Dreams Lack of Confidence, Nervousness Lassitude all Drains Loss of Power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion, Youthful Errors or Excessive Use of Tobacco Opium or Liquor which leads to Misery Consumption Insanity and Death By mail, $1 a box six for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund money Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions 25 cents One sample only sold to each person by mail

Gross & Pellens sole agents, 94 Calhoun St Fort Wayne Ind

May 18, 1849.

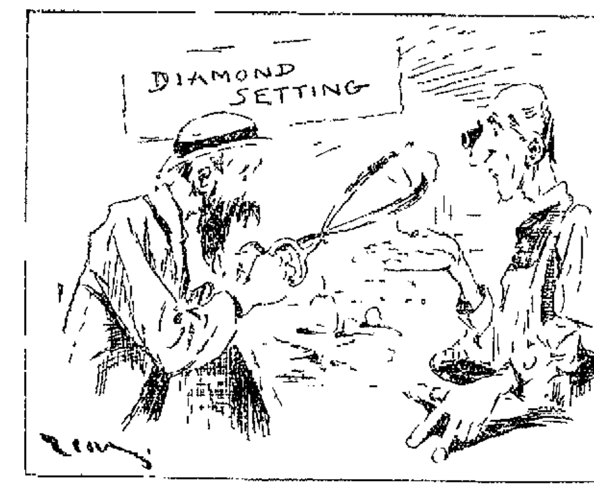
To The Editor:

Volume No. 5 of Harper War Book just came, and it surprised me greatly to find the large colored map. Accept thanks for your promptness. I thought the other parts couldn't be beat, but they seem to grow better If others appreciate the value of what you are giving for only 10 cents, you must sell a host of them, for if anybody once sees these War Volumes they must be as much surprised as I have been at so much, and so good, for such a low price. You deserve a vote of thanks for what you are doing. The good done by placing this great Harper history of the civil war in reach of every man, woman and child cannot be calculated.

Yours very truly,

F. B. D.

THE FUTURE VALUE OF ICE.



Jeweler Well sir what can I do for you?

Customer I want you to set this piece of ice in a stud for me

A SLIGHT WRECK.

No. 9 Thrown Off the Rails by the Puzzle Switch.

Treasurer Arnold's Report to the Grand Lodge - More Extra Trains Eastbound

No 9 the west bound Pittsburg train met with a little mishap in Chicago at 10 o clock last night The train was in charge of Conductor Sylvester Mc Mahon with Engineer William Turner at the throttle of engine 222 At Sixteenth street where the Pittsburg road crosses the Burlington tracks the signals were given for No 9 to advance which she did The switch at this point is what is known by the railway men as the 'puzzle and while the lights indicated that everything was all right, the switch points were all wrong When the engine struck them it turned down the wrong track while the tender the baggage car and two coaches left the rails and went bumping along on the ties for a considerable distance before Mr Turner could stop them No one was injured but the passengers in the derailed cars were badly shaken up and frightened A switch engine hooked onto the cars pulled them back upon the rails and took the train into the station while the wreck car was necessary to pick up the tender which had been thrown from its trucks The delay to the train was only thirty minutes and the engine was in the roundhouse little the worse for the accident in an hour

TREASURER ARNOLD S REPORT

At the grand lodge meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen Grand Secretary and Treasurer F W Arnold yesterday submitted the following good report 'The membership on August 1 aggregated 26 508 against 25 967 on August 1, 1892 In November last the order had an aggregate membership of 27 778 a growth of nearly 3 000 in two years, but the business depression, which resulted in a largely decreased train service caused the membership to fall off some 2 000 To some extent this decrease was attributable to the late American Railway union boycott, but the greater number are out on account of depressed times

'Financially the brotherhood was never in a better condition The surplus on hand amounts to $77 279 against $51 285 two years ago More than this, in the period named the organization has paid out $921 000 on death and disability claims, and $111, 000 to striking firemen on the Toledo Ann Arbor and North Michigan and the Lehigh Valley roads This is the best record financially that the Brotherhood has ever made Secretary Arnold continues

" Our progress since our last convention has been very gratifying when the deplorable general condition of business throughout the country is considered during which the railroads suffered more perhaps than other interests and all this coupled with the late railroad boycott and universal unrest in all branches of labor I repeat that, all these things considered, our progress has been highly gratifying and satisfies me that, under normal conditions, with several years to test with, our growth numerically and financially will be enormous '"

BRIEF MENTION

Conductors Farland and Williams have quit the service of the Nickel Plate

Ed Alway, car repairer in the Nickel Plate yards is suffering with hay fever and has been unable to work for over a week

A Cooksie has been appointed agent at Hoover, Ind , of the Chicago and Erie railroad, vice B F Bright, resigned

W. Z Holverstott and William Moore, of the electric light works have gone to Pittsburg to attend the encampment

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Sunday put in the third span, completing its new iron bridge over Whitewater near Liberty, Ind

The Nickel Plate is preparing to put in some cinder pits at the coal docks in the west yards The stone for the walls is already on the grounds

Dr and Mrs J H Barnfield have gone to housekeeping in Logansport with the intention of making that city their permanent residence

Many of the railroaders who were let out by the late strike have gone into other pursuits, not a few having purchased farms and moved upon them

Judge Wallace, of Providence has signed the foreclosure decree against the New York and New England railroad, or that part of it lying in Massachusetts

John Lennon s horse became frightened at a Fort Wayne engine in Chicago yesterday and ran away Lennon was thrown from the wagon and killed The wheels passed over his head

William S Spiers the Lehigh Valley Railroad company s western freight agent, with office at Chicago, has resigned, and E J Henry has been appointed by General Traffic Manager Taylor as his successor. Mr. Henry has been the local agent at Chicago of the Lehigh Valley Transportation company for some time

C F Knothe of the electric light works is having his house wired for electric lights

William Driftmeyer and James Gould are putting electric lights into the residence of C C Miller

W F Pridgeman an engineer on the Detroit branch of the Wabash road is visiting friends in this city

The Pittsburg carried twenty more car loads of encampment passengers to Pittsburg last night There were two sections of No 8

M Diehl of Portland Ind passed through the city today, enroute to Nebraska Mr Diehl formerly resided in this city and conducted a junk shop on Calhoun street

Joseph Nichter, machinist in the Wabash shops raised a peach in his garden which measured eleven and three fourth inches in circumference This beats all previous records

The passenger men will meet in Chicago on September 27 to form eastbound passenger pools out of St Louis Peoria and Chicago It is said the division of business can readily be arranged

Harry Miller, superintendent of the Vandalia main line has introduced on the Vandalia another Pennsylvania road idea—the inspecting of track by the pushing of the inspection car ahead of the engine

The Pittsburg shops are running ten hours per day so great is the demand upon the repair department It is quite probable that new work in the locomotive department will be resumed in a few days

The limited express on the Pennsylvania road came in last evening with an exclusively drawing room car the first of the kind on the system It is made up exclusively of drawing rooms and is a very luxurious affair

The Chesapeake and Ohio in August handled on its system 5 045 trains, an increase of 797 over August 1893 On these trains were hauled 109 605 loaded cars against $6 403 in August 1893, an increase this year of 23 197 loaded cars

The Grand Rapids and Indiana road s excursion to Petoskey and other northern points was an immense affair There were three trains, two of them from Richmond and one from this city They left here at 2 55 this afternoon

William H Hill weighmaster at the Nickel Plate shops is attending the G A R encampment at Pittsburg During the war Mr Hill was captured by the rebels and thrown into Libby prison where he was confined several months

W P Kindt of the electric light storeroom, has a raspberry bush in his garden which bears fruit from July 1 until the fall frosts A sprig taken from the bush and shown to the reporter had on it blossoms, green and ripe fruit

The Standard Wheel company is preparing a price list preparatory to the purchase of stock The shop will commence operations some time in October or as soon as there is a sufficient amount of timber on hand to justify such a move

The Terre Haute Gazette says a system of coal premiums is to be adopted by the Vandalia Each engine is allowed so much coal per car per mile hauled, and all fuel saved is credited to the enginemen On roads where this is practiced as high as $6 per week is paid in premiums

Official notice was received in the city yesterday confirming the appointment of Mr D W Caldwell as general manager of the Lake Shore railway system Mr Caldwell will not relinquish his connection with the Nickel Plate railroad as both properties are controlled by the Vanderbilts

A St Louis paper says that O P Mc Carty general passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, lost his position because he cut rates and was detected in it If this is to be a reason for dropping passenger men there will be a good many vacancies in that department should the rule be observed on nine out of ten roads

It is reported that Drexel, Morgan & Co have purchased the minority holdings of the Cincinnati extension bonds which control the Cincinnati Southern and the Alabama Great Southern roads A meeting of the bondholders has been called for September 12 by a committee composed of John Greenough and others representing the minority bondholders

This morning Ticket Agent John Ross was notified to sell home seekers excursions to all points in the west southwest and northwest at one fare for the round trip with $2 added The trains will run September 11 and 25 and October 9 Hunters' excursion tickets are also on sale now

Local freight business is on the boom The Pittsburg has increased its number of freight handlers to nearly double the force employed a month ago Eight new men were taken in the service last week The Wabash Nickel Plate and Lake Shore while business is just as heavy as at the Pittsburg have not hired any new men because during the dull season the force was not reduced to any great extent

Peru Journal A mile or more of bent and twisted rails are being unloaded at the Wabash shops, where they are to be repaired and fixed ready for replacing on the track A few days ago the road carried a Missouri Pacific engine in one of its trains and when ever the train went at a very rapid speed the huge locomotive rocked and the counter balances of the drivers came down on the rails with such force that the rails were bent both in and out and up and down It was found necessary to remove the rails immediately and replace them with others The battering up process occurred at several places west of here and always when the train was going at its best speed

The man killed at Warsaw Saturday night by Pittsburg train No 8 was Clarence P Evans, who with his wife had been living three weeks in that city Evans had secured employment at Peru, in the Lake Erie and Western shops, and boarded No 8 to ride to Columbia City where he expected to take a Wabash train for Peru He was accompanied by a man named Collins The men intended to steal a ride but noticing that they were on a car where the conductor would be apt to find them they jumped Evans was killed outright and Collins was so badly stunned that he was unconscious for some hours The dead man was thirty four years old and leaves a widow His remains were buried by the township trustee at Warsaw yesterday

Superintendent Cotton of the Standard Wheel company is in the city His home is in Terre Haute, where the general offices of the company are also located Mr Cotton says there is a decided improvement in the business conditions of the country and predicts still greater improvement in the near future He said in reply to a remark by the reporter that the Standard Wheel company ought to start its factory in this city that he hoped to be able to do so in a few weeks, that while the Terre Haute and other factories were not taxed to half their capacity and could supply the demand for wheels for months to come, he felt that the company should distribute its work among all its factories and with that end in view preparations are now under way to resume business at this point

The General Electric company has recently completed a forty ton electric locomotive which is now in the factory yard at Lynn It is designed to do the ordinary work of a steam locomotive where high speeds are not requisite, say up to thirty miles an hour It has two four wheel trucks, being driven by its own motor the motors being single reduction spur geared and mounted on the axles The truck frame is of plates and channels, strong and simple and the entire weight is carried on eliptical springs resting on the journal boxes The journal boxes are of cast iron with phosphor bronze bearings, with ample lubrication The boxes slide in jaws with adjustable shoes for wear The cab is of sheet iron and the windows in it are so arranged as to give an almost unobstructed view in all directions from one position

All Free.

Those who have used Dr King s New Discovery know its value and those who have not have now the opportunity to try it Free Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free Send your name and address to H E Bucklen & Co Chicago and get a sample box of Dr King s New Life, Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing Dreier & Bros Drugstore

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our SOUVENIR PORTFOLIO OF THE WORLD S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION The regular price is fifty cents but as we want you to have one we make the price nominal You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized It contains full page views of the great buildings with descriptions of same and is executed in highest style of art If not satisfied with it, after you get it we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book Address

H E BUCKLEN & CO

Chicago, Ill

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded Price 25 cents per box For sale by Dreier & Bro

Col D N Foster is in Pittsburg attending the G A R reunion

"Trust Those Who Have Tried."

Catarrh caused hoarseness and difficulty in speaking I also to a great extent lost hearing By the use of Ely s Cream Balm dropping of mucus has ceased, voice and hearing have greatly improved—J W Davidson, Att'y at Law, Monmouth, Ill

I used Ely s Cream Balm for catarrh and have received great benefit I believe it a safe and certain cure Very pleasant to take—Wm Frazer, Rochester, N Y.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents

Awarded Highest Honors--World's Fair.

·DR· PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

WRITERS IN BUSINESS

ACHIEVEMENT OF LITERARY TALENT IN THE FINANCIAL WORLD

Strang Lensing Out of [illegible] s Wreck—How the New Southern [illegible] Was [illegible] Accepted Literary [illegible] That Received Good Return

[Special Correspondence]

New York Sept [illegible] question is often asked What [illegible] writers [illegible] And [illegible] in reply that we [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] engaged in other vocations [illegible] pays [illegible] returns—[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] words [illegible] practical matters

[illegible] New York [illegible] the truth [illegible] statement [illegible] financial business [illegible] literature [illegible] work [illegible] world

The latest of [illegible] scheme is [illegible] organization with [illegible] the creation of [illegible] system in the world [illegible] equipped to the transportation of passengers and freight [illegible] 8 000 [illegible]

The literature of figures [illegible] mighty transaction [illegible] in the south [illegible] number of railways some 15 years ago [illegible] magic [illegible] stroke of the pen one system known as the Richmond Terminal [illegible] transactions came and this system controlling nearly 8 000 miles of railways was obliged to beg the protection of the courts —in other words it became bankrupt

The mind is [illegible] bewildered in considering the figures which were presented to those who proposed to bring order out of this wreckage of disorder There were securities amounting to several hundred millions of dollars and they crossed one another so that it was almost as difficult to trace them as it would have been to explore the Egyptian labyrinth Even the visible evidences of these obligations made a sight wonderful to look upon The owners of these securities brought them to one of the banking houses in New York in bundles great and small They tossed them over the railings to the clerks for there was no other convenient way to handle them so that at last the banking rooms looked like a great junk shop and no one could tell how much these $100 000 000 of nominal values were really worth

Finally the owners of these securities requested a famous banking house to undertake to create out of this remnant a new property which should have a fixed value and the work was delegated to a committee consisting of three men each one of whom is possessed of unusual literary ability and would have been likely to have made his mark [illegible] would had he yielded to his [illegible] [illegible] made literature a vocation

The committee [illegible] day after day before an appalling maze of figures The totals represented a mutual debt of the entire [illegible] of the United States government It was necessary to trace every set of figures and learn the secrets of the experience and values which lay behind The work was almost like that made necessary in the [illegible] cipher dispatch At last these men considered and when they had done so then literary gifts availed them so that they wrote a report in terse lucid and almost English in which the whole story of the past was told and a brilliant prophecy for the future made

Having done this, these men with persuasive argument induced some of the greater capitalists to unite so that as much as $10 000 000 were raised and in other ways eight millions more After that the work of reconstruction went on with amazing celerity All the shattered fragments were brought together Old corporations gave up their individuality and became component parts of a new one Property existing creating new evidences of wealth amounting to $125 000 000 were made and accepted and thus upon the 1st day of September the new Southern railway was introduced to the American public one of the greatest systems in the world second only to two or three of the colossal northern systems The literary faculty played no small part in this mighty operation The creation of this system involved the employment of intellectual powers as great as any that were ever used to write any work of the modern times The men who took part in this mighty scheme or them have written a great story or a [illegible] history but they would not have made the millions which are their payment for their share in this new creation in the railway world

E J EDWARDS

St Rowland Hill

Sir Rowland Hill was the man who in the early part of Queen Victoria s reign organized the postal service of Great Britain from which ours is adopted and made it possible to send a letter for a few cents to any part of the country He was the son of a schoolteacher but so delicate he was not permitted to study with his brothers He suffered from loneliness a great deal yet found perfect contentment in lying flat on his stomach on the hearth rug adding up tremendous columns of figures Later in life he was celebrated for his knowledge of mathematics and held important posts under the government, for which he was knighted

Kipling a Well Paid Author

There is more evidence that Kipling is the best paid author of the day The English and American rights of four short stories of about 7 000 words each were sold recently for about $900 each and to this must be added the income from Australian, Indian, Canadian and German rights Seven words or so for $1 is very good pay for even a successful writer

The Population of France

It is claimed that the population of France numbering some 38 000 000 is sheltered in about 9 000 000 dwelling houses and averages about 187 to the square mile In this country the population averages 21 to the square mile

LO, THE POOR RED MAN

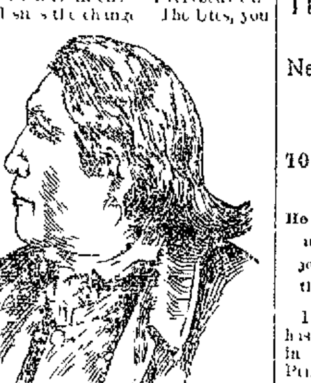
Lilith Sessions Tupper Does Not Admire the Lowly Ute

[Special Correspondence]

DURANGO, Sept 1—Lying along between Chama and Durango, on the Denver and Rio Grande railroad the tourist goes for many miles through the Ute reservation The valley a strip 15 miles wide along the boundary line between Colorado and New Mexico is dotted here and there with the brush wickups and cloth or skin tepees which are the almost universal Ute habitations The buck with their stolid faces and gayly hued blankets, big gingham moccasins gee strings paint and feathers jog along on their ponies close to the track At the station of Ignacio the agency groups stand upon the platform and peer through the windows of the cars for the Indian s curiosity about white people is insatiable and whenever an opportunity occurs he simply glues his face against a window and stares and stares at you until you feel you will scream or go mad

Western people, you know have no love for Indians It is a common saying out here in this country that there is no good Indian but a dead one and the man who has killed his Indian moves in an atmosphere of distinction I heard this little tale yesterday A prominent physician here a few years ago chanced to express a wish for an Indian subject for dissection, and he [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the wilderness killed the first [illegible] saw and shouldered [illegible] across his saddle and rode into [illegible] streets of Durango with [illegible] doctor s office [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a man last evening who killed his [illegible] he was tramping his whiskey [illegible]

[illegible] have the morals of the Utes [illegible] change The Utes, you



[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] toward [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Indians of New Mexico [illegible] is not so impossible there could be a [illegible] drive a tomahawk [illegible] cultivate or harvest a crop in the crudest [illegible] way

The Utes are a tribe [illegible] warriors plenty of Indians They will live in tents and will not adopt the customs of civilization though they will sometimes [illegible] [illegible] their aboriginal [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] still [illegible] The result is absolutely ridiculous The southern Utes have a perfect passion for whisky and [illegible] [illegible] both bucks and squaws confirmed gamblers many of them being absolute plungers They come into Durango and [illegible] [illegible] tinkers then [illegible] go into some gambling house and throw down a hand full of silver [illegible] it quickly swept away

The Utes themselves are anxious to go further west to join the Navajoes They are fond of visiting this tribe who are their friends and relatives and their reservation [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the Navajoes if they were allowed to go

This southern Ute reservation is 110 miles long and 15 miles in width from north to south It is crossed by seven large streams which have their sources in the mountains to the north and which flow southerly across the reservation The first bottoms of these rivers are narrow and contain but little farming lands but lying between these rivers and at an elevation of from 100 to 300 feet above them are large tracts of level mesa or table lands There are some 350 000 acres of these mesa lands and they extend southward into New Mexico and constitute the most valuable farming lands in this country No portion of this table land can be farmed without irrigation nor can it be irrigated save by means of large ditches having their beginning in or above the reservation and extending through it and requiring great capital to construct and maintain

Now on the entire reservation the Utes have only about 600 acres under actual cultivation and even this is not worked by Mexicans who rent the land of the Utes

Here lies this reservation like a wall between the mining and [illegible] interests of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] is dividing their [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] forth Here is all this rich and valuable farming land going to waste for the use of a few worthless lazy shiftless Indians Here this barrier interferes with communication between the settlements of New Mexico and Colorado and materially hinders the development of the mining interests of Juan San Juan No wonder the people of this country are so desirous to compass the removal of this tribe further west

The trespasses of the Indians upon the land of the whites as well as that of the whites upon the lands of the Utes are very [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] isolated settlers as well as to the Indians There is no way of avoiding these trespasses The whites must often pass over the reservation and as many of the Utes have to travel 75 and over 100 miles weekly to [illegible] to get their rations it is not possible to avoid going through the lands of the whites The Utes are not obliged to leave the reservation for grass and forage

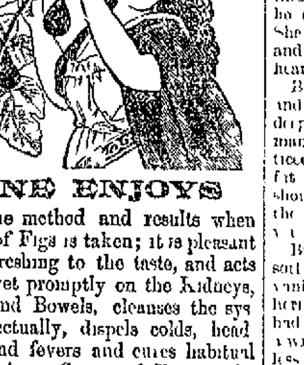
If Uncle Sam would [illegible] up and put them near the thrifty Navajoes whose industry would be an example to them giving them pasture lands where they might raise steel it would be a day of jubilee both for the Ute reservation and southwestern Colorado

LILITH SESSIONS TUPPER

Military Item

The German military officer never unbends This is the way Colonel Bonner of the dragoons gives his wife leave to go to the springs

Attention wife! I grant you six weeks furlough for the restoration of your health Come to the position of a soldier! If you please You shall report at once to the medical officer at Weisbaden I will expect you to send in regular reports twice a week to me your commanding officer in regard to the condition of your love and fidelity Right about face! March! —Texas Siftings



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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute

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Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE PACE THAT KILLS.

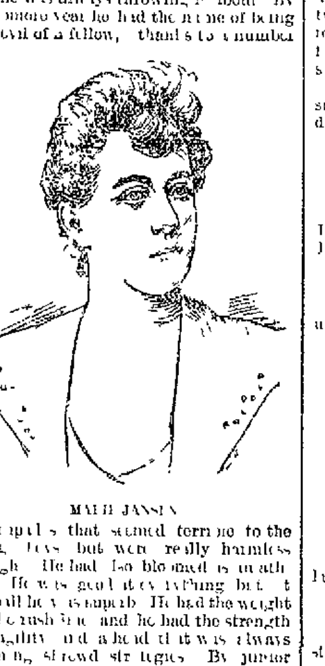
Ned Peace, the Famous Athlete, Paresis Smitten

100 PRICH, 100 POPULAR, 100 WILD

He Was a Great Friend of Marie Jansen and Was Once Man of Muscle and Enjoyed Wine Women and Song, but Now the End Is Near

[illegible] college [illegible] [illegible] has known Ned Peace [illegible] [illegible] In the [illegible] [illegible] he came up to Princeton [illegible] a [illegible] rapping youth from [illegible] [illegible] school says the New York World He had a fortune in his own right and a [illegible] [illegible] guardian He was handsome and [illegible] and young He [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] eyes and a clear healthy skin with a [illegible] color in it And his hand was as steady as a rock, and he had never known what it was to be sick or out of condition in his life

The whole class admired him before the first [illegible] months were done and through his strength and skill on the football field he had begun to get a college reputation Then he was so clever and good humored his pockets were always full of money and he was always throwing it about By sophomore year he had the name of being a devil of a fellow, thanks to a number



MARIE JANSEN

of escapades that seemed terrible to the college boys but were really harmless enough He had no blemish in athletics He was good at everything but football he was superb He had the weight for the rush line and he had the strength and agility and a head that was always planning shrewd strategies By junior year there was nobody in the college like Ned Peace

In addition to his athletics Ned Peace was a sport He could drink all night and show up at chapel which comes at Princeton at an uncomfortably hour with as bright eye and as steady nerves as the sedatest freshman whose bedtime was 9 o clock And how he could drink! And how the girls did admire him! And what yarns his friends could tell of his conquests!

He used to get into trouble with the faculty now and then But he was too athletic and too handsome and too brilliant and perhaps too rich to be judged by ordinary standards So he traveled the fastest gait in the fastest crowd that ever broke the night echoes of Nassau hall with their shouts and songs

But when it was time to train Ned Peace knocked off all his dissipation and got down to work He traveled with the first athletic crowd and set them a good example every fall and spring As soon as training was over he and his crowd went adjourning their gay by to New York when Princeton got too dull or too hot to hold them And from New York came the most glittering yarns about soubrettes and actresses of wine suppers of greenroom marvels of exciting adventures with the police or with the wild orgies that haunted New York s streets in those wide open days of 10 years ago

His fame spread from college to college He was the mainstay of the great Princeton football team He invented the block game that had to be legislated out of football when Yale became as expert at it as Princeton was He visited Yale and Harvard and drank the best men at Morey s under the table and drove gayly back to Boston in a cab while the last man at the Hasty Pudding was trying to find the door on his hands and knees

Then he met Marie Jansen It was in his senior year when he was only a grown up boy but looked a full grown, experienced man This was the crowning act of his brilliant career, for Jansen was then more famous and more popular and younger and prettier than she is now The news went all over Princeton that Ned Peace and Jansen were traveling a jolly fast pace together

The pace he had set for himself at college was only a preliminary canter to get into condition As he had plenty of money his time was his to spend as he chose And he chose to spend it in a mad gallop down that broad road whereof Sunday school scholars hear much He and Jansen were the best of friends, and no one could have been more devoted than he was to her It was talked of everywhere, and finally it was said that they were married But this was contradicted and at last died out He had a fortune of something over $200 000 to spend He wanted to spend principal as well as interest And Jansen helped him with those pink, extravagant fingers of hers

Then came a time—less than five years after Ned Peace left college—when his friends were saying that the end had come All the cash was gone and every bit of land that his father and grandfather had left him was mortgaged above the high water mark There was no more money for the big generous hands to dive into and toss away But for many months he and Jansen continued to be friends She was fond of her handsome athlete, and she did not give him the marble heart in the days of his misfortunes

But with misfortune came despondency and with despondency came drink of that deeper and heavier sort that tells that a man is crossing the line Everybody noticed the change —the bloodshot eyes, the fat body the puffed cheeks the stooping shoulders And it seemed as if the end of the brilliant part of Ned Peace s career was at hand

But there came a stroke of luck of the sort one reads about Down in Pennsylvania there was one bit of Ned Peace s inheritance which was so worthless that he had not been able to mortgage it It was a wild mountain side barren and worthless When Ned Peace was down a good many dollars on the ragged edge of borrowing side he got wind that coal had been discovered on this worthless land He was rich again richer than before

He picked up at once He quit the bag [illegible] and [illegible] sort of dissipation and was seen about his clubs and his old haunts in the well [illegible] [illegible] restaurants He picked up all his old college friends whom he had rather dropped when it became impossible for him to hold up his end of the [illegible] and [illegible] on he was going the [illegible] pace in Philadelphia

This brings us down to the last year or so down to the Paresis club of Philadelphia of which he is a member It may have been that it was one of the theories of that amazing organization that paresis is a disease which never touches college men There are doctors who insist that it almost never attacks men who have been properly educated early in life, but only assaults those who have educated them [illegible] the school [illegible]

What [illegible] Ned Peace [illegible] [illegible] friends [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] down [illegible] strong clean cut church [illegible] 10 years ago

It [illegible] question of a few [illegible] [illegible] Prince [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the last stage [illegible] from which there is only [illegible]

And [illegible] Delmonico s dining [illegible] Jansen [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] herself into the [illegible] Princeton boy [illegible] [illegible] and was with her and [illegible] and happy [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] picture of a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a ruined mind down in [illegible] Philadelphia?

Proof of Jimmy

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] much [illegible] [illegible] an exceptionally [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Jimmy [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] two street urchins who were [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of each other s faces [illegible] after parting the young [illegible] [illegible] to the [illegible] one

This [illegible] shameful—a big boy beating such a little fellow Don't you go to Sunday school?

"Yes m

Do you learn to fight there?"

No m

Do you swear and say bad words?

Well I [illegible] much on it myself but Jimmy [illegible] [illegible] dandy Cuss for do Jolly Jim —Truth

The Refuge of the Destitute

They tell me Jones is a complete failure

[illegible] what

[illegible] farmin

Yes

An politics

Yes

An preachin

Yes

An schoolteachin?"

Yes

An' [illegible] in all?

Yes

Well what s he doin now?

He s editor of a new paper —Atlanta Constitution

A Purpose In View

I wish you would tell Bloomfield a startling story said Griswell to Dalano

Why

He has been eating onions and I would like you to tell him something which would fairly take his breath away' — Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph

Anticipatory

Clerk (of summer hotel pleasantly)— Do you know any one in the house sir?

Castleton—My fiancee is here

Clerk—Indeed Which young lady might that be

Castleton—I don t know I haven t met her yet —New York Sun

But Also a Distinct Favor

Mrs Manders—He proposed but I refused to marry him

Miss Caustique—Oh you noble generous girl! You're always doing something for other people —Chicago Record

A Dangerous Remedy

Van Ishe—So the doctors held a consultation about your case

Doolittle—Yes and I believe they decided by a two thirds vote to amend my constitution —New York World

A Thunder Storm

May purify the air, but nothing except SOZODONT will purify the mouth filled with neglected teeth, and rescue those faithful servants of mankind from utter ruin before it is too late Don t neglect to try it You will be surprised and delighted with its results

The Pitcher Crying Again

The league pitchers almost to a man advocate the return of the old pitching rule as they claim that the hitting is altogether too heavy The development of batting has been so marked that the players will hit the ball almost as hard under the old rule But the magnates and the public don't seem to think so —St. Louis Chronicle.

R A Swigert claims the name Sauterne for the imported bay colt foaled in 1893 by Silver Charm out of Schottische

When Baby was sick we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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Trains Run by Central Time

* Daily † Daily except Sunday

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station Fort Wayne Ind

East Bound		West Bound	
* 5 30 a m		* 3 20 a m	
6 53 a m	From Chi	* 6 20 a m,	Limtd
†12 50 p m		† 8 00 a. m	
* 8 05 p m		†11 40 a m	
* 9 20 p m	Limited	* 4 20 p m	
† 7 10 a m	Crestline	* 5 30 p m	
†10 35 p m	From Chi	† 9 25 p m	From Crestline.

THE WABASH LINE—Trains Carrying Passengers Leave FORT WAYNE. Schedule of May 20, 1894

GOING EAST	DEPART.
New York and Boston Lim , daily	1 43 a m
Toledo Express except Sunday	1 15 p m
Atlantic Express, daily	7 12 p m
Local Freight	6 00 a m
Lafayette Accommodation arrive, except Sunday	11 00am

GOING WEST.	DEPART.
Pacific Express, daily	8 05 a m
Kansas City Ex , except Sunday	1 35 p m
Lafayette Accom n except Sunday	3 30 p m
St Louis Limited daily	8 30 p m

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD

Lv Fort Wayne	Ar Indianapolis
8 00am	2 50pm
1 35pm	6 20pm
8 35pm	11 05pm
8 20pm	3 20am
Lv Indianapolis	Ar Fort Wayne
7 00am	1 00pm
1 20pm	7 05pm
7 00pm	4 43am

Through New York Palace Sleeping cars, dining cars and new free chair cars on New York vestibule limited Free chair cars and dining car on Pacific limited express Kansas City express and Cannon Ball has new free reclining chair and palace sleeping cars to Kansas City without charge

R G THOMPSON

Passenger and Ticket agent Fort Wayne Ind.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R R.

GOING NORTH

†For Grand Rapids and North	Lv 2 15 am
†	Lv 3 05 am
†	Lv 2 55 pm
†From Richmond	Ar 10 55 pm

GOING SOUTH.

†For Richmond and Cincinnati	Lv 5 45am
	Lv 12 35pm
	Lv 11 45 pm
†From Grand Rapids	Ar 7 45 pm

*Daily †Daily except Sunday

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

SOUTHWARD	ARRIVE.
No 152 Way Freight	5 25pm
No 156 Cin Express and Mail	10 25 am
No 158 Detroit & Ind pls Express	3 55 pm
NORTHWARD	DEPART.
No. 163 Way Freight	6 40 pm
No 157 Through Express and Mail	11 45 am
No 159 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex	4 45 pm

NICKEL PLATE.

The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R.R.

EAST.	Arr.	Dep.
N. Y & Boston Express	*3 55 am	*3 05 am
Cleveland Mail	†1 30 pm	†1 45 pm
Eastern Express	*6 45 pm	*7 05 pm
Local Freight	†6 50 pm	†6 10 am
WEST.	Arr.	Dep.
Chicago Express	*3 10 am	*3 20 am
Chicago Mail	†1 45 pm	†2 05 pm
Western Express	*4 30 pm	*4 40 pm
Local Freight	†10 58 pm	†7 00 am

*Daily, †Daily except Sunday. Through Buffet sleeping cars to Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Through tickets to all points at lowest rates and baggage checked to destination.

M C BAKER District Pass Agt Depot Fort Wayne Ind

FT. W., C. & L. R. R. AND L. E. & W R R

NORTH BOUND—ARRIVE FORT WAYNE.

No. *40 Passenger	Arrives	11 40 am
No †42 Passenger		10 10 pm
No. †170 Local		4 50pm

SOUTH BOUND—LEAVE FORT WAYNE

No †41 Passenger	Leaves	7 15 am
No *43 Passenger		4 00 pm
No. †171 Local		5 30 am

†Daily except Sunday *Daily

Cincinnati and Indianapolis Time card

Leave Fort Wayne	Arrive Indianapolis	Arrive Cincinnati.
7 15 a m	11 30 a m	3 05 p m
4 00 p m	10 15 p m	10 50 p m

Leave Cincinnati	Leave Indianapolis	Arrive Fort Wayne
4 40 a m	6 30 a m	11 40 a m.
3 10 p m	4 00 p m	10 10 p m.

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ELEGANT STEAMSHIPS.

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NEW Patterns.

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Prices to Suit The Hard Times.

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Mme. Ada P. Evans Complexion specialist of Chicago is in town for a few days. One facial treatment free to introduce her wonderful Complexion bleach among the ladies, all facial blemishes removed, such as wrinkles, pimples, black heads, tan, freckles, etc. Superfluous hair removed without injury to the most delicate face. Mme. Evans is a graduate in Chiropodis work. Instant and painless relief from corns, bunions and ingrown nails. Developments of the bust a speciality.

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For Sale by Agents.

Handsome relief work of General Anthony Wayne, picture life size, made by Micheal & Blombach. Sample picture can be seen at Seimon Bros.' Book Store, Gross & Pollen's Drug Store, and Weitzmann's Tailor Shop on Calhoun street. Anyone desiring to see a picture may drop a postal card to Chas. E. Rikers, 110 West Washington street. 10-6t

The Bob-o-Link club will give a dance on the 20th at their hall, 195½ Calhoun street.

Strayed.

A brown cow, last Saturday night. Finder will please leave word at Hoosier Shoe store, 52 Calhoun street. 4d&w1t

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 2tf

Miss Orvine Cleveland, bookkeeper at Mick's grocery, has returned from a month's visit to her parents at Pleasant Lake.

SCHOOL OPENS SEPT. 19.

Start your boy in the right way by dressing him up in a bright new suit of clothes. It will please him immensely and he'll repay you by taking more interest in his studies. Let YOUR BOY be as neatly dressed as any boy in his class and he'll be more contented and satisfied among his new classmates.

Our New Fall Stock

Of Boys' and Children's Clothing is here and awaits your inspection. As to the completeness of our stock in regard to VARIETY, QUALITY and STYLE, we'll leave you to judge. WE KNOW that the combined stocks of any two stores in this city do not show so large a selection of the NEWEST things in Suits for Children's Wear.

BOY'S SCHOOL SUITS

Strictly All Wool, with pants made double seat and knee, at

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50.

BOY'S SCHOOL SUITS

Strictly All Wool with an extra pair of pants to match, at

$3.00, $3.50, $4.00.

Sam, Pete & Max.

The Evening Sentinel.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 11, 1894.

Branch offices for the sale of THE SENTINEL and where orders for THE SENTINEL and Want, For Sale or For Rent ads. will be received, have been established at the following drug stores:
W. F. Beneke, 143 Broadway.
J. F. Miller, 327 Lafayette.
W. L. Waltemath, 229 East Lewis.
J. D. Lewis, 434 Calhoun.
M. H. Wefel, 312 Hanna.
J. J. Brink, 44 Wells.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office.....No. 173.
Editorial Rooms.....No. 650.

Our Thermometer.

8 A. M.	61°
10 A. M.	64°
12 M.	66°
2 P. M.	71°

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Forecast for the thirty-six hours until 8 p. m. Wednesday: For Indiana—Fair until Thursday; probably slightly cooler in southern portion Wednesday morning; slowly rising temperature Wednesday afternoon; northerly winds, becoming variable.

NEWS NOTES.

L. M. Rowe, of Lagrange, is at the Randall.

Mrs. C. F. Haiber has returned from a visit with friends at Marion.

Mr. A. L. Schneider, of Van Wert, Ohio, is the guest of Miss Cora Bassett.

Congressman McNagny is a guest of the Wayne. He arrived here last evening.

Albert Meiz and his family have gone to Pittsburg and Allegheny, to visit friends.

Mrs. M. Noll was very ill yesterday afternoon and her death is almost hourly expected.

Charles McCutchen, of Chicago, who has been the guest of Will Peltier, left yesterday for the east.

D. A. Fawcette, postmaster of Lagrange, is in the city to attend the convention. He is a guest of the Wayne hotel.

The Fort Wayne Cycle club holds its regular monthly meeting tonight. The meeting was postponed from last Tuesday evening.

On Thursday evening, September 13, the Rev. Father Bernard, of Pittsburg, will lecture to young people at St. Mary's school hall.

There was one lonely drunk at police court this morning. The fellow was Joe Diamond, who has been in jail for the same offense before.

Hon. R. C. Bell will deliver the opening speech of the campaign at Muncie, Ind., on September 22. Senator Bell was born in Delaware county.

C. S. Bash will erect a new residence on his farm. Architect Kendrick has the plans. The building will be modern and cost about $4,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Noble entertained a few friends at their home, No. 409 Calhoun street, last evening. The guests were royally entertained.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred C. Baade—a boy. Mr. Baade, who is in the offices of the Salamonie Gas company, is receiving congratulations gracefully.

About twenty Fort Wayne bicycle riders will go to Bryan, Ohio, on Sunday on their wheels. They will stay over to attend a meet held in that city next Monday.

The county commissioners and County Physician Tinkham are today making their annual inspection of the county infirmary. They will no doubt find that institution in fine condition.

Fred Hoffman, who has been spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hoffman, left today to visit friends in Connecticut, and will then return to Princeton college to enter the junior year.

Prof. M. A. Brannon left yesterday for his former home at Crown Point where he will be joined in two weeks by Mrs. Brannon, and they will go to Grand Forks, S. D., where they will establish their permanent residence.

Despite the chill of the day, a fair-sized company gathered at the tent at the corner of Calhoun and Creighton last evening to hear the sermon on "Christ and the Sabbath." The subject tonight at 7:30 will be: "The Biblical History of the Sabbath." All are invited. No charge; no collection.

A very enjoyable time was had at the party given at the home of Mr and Mrs. M. L. Lauer, No. 77 Erie street, in honor of Mrs. John Will and daughter, Miss Emma, of Dayton, Ohio. Dancing and games were the order of the evening, after which a four-course luncheon was served. Those present were: Misses Mary Schneiders, Bertha Huber, Gracie Sanders, Lou Huber, Anna Schnieders, Emma Alt, Anna Sellet, Mattie Huber, Katie Wiesmer, Hannah Huber, Messrs. Renhard Schneiders, Charley Sellet, Howard Place, Joseph Schneiders, Ed. Mersmann, Frank Armstrong, Albert Sanders, John Grieve, John Brown, and George Heit, of Columbus, Ind.

For Tuesday Afternoon.

At 11 o'clock we received fifty bushel nice Michigan Peaches, $1.50 bushel—they are getting scarce and not likely to be any lower this season. Small baskets, 20c.

Cape Cod Cranberries, direct from the east, 10c quart.

Concord Grapes, in 9 lb baskets, 20c.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Indiana's Great State Fair

At Indianapolis September 17th to 22d, and the Muncie road sells tickets via the shortest and quickest route at only one fare for the round trip. 11-7t

Fresh Oysters.

For Tuesday afternoon, direct from Baltimore; hereafter we will receive them daily.

Extra Selects, 28c can.

Standards, 22c can.

Best Celery, 20c bunch.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Dr. Kethford, of Huntington, is in the city.

Dixon Edgerton goes to Hickaville, Ohio, today on legal business.

Miss Martha Kucher, of Saville avenue, left last evening for Pittsburg, Pa.

Henry Lenker, of the east side, is recovering from an attack of typhoid fever.

General Manager M. S. Robinson, of the street car system, is home from Cleveland.

Phil H. Hymon returned yesterday from Mackinaw and a two weeks' tour of the lakes.

Tom O'Brien, late of the Rich and Randall, is now night clerk at the Elgin, in Huntington.

Charles Shaw has been selected to act as janitor of the new hall for Phoenix lodge, K. of P.

The city council holds its regular meeting this evening and some important business will come up.

Dr. Harrod and two other candidates were given the first degree in Phoenix lodge, K. of P., last night in their new hall.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Stephenson and son, McCrea, of Indianapolis, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs Edward M. Wilson.

Right Rev. Bishop Rademacher is at Grand Rapids holding a conference with Bishop Richter and other bishops of the province.

A number of the American Sons of Columbus of this city will soon leave for Omaha, Neb., to attend a national meeting of the order.

Miss Lulu Deeter, niece of Mrs. Harry Templar, left yesterday for her home in Los Angeles, Cal. Miss Deeter was here about one year.

Mrs. Mabel White, of Toledo, is the guest of relatives and friends in this city. Mrs. White will be pleasantly remembered as Miss Mabel Holmes.

The reunion of company E, Seventeenth Indiana Volunteers, will be held at Columbia City on September 29. Col. I. B. McDonald is secretary.

In a few days Mrs. Warren Rogers, Alice Lininger, Mrs. Emma Hass and children will leave for a two weeks' visit with friends in Grand Rapids, Mich.

Marion Black left yesterday for Plymouth, Ind., and from there he goes to Denver and thence to the Pacific coast, where he will remain a few months.

A 'bus party, consisting of the members of the Third Presbyterian church, will go out to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Webster, of Pleasant township, tomorrow.

Ralph N. Cobb, of Auburn, who led the recent century run to such a disastrous finish, says he will head another run over the same course some time in October.

A large saw mill in Columbia City, located two squares west of the Pittsburg passenger depot, burned to the ground last night, causing quite a loss to its owners.

A large owl was a curiosity at police station this morning. It was locked up in the tramp cell. The bird was captured by one of the night policemen last evening.

Dr. Havice was this morning called to remove a broken needle from the finger of Miss Dideon, an operator at the Hoosier Manufacturing company's establishment.

The children of Mrs. C. H. Philley, of Summit farm, gave that lady a pleasant surprise last evening, yesterday being her sixtieth birthday. Ice cream and cake were served at 9 o'clock.

The contractor has finished the grading on Archer avenue and the thoroughfare is now ready for the gravel. The street will be thirty-four feet wide and when completed will be very attractive.

Yesterday evening a Fort Wayne citizen was walking along Harrison street carrying a large bouquet which he had just purchased. Suddenly a garter snake about a foot long darted out of the bouquet and ran across the sidewalk and under a building. To say the purchaser of the bouquet was astonished is putting it mildly.

A double runaway occurred at the corner of Lafayette and Wallace streets at noon yesterday. The horse attached to Meyer & Brothers' ice wagon took fright and ran into a log wagon belonging to a farmer. The horses attached to the latter vehicle then ran away, dragging the ice outfit along until the wagon was upset. Meyers' wagon was badly damaged, but no one was injured.

Word has been received in this city of the death of Mrs. Fannie Bryant, at her home in Washington, D. C. Mrs. Bryant has been an invalid for some months, but her death was sudden and entirely unexpected. Mrs. Bryant was well known in this city and had many intimate friends, as Fort Wayne is her native home and her girlhood days were spent here. She was a daughter of the late A. C. Probasco, and moved to Washington some years ago, after her marriage here. She leaves a husband, but no children. Mrs. W. H. Tigar and Mrs. Byron Holmes, of this city, are sisters of the deceased, and Mrs. Warner, of Chicago. W. J. Probasco is a brother. The interment will be in Washington.

A merry party was given in honor of Miss Mollie Burris and Miss Ella Gifford, of Warsaw, at the residence of Mrs. and Warren Rogers, of Gay street. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Warren Rogers, Mesdames Alice Lininger, Emma Haas, William Tummis, Charles Gable, Misses Mollie Burris, Ella Gifford, Lida Carry, Clara Druhot, Clara Smith, Messrs. Ed. Carry, James and Frank Bisson, Andy Casno, Clem Rupple, William Jackson, Ed. Needham, Chick and Harry Stawl. Singing and dancing was the program of the evening. At 11:30 ice cream and cake were served. A very enjoyable time was had by all. Music was furnished by J. F. Harmeyer.

Armour's fancy Butterine, 16 and 18c pound at Coverdale & Archer's, 24 Harrison street.

Rev. and Mrs. P. J. Rice have gone to housekeeping at 201 West Jefferson street.

Misses Mollie Burris and Ella Gifford returned to their home in Warsaw, after spending a week with Mrs. Alice Lininger, of 56 Force street, and other friends.

The following are the scores made yesterday by the regular league base ball teams: At Louisville—Louisville, 6; Baltimore, 15 At Chicago—Chicago, 8; Boston, 25 At Cleveland—Cleveland, 4; New York, 13.

The advisory committee of the centennial met last evening and talked over the much advertised celebration with rather gloomy faces. They decided to abandon the scheme of raising $5,000 by popular subscription and about the only observance which will mark the one hundredth milestone in Fort Wayne's history will be a few speeches by local orators and perhaps some sort of a parade. An effort will likely be made to get up a celebration in 1895 on a grand scale.

The West Lake Fishing club will tomorrow run an excursion to Rome City, the tickets being good to return on any train Thursday. The club has made arrangements with a liveryman to convey all those out to West lake who desire to go, and as the fishing there is excellent, a great number of sportsmen from this city will avail themselves of this opportunity. The club has a nice cottage house in a beautiful grove on the north bank of the lake and also has a boat house containing several fine boats.

HON. W. F. M'NAGNY

Renominated for Congress by the Democrats.

In a Speech to the Convention He Reviews the Work Done at the Last Session of Congress.

The democratic congressional convention met at Saengerbund hall, in this city, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, with delegates in attendance from the various counties of the district.

The convention was called to order by Judge Zollars, and, on motion of Judge Dawson, he was made permanent chairman.

J. B. Monning, of this city, was made permanent secretary, with all the democratic editors of the district present as assistant secretaries.

The roll of counties was then called and all of them were found to be represented.

Resolutions expressing regret at the death of Hon. Geo. W. McConnel, of this district, were read and adopted by a rising vote, and then Hon. W. F. McNagny, the present representative of the district in congress, addressed the convention at some length, reviewing the work of the last congress.

After finishing his speech, on motion Mr. McNagny was named, and as there was no other candidate, he was renominated.

MAINE ELECTIONS.

The Republicans Carry Nearly Everything

Electing Their Candidates by Majorities Never Before Known In That Republican Stronghold.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 11.—The republicans regard the result of yesterday's election as the biggest victory they have ever achieved in this state. The vote for governor, which two years ago was 130,000, is reduced 15,000 to 20,000, but even with this it is alleged that Cleaves has received 70,000 votes. In every one of the sixteen counties of the state the democracy has been defeated. Every city in the state has probably gone republican, which is something never before known. The returns show nothing but republican gains. The returns so far indicate that Johnson, (dem.) will not get over 35,000 votes out of 75,000 cast for him two years ago, and that may be reduced by later returns. All four of the republican congressmen are elected by largely increased majorities. The republicans have carried both branches of the legislature, electing a solid senate which two years ago stood thirty republicans and one democrat. In the house of representatives, which consists of 151 members, and which two years ago stood 107 republicans and forty-four democrats, the republicans, it is believed, have elected 110 members, while the remainder have been elected by the democrats and populists.

Later returns indicate that the democrats will have but fourteen members in the house of representatives against 137 republicans.

THE COURTS.

Record of Cases on Trial and Disposed of in the Courts.

The Trentman cases were being argued in the superior court this morning on motions, and at 12 o'clock a recess was taken until 4 o'clock.

The grand jury are nearly through with their preliminary examination of criminal cases. It is probable they will make a report of the indictments found tomorrow.

Yesterday in Justice Ryan's court, Augustus Cour was fined $1 and costs for harboring and maintaining a dog known to worry or kill sheep. The case against Roundot for cruelly beating a horse was dismissed, Justice Ryan failing to find the evidence sufficient to sustain the charge.

The following dismissals have been entered in the superior court: Fort Wayne and Little River Turnpike company against the Postal Telegraph company, Catharine Gressley against Jacob Leutz, Anton Rieg against William Lauer, Anton Rieg against Matilda Gomall and others, David Braden against Joseph Weik and others.

It has been observed that rich men who never marry and have nobody to take care of but themselves and nothing to do but indulge their own fancy grow first very whimsy and hard to please, next eccentric and unpleasant to have around, and, last of all, crazy. The moral is plain.

WON'T FIGHT.

Jackson Refuses to Sign the Corbett Articles.

Wants the Fight to Come Off Inside of Three Months, While Corbett Sets the Date Much Later.

CHICAGO, Sept 11.—The efforts of the Sioux City Athletic club to bring off a fight between Corbett and Jackson resulted today in complete failure, Jackson absolutely refusing to put his name to the articles of agreement as signed by Corbett. Edward Lloyd, representing the Sioux City club, met Jackson and his manager, "Parson" Davies, at the Briggs house at noon today, in the presence of a good sized crowd of sporting men and newspaper reporters. The morning was spent in preliminaries and Mr. Lloyd produced the papers which Corbett had signed in New York. Jackson glanced over them and at once said that they would not do.

"I will fight for your purse and a side bet of $10,000," he said, "but the fight will have to come off within three months."

"That's the idea, exactly," said Davies. "Mr. Corbett is on the stage now and we do not intend to advertise him until next May or June. This agreement calls for the fight to take place between May 15 and June 15. Now you people name your place and make the time within the next three months and Jackson will sign."

This Lloyd said he could not do and Davies proceeded to pick flaws with the papers. He declared that the deal did not look honest; that no place was named; that there was no specification as to whether the men would fight ten rounds or ten years, or to a finish, and that the whole matter had a "peculiar" look. Jackson chimed in with an objection to fighting "any place."

"I want to fight before a club and in a house," he said. "I don't want the affair to take place in a field or a tent."

Lloyd became considerably excited over the fun that Davies poked at the papers, but kept his temper and tried hard to obtain the necessary signature. He declared positively, however, that he could not bring off the fight in the time specified by Jackson.

"We have got to have good weather to get a good crowd," he said. "I want to see this thing go through, but there is no use talking of bringing it off in three months."

"It's three months or nothing," declared Davies, and Jackson added, "That's right."

"Well, it's off," said Davies, as he picked up his hat. "I did not like the looks of this thing anyway."

Jackson followed and the pair left the hotel. It was announced later that Jackson would leave for New York tonight and immediately sail for the West Indies, whence he will go to London.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 11.—Judge Depu, in opening the county court today, charged the grand jury in regard to the Corbett-Courtney fight in the Edison labratory at Orange. The judge said that the grand jury should carefully look into the case and if they found the published reports in the newspapers to be true, the two men were liable to indictment on the charge of prize fighting.

A DIRTY SHEET.

Whose Patrons are Men and Women of a Low Grade.

(Bluffton News.)

For the first time the Kansas City Sunday Sun made its appearance on the streets yesterday, and unfortunately there were those who purchased the nasty sheet with an eagerness tending to lend encouragement to the little newsboy who sold it. It is very likely the lad had no idea of the sensational filthiness he was distributing, and will, when informed of the character of the paper have nothing to do with it at all. The Sunday Sun is a sheet filled with occurrences of the barroom, brothel and street, and its columns teem with a nastiness that limits its circulation to men and women of the lowest grade. The sight of a Sunday Sun in the hands of a person is enough to proclaim his character.

The official reports show that no baking powder received an award over the Royal at the Chicago World's Fair.

The judge of awards on baking powder, Dr. H. W. Wiley, writes that the claim of another company to having received the highest award is false; that no such award was given to it.

The Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest baking powder made, and has received the highest award at every fair, wherever exhibited in competition with others.

Four Drowned.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The steamer Portia, from Halifax, has arrived at City Island, and reports that she ran into and sunk the three-masted schooner, Dora M. French, yesterday afternoon, about four miles from Cuddyhunt light. Four out of the five men comprising the schooner's crew were drowned. The accident occurred a few minutes after 1 o'clock in a dense fog.

Dynamite Explosion.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 11.—Nelson Woods was killed and Cuby Reddin fatally injured today by a premature dynamite explosion in the West Knoxville sewer, in which they were working.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Wheat, Sept., 54⅜@54½c; Dec., 57⅜@57½c; May, 62⅜@62½c.

Corn, higher; Sept., 57½c; Oct., 57¼c; May, 56@56¼c.

Oats, Sept., 30⅞c; Oct., 31½c; May, 36@36¼c.

Pork, higher; Sept., $14.35; Jan., $14 37½.

Lard, steady; Sept., $8 97½; Oct., $9.00; Jan., $8 42½.

Ribs, lower; Sept., $7.87½; Oct., $7 87½; Jan., $7.37½.

Rye, 47½c.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance union will be held next Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the parlors of the Berry street M. E. church, at which time officers will be elected for the ensuing year. This should be a rallying time for all temperance workers and a large attendance is hoped for.

TWO HORSE SALES.

Some Very Good Animals Bought Exceedingly Cheap.

Ada, Goes to Cecil Brothers, of Louisville, for Only $125—Dick Sells For $225.

There was quite a good attendance at the public sale of horses held at the McKinnie farm this morning, but the horses did not bring quite what they should have.

For instance, Ada, a black mare with a track record of 2:17¾, was bought for Cecil Bros., of Louisville, Ky., by William Fleming, for $125 The purchasers had authorized Mr. Fleming to pay $750 for the animal, so that she went for a trifle over half her value.

Dick also went for about half his value ($225) to B. S. O'Connor.

Some of the other sales were: Pebblette, purchased by J. M. Hatfield, of Ossian, for $350 R. T. McDonald bought Heatherbloom for $200. Lieutenant Davis bought George for $180. Charles McCulloch bought Fannie for $105. Joe W. Bell bought Cash Boy, 2:27¼, for $315

Dr. C. B Stemen paid $100 for Jack Hooper, and G. A. Morton, of Ossian, bought Darley for $125. G. R. Craw paid $95 for Betty Bell.

Peter Poirson bought Ed C., a bay colt, for $60, and Harry Hanna, a sorrel colt, went to Dr G C. Stemen for $40.

The Chessler sale, on the Oak Ridge farm, did not develop any fancy prices. Eleven animals were sold, the highest price being paid for any animal being $70. Some of the purchasers were: Messrs. Rabus, J. C. Wagner, A. J. Fisher, Sam Houk, Thomas Taffinger, S. B. Hatch, of Huntington; James McKinney, E C. Browand, H. Deam, of Bluffton and H. Zauner.

Mrs Mary Keller, a well known pioneer resident of this county, died this afternoon at 1.30, aged fifty-two years. She leaves, eight children, four of whom are married. No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

OFFICE OF
CITY COMPTROLLER,
September 11th, 1894

To Whom it May Concern:

Section 7 of the vehicle license ordinance makes it the duty of all livery and boarding stable keepers to report to the competroller's office the number and kind of vehicles subject to license kept in their stable. Report must be made by the 15th day of September each year.

All vehicle license fees are payable before September 30th. After that date, and until October 28th, a penalty of 100 per cent is added. After October 28th all persons driving on the streets without license are subject to the penalties prescribed in the ordinance. 1113

Go to Coverdale & Archer's, 24 Harrison St., for Armour's fancy Butterine, 16 and 18c per pound.

Missionary Poverty Party.

You are axed to a party that us folks are going to have at the Berry Street Methodist Meetin House Tuesday evenin, September the leven.

10 cents to kum in. Eten and all the rest fur nuthin.

Harvest Excursions

To the west, south and southwest, via the Lake Erie and Western railroad, going Sept. 11th and 25th and October 9th, '94. Very low rates for the round trip. 11 24t

Westminster Seminary.

The first session of the twelfth year will begin Wednesday, Sept. 19, at 9 a. m

Arrangements for the entrance of city pupils are better made during the preceding week.

Tuition—First term, preparatory department, $16 00.

Tuition—First term, seminary department, $20 00. 8,11,13,15,17,18

The dread diseases, diphtheria and typhoid fever, appearing in so many places, may be prevented by using filtered water. An excellent filter can be bought at a fair price of Morgan & Beach, on Columbia street. 8-11

NOTICE.

Last excursion of the season to Rome City and West Lake, given by the West Lake Fishing Club, Wednesday, September 12th. Tickets good returning on the 13th. Good music and splendid fishing. Tickets, $1.00. 10-2t

Landrum's Academy of Dancing Morton Club hall. In selecting an academy to place your children, select one where they will not only be taught the latest movements in terpsichore, but where they will receive a thorough training in Deportment, Etiquette, Physical and Aesthic body culture. In learning dancing, as in other things, those who start first have the advantage.

White Loaf Flour, for sale by all first-class dealers. 19tf

Get your World's Fair books bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

Farmer Dancing Academy

Has entered its sixth year. Classes for this year have been arranged as follows:

Beginners, Monday and Thursday evenings. Waltz given particular attention.

Advanced, Tuesday and Friday. In this class all the latest dances adopted by the Dancing Masters' associations will be taught Children classes Saturday afternoon, 3 to 4:30. Social, 4:30 to 5:00.

For further particulars call at hall, third floor in Foster block, at any time. 1-1f

Attend night school at Ft Wayne Business College Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Everybody ought to see
The Grand Opening Display
—OF—
BLANKETS and COMFORTS
IN OUR IMMENSE SHOW WINDOWS.

Nowhere else in the city can you find BLANKETS and COMFORTS at such low prices as here.

Some of the inducements to buyers:

BLANKETS

200 pair Gray Blankets worth 89c at 59c a pair.

150 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.00 at 75c a pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.25 at $1.00 pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.75 at $1.25 a pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $2.00 at $1.50 a pair.

75 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $2.50 at $2.00 a pair.

Better qualities at $3 25, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00 up to $10.00 a pair.

COMFORTS

100 Good Quality Comforts worth $1.39 at $1 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $1.75 at $1.25 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $2.00 at $1.50 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $2.25 at $1.75 each.
50 Good Quality Comforts worth $2.50 at $2 00 each.
Better qualities at $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 and $3.75 each.

These Comforts are extra large and well made, of the finest Satine, Silkoline and Cameo Drapery.

The New Fall Goods are arriving daily.
Come in and see them.

One Price to All.
BEADELL & COMPANY,
THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
BEST LIGHTED STORE in the CITY.

YOU KNOW A GOOD THING.

You know that the Dunlap is the most fashionable, most serviceable hat made. You know that it has many imitators but no equals. You know you feel better with a Dunlap as your head protector. You know that only the leading dealer in men's hats and furnishings is the sole agent in every city for the Dunlap. You know we are also agents for many other new fall hats.

E. J. GOLDEN,
56 Calhoun Street.

Younge's Medical and Surgical Institute,
Corner Calhoun and Lewis Sts.

For the successful treatment of NERVOUS DISEASES, CONSUMPTION, CATARRH, ASTHMA, CANCER, FEMALE DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, LIVER, KIDNEYS, GLEET, IMPOTENCY, GONORRHOEA, LOSS OF MANHOOD, 30 years experience, etc, etc, etc.

Office Days: Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

J. W. Younge, A. M. M. D. Pres.
No. 176 Calhoun Street.

Red Seal Boiler Compound

For the removal and prevention of Scale, Grease and Dirt in Steam Heaters and Boilers. Manufactured by
The CHERRY CHEMICAL CO.,
Office, HEED BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.
Agent Wanted for Fort Wayne and Vicinity. Write for Circular.

—THE—
FIDELITY BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION
—OF—
Fort Wayne, Indiana.

(Incorporated under the law of the state of Indiana.)

Pays to its members in case of accident according to occupation, from $5.00 to $25.00 per week, in case of sickness $10.00 per week, and in case of death of a member $100.00, at a cost of only $1.00 per month, thus protecting its members while living and burying them when dead. For particulars address or call at its office, room 7 Pixley & Long block, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

CARL SAUER, Pres't.
A. J. SCHROEDER, Sec'y.
C. H. WILHELM, Sup't.
DR. J. SCHILLING, Med. Dir'tr.

The Kyle Music Co.,
82 Calhoun Street.
Sheet music played for customers. Everything in music and jewelry.
Cash or easy payments.

THE CHICAGO CARPET RUG MFG'R,
At Cor. Wells and Superior Sts,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

Will weave Rugs from old and new carpet scraps of either Body Brussels, Tapestry, Moquette, Wilton and Velvet if furnished. Five Rugs can be made from Ingrain Carpet, which will only take dbs. to one square yd. Prices greatly reduced. S. REELING Prop'r.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says:

"THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL, published at Fort Wayne, Ind., has the highest circulation rating accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis."

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

The Largest Circulation in the State, Outside of Indianapolis.

ESTABLISHED 1833. TUESDAY, SEPT. 11, 1894. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Lining Department.

We appreciate the necessity of always having in stock such values as are certain to give our customers and dressmakers the best possible satisfaction.

OUR LINING DEPARTMENT

Has such qualities as sell quick—that hold trade. LINING DEPARTMENTS that do not appear healthy and active have usually grades of Linings that are unreliable that customers have tested and found wanting, and that dressmakers cannot conscientiously recommend to their patrons. Our Linings are highly spoken of by dressmakers "Sewing Circles" as being the best.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

Youman's

Knox,

Fall Style Stiff and Silk Hats in Black and Brown; also the

SCHOBLE HAT,

Which is one of the best

$4.00 HATS.

Are now to be had

—OF—

WM. MEYER & BRO.

Rooms 5 and 7 Arcade.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

FOR THIS WEEK.

Special lot very fine 40-cent straw matting this week at 25c.

Special purchase of twenty-five Antique Oak finish Bedroom suits, with large bevel mirrors in Chaval Dressers; suits worth $25 to $30, selling at $17. Will not last long.

Beautiful Bird's Eye White Maple Bedroom suit—very nobby—worth $75 for $39.50. Dresser has a special shape French mirror in it. This suit would cost you about double if purchased in Chicago or Grand Rapids.

Curly Birch Center Tables—new design, $4.85.

Special sale of 100-piece Dinner Sets of imported and domestic.

Porcelain China at $5.45, $6.45, $8.00, $9.25, and up to $20.00. We save you fully one-third on these goods.

FOSTERS.

J. G. THIEME & SON.

CLOTHING

Made Firm and Fit Perfect. Comprises the very Latest Fabrics, Cut and made in the very Latest Styles, which we offer at

POPULAR PRICES.

Call and Examine before buying.

Corner Columbia and Clinton Streets.

ARMIES INACTIVE.

China and Japan in Good Fighting Trim.

Japanese Maintain a Blockade of the Corean Coast,

And are Prepared for Active Operations.

The Chinese Fleet Will Open the Warfare in Earnest as Soon as Reinforcements Arrive.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Times from Wei Hai Wei today says that a commission composed of foreigners, after examining the incidents of the naval fight of July 25, declares that the Japanese were the aggressors. The Chinese, the commission adds, were careful to avoid the appearance of provocation, but the Japanese waylaid the Chinese, selecting a good position. The Chinese senior ship escaped, making a running fight, while greatly damaging her pursuers. The second Chinese ship fought until her ammunition was exhausted and two of her guns were destroyed. The same morning, it appears, the Japanese arrived from Seoul and attacked the Chinese at Asan. These operations were evidently well concerted.

The Chinese fleet, according to the Times' dispatch, is now collected at Wei Hai Wei and is in perfect fighting trim. The Chin Yuen has been repaired and is recruiting seamen freely. An excellent esprit de corps exists among the Chinese sailors and they are awaiting orders to enable them to assert the supremacy of China in Corean waters.

Continuing, the Times' correspondent cables that both the Chinese and Japanese armies in Corea are seemingly inactive. The Japanese have ordered the Coreans to cut their hair as a token of subjection. The Coreans refused to do so, preferring to fight for their liberty.

A dispatch received from Shanghai today says food and ammunition are said to be spoiling all along the route southward. As a result food is becoming very scarce in the Chinese army, although they are doing their best to live in the country. But the country is poor and although the Coreans profess willingness to help the Chinese they send in very little in the way of supplies.

Advices received from various sources say that the Chinese army in northern Corea is in a deplorable condition. The Chinese generals are reported to have proved themselves to be grossly incompetent and the officers of lower grades are discontented and disheartened while the rank and file of the Chinese army are exhausted and dispirited. What roads there were in that portion of the country a month ago have been washed away by the floods and consequently it is impossible to transport guns, ammunition and food through Manchuria, in Corea, for the Chinese army. Quantities of guns, ammunition and food previously sent southward have been blocked in different parts of the country by the bad state of the roads.

According to the dispatch referred to the report of Chinese naval activity is absurd. The Japanese are said to be maintaining such a strict blockade of the Corean coast that not even the smallest vessel can get through. Hundreds of Chinese soldiers are reported to have died of want and exposure and much sickness is said to exist in their ranks. On the other hand the Japanese are said to be much better prepared for active operations. They have succeeded in keeping their lines of communication open and have pushed their forces forward until they are now threatening the Chinese flank. The position of the latter, with winter rapidly advancing, threatens to become untenable.

Regarding the naval operations of the Chinese, the Shanghai dispatch says that orders were sent from Peking over a fortnight ago for all the Chinese squadrons to concentrate in the gulf of Pe Chi Li, but it appears that these orders were never carried out, and it is now announced that the Chinese naval plans have again been modified, peremptory orders having been sent to three of the most powerful vessels of the southern squadron to join Admiral Ting's fleet in the north without delay. When these reinforcements arrive, it is also asserted, the Chinese fleet will commence operations in real earnest against the Japanese. No confidence, however, is felt in Admiral Ting's ability to hold even the gulf of Pe Chi Li against the Japanese fleet, and, consequently, many steamers belonging to Chinese firms are being transferred to the British flag.

The raising of money for war purposes proceeds and the mandarins commanding the provinces and districts are reported to be squeezing the unfortunate Chinese without mercy. Traders and others possessing property are receiving particular attention upon the part of the mandarins. Three merchants of Suen Tung, who showed some hesitation in complying with the official demands, had their property confiscated.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 11—The mikado and several of his family will, on Thursday next, go to Hiroshima, the emblem place of the Japanese transport to Corea. The headquarters of the mikado will be transferred to Hiroshima after that date. Authentic news of the war cannot be obtained. The native press is subject to vigorous censorship and the representatives of foreign newspapers are not allowed to approach the seat of war. It is also impossible to transmit private advices in regard to the warlike operations, as the telegraph lines and mail routes are controlled by the government.

ROBBER SHOT.

He Proves to Be Thomas Cantwell, a Millionaire's Son.

With Some Companions He Attempts to Rob a Saloon-keeper of His Wealth.

CHICAGO, Sept 11.—Thomas Cantwell, the wayward son of the well-known politician, Thomas Cantwell, president of the Eagle Brewing company, was shot and instantly killed last night by ex-Pugilist Thomas Morgan, bartender at a saloon at 2000 State street. Cantwell and two other men, whose names are not known and who escaped, had entered the saloon when the bartender was counting the proceeds of the day's sales and demanded the money.

Morgan says: "Notwithstanding an order to do so, I had at no time thrown up my hands, but as Cantwell stood outside the bar, directly in front of me, and had me covered all the time, he supposed he had me. I had just watched him sharply and when the other robbers got around to the cash register and began to help himself, I unconsciously half turned my head, though the big revolver was still leveled at me. When I did so, the man at the bar took his eyes off me to see how the man at the cash register was getting along, and when he did so I reached in front of me and quicker than I can tell it, I had fired two shots at him. He dropped to the floor stone dead. To my training as a pugilist I owe my life, for if I had once attempted to draw my revolver while he had his eyes on me, I would have been shot and not he. I went at him with the gun pretty much the same as a fighter strikes out with his right hand. The couple of seconds he took in watching the man gave me time to draw myself."

GENERAL BOOTH.

The Salvation Army Leader Starts for America.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Detachments from the Salvation army from all parts of London assembled at Euston railroad station today in order to bid farewell to General Booth, who started for America. The general was loudly cheered by the soldiers of the army, who raised loud shouts of "hallelujah," "hallelujah," as the train left the station for Glasgow. The general will embark on board the Allan line steamship Carthaginian for St. Johns, N. F., and after making a tour of New Foundland and Canada he will reach New York about October 20, and proceed to the principal northern and western cities of the United States, eventually reaching San Francisco and finishing his tour at Seattle, Washington, on December 28.

KILLED BY A WOMAN.

A Disreputable Pensioner and His Paramour Have a Fatal Fight.

DAYTON, Ohio, Sept. 11.—Early this morning Ben P. Travies, aged fifty-five, a pensioner, and Julia A. Batten, aged fifty-four, his paramour, engaged in a quarrel with fatal results. The woman used a club on Travies, inflicting wounds about the head, from which he died a few hours later. She gave herself up to the police and claimed that the blows were struck in defending herself from his drunken brutality. They lived near the soldiers home.

FROST LAST NIGHT.

Corn and Garden Truck Killed or Badly Damaged.

OMAHA, Sept. 11.—Specials to the Bee from northeastern Nebraska and western Iowa report killing frosts last night. Late corn, flax and garden truck are reported as killed or badly damaged.

Exercising Clemency.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Replying to representations made by the Armenian communities in England, India and the United States, the Earl of Kimberley, secretary of state for foreign affairs, writes that he has received a telegraphic report from the British consul at Angora, Asiatic Turkey, saying that in accordance with the instructions of the porte, all the Armenians to the number of 170, who were sentenced by the Turkish court, have been released and orders have been given to reopen the cases of the seventeen who were condemned to death.

Army Chaplains.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 11.—The National Association of Army and Navy Chaplains met in the Y. M. C. A. rooms and elected Rev. T. H. Hagerty, chaplain of the Ninety-third Illinois, president, and Chaplain G. C. McCabe, of the One Hundred and Twenty-second Ohio, secretary. A resolution was adopted expressing the interest which the chaplains still feel in the soldiers to whom they administered in war times.

Prince Bismarck.

BERLIN, Sept. 11.—A dispatch from Varzin this morning says that Prince Bismarck continues to enjoy good health, and that Princess Bismarck is recovering. She left her bed and is gaining strength daily.

Attend International Business college Schmitz block. 141d

HAD A LIVELY TIME.

Bitter Fight in a Populists Convention at Hammond.

It Ends in a Row and Two Tickets are Placed in the Field—Two Aggressive Factions.

HAMMOND, Ind., Sept. 11.—The populists of Lake county met in delegate convention here last night. The convention opened with a row over the selection of a chairman, the defeated aspirant denouncing his defeat as having been brought about by trickery. A committee on resolutions reported and then the real battle began. The convention was divided into two aggressive factions, one which desired fusion and the other contended for a straight ticket. The committee report favored no endorsement of any candidate on any other ticket and this report was adopted. The chair ruled that the convention could nominate a man who had been nominated on another ticket, though under the resolutions it could not endorse such candidate. An appeal was taken and resulted in defeat for the chair. The chair, however, ruled that it took a two-thirds vote to overrule him, and so declared the appeal lost. Those against the chair then began to withdraw and pandemonium reigned. Vile names and curses were hurled at the chairman and his faction.

Editor Knotts, of the populist paper, ebook his fist under the chairman's nose. He then mounted a table and denounced the proceedings and by this time chairs were jumped up and down, curses freely vented and one of the most disgraceful scenes kept up for half an hour. Then the kickers withdrew and in their absence the remainder proceeded to nominate a full ticket, as follows:

Representative, Joseph H. Guernsey, clerk, Peter J. Lyons; sheriff, Charles H. Freidrich; treasurer, C. N. Towle; surveyor, George W. Fisher; coroner, A. Seidler; commissioners F. J. Smith and John Blakeman.

The nominees for representative, clerk, sheriff, coroner and one commissioner have been nominated by the democrats. The nominee for surveyor is the republican candidate and the other is a straight populist. The convention promptly adjourned and retired to the office of a notary public, where the nominations were certified to as the regular populist ticket. They were leaving the hall, when the kickers returned and organized by naming as chairman the man defeated at the outset of the convention, and as secretary a man whose intoxicated condition kept him constantly attempting to speak and totally neglect his records. With little preliminary work a ticket was nominated. It is as follows:

Representative, Robert Hoffel; clerk, Abraham Oltenkeimer; treasurer, John Blakeman; coroner, Dr. C. O. Bostwick; commissioners, Charles Lavene and James P. Downs.

The surveyorship was left to the option of the county chairman. That individual was nominated for commissioner by one convention and for treasurer by the other. He will probably decline the nomination for commissioner. Which is the real populist ticket will doubtless be decided by the courts.

It is openly charged that republicans bought up delegates to secure the nomination of a straight ticket, as they hoped by this means to elect their own ticket.

WAR IN PROGRESS.

Natives of Lombok Seek to Throw Off the Dutch Yoke.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11.—B. T. Tinens, a graduate of Cambridge, Eng., who has been traveling for the past nine months, arrived here from Batavia, Java, in company with several friends. He says there is a violent insurrection of the natives on the island of Lombok against the Dutch rulers. The native island king has joined forces with the natives and unitedly they are doing all they can to throw off the Dutch yoke. War is in actual progress. How many have been killed on both sides is not known, but at the last engagement the Dutch forces were repelled. In Batavia there was great excitement.

"Everybody expected," said Mr. Tinens, "that the revolution would spread and it was thought the war might be long and bloody. A month ago, when I was there, communication was entirely cut off. The reason for this was that the Dutch government has seized all the steamers and sailing vessels and pressed them into service. There was a single French steamer running and on this I managed to get away. The Dutch were then collecting all their forces and forwarding them to the island as fast as possible. Up to the time I left Batavia they had sent sixty-nine from that post. The island is large and contains the large tin mines. It also produces a large amount of sugar, coffee, indigo, fruits and other products. It is very thickly populated."

Nothing has been known of this war except as communicated by brief dispatches some weeks ago.

PERU'S STREET FAIR A SUCCESS.

Satisfactory Results of the Novel Exhibition's First Day.

PERU, Ind., Sept. 11.—The first day of the street fair proved that the exhibition, which will continue all week, will be a complete success. Broadway, the principal business street, was crowded from one extremity to the other with exhibits. It is an attraction somewhat similar to a county fair, but with the exception of being held on the streets and being free to everybody. All the merchants have erected booths in front of their stores and display their goods, and in the center of the streets the stock and other farm exhibits are shown. Attractions such as daily balloon ascensions, races on the street, fireworks, etc., assist in amusing the crowds.

AMERICAN CITIZENS

Compelled to Flee From Bluefields to Save Their Lives.

They are Pursued by the Native Officers, But Manage to Reach a United States Man-of-War.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Among the passengers on the steamer Adirondack, which arrived here today from Port Limon, were Chas. E. Brown, Benj. F. Allen and Henry B. Williamson, refugees from Bluefields. They are American citizens engaged in business at that port. Williamson says that they had a very exciting time of it at Bluefields. Having learned through a friend that an order had been issued for their arrest, they proceeded up the river in a small boat and remained in concealment until August 30, when they managed to get aboard the United States cruiser Marblehead. On getting aboard that vessel Williamson stated to Captain O'Neil that he had given no cause to the Bluefields authorities to warrant their arresting him, and would willingly go ashore and stand trial, providing Captain O'Neil would protect him. This Captain O'Neil would not guarantee. The Marblehead was at Bluefields outside the bar. The cruiser Columbia sailed September 3d from Port Limon for Bluefields.

WILL INVESTIGATE CHARACTERS.

Good Citizens' League to Learn the Records of Office Seekers.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 11.—The state central committee of the Good Citizen's league held its first meeting yesterday for organization and for entering in a systematic manner upon the work of the campaign. The committee is composed of leading members of the Christian Endeavor, the Epworth league, the Baptist Young People's union and other kindred organizations. The committee determined to make a systematic inquiry into the character, habits, public and private life and political records of each of the candidates on the state tickets and tickets for congress, and make a full and unreserved report to the league of all matters for or against the nominees. The local committees will make similar inquiries regarding county tickets, and thus the record, public and private, of every candidate for office will be made known. The committee says that it is receiving much encouragement from the best men of all parties, and it expects to throw on the search light regardless of what may be revealed.

SEVERAL CASES OF VARIOLOID.

Supposed to Have Come From Dr. Bond's Family.

WALKERTON, Ind., Sept. 11.—Several well developed cases of variloid have appeared here within the last few days. The disease seems to have originated in the family of Dr. Bond, whose wife and mother died with what has been pronounced smallpox. There are fifteen members in the family and it is pretty certain that most of them have been exposed. Charles Gudney is also reported as being confined. Dr. Wilson, of Plymouth, Ind., was called in this afternoon. Dr. Metcalf, secretary of the state board of health, was expected here last night. The town is not quarantined.

DEATH OF THE GYPSY QUEEN.

Bridget Gorman, the Aged Ruler of the Wanderers, Expires.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 11.—Bridget Gorman, known as the queen of gypsies in America, died Sunday night at her camp near this city, aged seventy five. She has ruled in America since the death of her husband, King John Gorman, two years ago, and will be succeeded by her son, Bartley Gorman, under a regency. Hundreds of dispatches are being sent to the gypsies in different parts of the country yesterday. The queen lived a roaming life all her days and was popular with her subjects.

A Gloomy Feeling.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 11.—The eighth annual convention of the superintendents of the American cemeteries began in this city today. Mayor Stuart delivered an address of welcome which was responded to by President William Salway, Spring Grove cemetery, Cincinnati. Mr. Arthur W. Hobart, of Cincinnati, read an essay upon "The management of a modern cemetery" and Robert Scrivener, Cedar Hill, Hartford, Conn., upon "the advantages to the management and to the holders of the modern or lawn plan for cemeteries." In the afternoon a session was held at Harleigh cemetery, Camden, when Mayor Wescott delivered an address of welcome.

Foreign Battle.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 11.—Mr. Beazley and the Rev. Mr. Firminger, who reached Dar Es Salaam, German East Africa, in a dhow from Kilwa Island, off that coast, on September 9, have arrived here and report that the governor's house at Kilwa was attacked by 2,000 natives, armed with flintlock rifles, on the morning of September 7. The fight lasted two hours and the natives were repulsed with a loss of one hundred killed. The Germans lost one Soudanese soldier killed and one German soldier wounded. When Messrs Beazley and Firminger left the island a renewal of the attack was expected.

THE PARADE.

Forty Thousand Old Veterans In Line.

With Bent Forms and Furrowed Brows.

They March Past Batteries of Bright Eyes

In Great Contrast to the Scenes of Thirty Years Ago.

Smiling Faces and Happy Greetings Meet Them at Every Turn as They Hobble Along.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept 11.—Forty thousand men who fought to save the union, marched through the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny today. The old familiar war tunes to which their comrades rushed to victory or to death filled the air and re-echoed back from the surrounding hills. The music made their hearts beat as in the stirring times of thirty years ago, and brought the flush of patriotism and courage to their cheeks. But while they stepped out boldly and bravely, they could not straighten their bent forms, nor conceal their gray hair and furrowed cheeks. They carried no heavy rifle with its glittering bayonet, but sided their aged limbs with walking canes, while here and there in the lines of blue came a comrade on crutches. They marched not beneath yawning muzzles of frowning cannons, but past battery after battery of bright eyes, while the fair enemy waived white handkerchiefs and applauded with shrill, sweet voices. On every street corner and vacant lot rose tier upon tier of human faces, and as the veterans passed cheer after cheer greeted them. Every window along the route, the fire escapes and rooftops were crowded, while the side walks were packed solidly from the building line to the wire ropes stretched along the curb to prevent interference with the free movement of the parade of the Grand Army of the Republic.

At 10:30 o'clock the parade started from the historic Monongahela house, on the banks of the river, from which it takes its name. First came company A, Second battalion naval reserves, N. G. P., guard of honor to Commander-in-Chief Adams. Then followed the departments of the G. A. R. in the following order: Illinois, Wisconsin, Ohio, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Maine, California, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Vermont, Potomac, Virginia and North Carolina, Maryland, Nebraska, Michigan, Iowa, Colorado and Wyoming, Kansas, Delaware, Minnesota, Missouri, Oregon, Kentucky, West Virginia, South Dakota, Washington and Alaska, Arkansas, New Mexico, Utah, Tennessee, Louisiana and Mississippi, Florida, Montana, Texas, Idaho, Arizona, Georgia, Alabama, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Indiana, Pennsylvania.

The decorations of the two cities were most lavish. It was stated by men who attended many previous encampments that while individual displays may have been excelled in other cities they had never seen decorations on such a generous and general scale. Hardly a dwelling, no matter how poor nor how far from the route of the parade but at least had a flag, and usually a display of bunting as well, while the business houses in every part of the cities made a gorgeous showing. This was probably the last time the veterans will turn out in such force, as it is seriously contemplated by the G. A. R. officials, in view of the advancing age and infirmities of the members, to abandon this most attractive feature of the national encampment. Therefore they proposed to make the last parade a success, and tramped over the two miles of route with the same determination that characterized them when they marched against the southern armies.

Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania, with his staff and a number of notable men and women from all parts of the country, occupied the reviewing stand in the Allegheny park, and saluted each division as it swung around and passed in review. The arrangements for the comfort of the marchers were excellent. At short distances apart were stationed emergency hospitals, with the red cross fluttering before the door, while all along the route were men with cool water and lemonade for the veterans.

It is impossible to form any accurate estimate of the spectators. Every available inch along the route was packed. Every side street was jammed full of people for a hundred yards back, and the house tops for blocks away were hidden by masses of enthusiastic spectators. A rough estimate is that between 500,000 and 600,000 people saw the parade. Of this number 200,000 to 250,000 came over the railroads, 100,000 arriving this morning. The almost innumerable lines of the electric roads running to thickly settled suburbs within a radius of fifteen miles, brought as many more. The old soldiers appreciated the honor done them and turned out in force but few being seen out of line while the parade was moving. But this was not their only reason for determining to make the parade one to be long remembered. The weather was perfect. The sky put on its deepest blue tint, relieved here and there by white, fleecy clouds, without the suggestion of a storm; the sun shone brilliantly, but its rays were tempered by a cool and bracing breeze. It was an ideal day for a parade, both for the men in line and for the spectators.

The National Association of Naval Veterans met again this morning and elected the following officers: Commodore, Will E. Atkins, Cincinnati; captain and shipmate, George C. Ireland, Brooklyn; commander, G. W. Shaw, Zanesville, Ohio; lieutenant commander, J. J. Gillman, Boston. Henry Paul, a member of the West Virginia post, was struck by a Birmingham electric car and injured, but not seriously. Governor McKinley, of Ohio, and his staff are at the Monongahela house.

NEARLY A DUEL.

Allen and Alberti, Opposing Politicians, Have a Quarrel.

Friends Keep Between the Belligerents Just in Time to Prevent Bloodshed.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 11.—County Attorney John R. Allen, a leading Breckenridge campaign orator, and Prof. Charles M. Alberti, an Owens speaker, who have been exchanging uncomplimentary remarks upon the raging stump in the Ashland district for the past week, came together in a restaurant today, and but for the timely interference there would have been bloodshed. Alberti made a fiery speech at a meeting last night, which Allen read in the papers. Allen started out to find Alberti and was told he was in Davis' restaurant, at breakfast. Allen entered and, walking up to Alberti, struck him in the face with an open hand. One story is that Allen drew a pistol and Alberti called out that he was unarmed, and dared the former to shoot him down in cold blood. Another story is that both men drew pistols and prepared for action, when Proprietor Davis separated them. Davis, Allen and Alberti refuse to make a statement. The report of the sensational meeting has created intense excitement.

CLOSED ON SUNDAY.

Kansas City People Exact a Promise From Mayor Davis.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 11.—At least 1,000 people, representing three law and order leagues and twenty-nine churches of this city, called at the city hall yesterday afternoon and, through their spokesman, Thomas Jones, president of the Missouri Christian Endeavor society, made a demand on the police board to enforce the law relative to the closing of saloons on Sunday. The members of the police board were taken by surprise, but Mayor Davis responded to the demands of the people by promising to have the law enforced.

TWO ARRESTS.

Two Officials Who Are Accused of Crookedness.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The arrest of Postmaster K. C. Taylor and Notary Public A. G. McCombs, of Terry, Ark., for violation of section 5479 of the revised statutes, prohibiting the counterfeiting or altering of legal papers was reported to the postoffice department today. The investigation and arrest was made by Postoffice Inspector Thomas, of the St. Louis division.

FRIGHTFUL DUEL.

Two Farmers Cut and Slash Each Other Into Mince Meat.

BOWLING GREEN Ky., Sept. 11.—A frightful duel with knives was fought by two prominent farmers, Thomas Osborn and Marcus Murphy, near Polkville, last evening. Murphy's hogs broke into Osborn's corn field and this caused the trouble. The two cut and slashed each other in an indescribable, frightful manner and were both found dying in pools of blood.

A NOVEL SUIT.

A Suit Against Forcing an Attorney to Perform His Duties.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 11. The state auditor has decided to bring a mandamus suit against the attorney general, compelling him to bring suit against the insolvent Illinois Building and Loan association, of Bloomington, which the attorney general refuses to prosecute. It will be a warm fight between the auditor and attorney general.

GERMAN PYTHIANS TO SECEDE.

Koerner Lodge, of Indianapolis, Leads in the New Movement.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 11.—At a meeting of Koerner lodge, Knights of Pythias, last night a resolution was adopted withdrawing from the grand lodge. The Koerner lodge is composed of Germans and it is understood that the lodges of the country are to withdraw and establish a grand lodge of German Pythians.

A MASONIC RING

Leads to the Identity of a Suicide at Cheyenne.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Sept. 11.—The guest at the International hotel, registered as George R. Maxwell, of Mexico, who died Saturday night, of opium poisoning is believed to have resided in Ispheming, Mich. His identity was discovered by means of a Masonic ring which he wore.

J. D. Williams expert accountant. Office: 63 East Main street.

BREEDS DISEASE.

Death Lurks Where Filth is Allowed to Accumulate.

Let the Foul Places Be Attacked by the Board and the City Saved From a Pestilential Visitation.

The prevalence in the city of typhoid fever, diphtheria and other dis eases, and the deaths resulting from them, should awaken our board of health to the inquiry whether they are not in some degree responsible for this state of affairs by reason of their not looking properly after the sanitary condition of the city.

Filth breeds disease. Where it accumulates it sends out its poisonous odors and the human system catches them with every breath that is drawn into the lungs. The germs of disease are thus engendered and the victims of this almost criminal carelessness of somebody are stricken down with sickness, and death, in many cases, follows as a result.

When a sewer is clogged up the accumulations poison the atmosphere in the vicinity. The same conditions are also brought about by the improper ventilation of cellars and the filth that is allowed to accumulate in them. Both of these measures to health should be guarded against and measures taken by the authorities to stamp them out wherever they are found to exist. Is this being done?

Some months ago, when it was thought that cholera would visit this country our city was placed in a good sanitary condition by its then excellent health officer, who did not think it too much trouble to bestir himself and insist upon everybody obeying his clean-up orders. Now, when pestilence is stalking abroad in our midst, why are not the same orders issued and enforced by our board of health?

Complaint comes to THE SENTINEL office almost every day concerning filth that is allowed to accumulate in different parts of the city. Cellars of grocery establishments and commission houses, where decayed vegetables send forth their sickening odors and disease breeding germs, are pointed out and we are asked to plead for an abatement of the nuisance, that the health of these communities may not be endangered. If men want wholesale storehouses for their filth, they ought not to be allowed to locate them in the heart of the city.

The board of health does not need the aid of a "smelling committee" to find these public nuisances. If they will bestir themselves, their olfactories will be able to detect where they are without very much trouble. Let them get out on a "little smelling expedition" of their own and they will soon run across these disease-breeding fountains and prevent to a large extent the further spread of pestilence in this city. Now is the time to act. Let them do so at once and check a contagion that is sure to come with the advent of the fall months if every part of our city is not placed in a good sanitary condition.

NEW ORPHANS HOME.

Articles of Incorporation To Be Drawn at Once.

A Long Needed Institution To Be Established Somewhere in the Environs of Fort Wayne.

Last night, in the office of Attorney T. E. Ellison, the initiatory steps were taken for the establishment in this county of a benevolent institution, which will be wide-spread in its usefulness.

Some months ago the Humane society recommended that a committee of citizens take up the work of establishing an orphans' home in the suburbs of this city. A committee was formed and last night a portion of these gentlemen met and instructed Mr. Ellison to draw up articles of incorporation. The gentlemen who were present in Attorney Ellison's office last night were: J. D. Bond, J. F. W. Myers, Matthew A. Ferguson, Geo. H. Wilson, Geo. W. Brackenridge and T. E. Ellison.

The funds for the home will come partly from the county and partly from private sources. There is a growing need for the home and it will greatly facilitate the work of the Humane society. The proposed institution will be strictly non sectarian.

At present there are thirteen small orphan children at the county infirmary and there will be many more before the winter is over. This is no place for the little ones as they can scarcely be kept from contact with tramps and persons who naturally find their way to a county infirmary. This state of affairs, however, can not be remedied until a non sectarian home is provided. The good people of Fort Wayne will wish the proposed institution every success.

STATE CONVENTION.

Pennsylvania Democrats Nominate Congressmen-at-Large.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 11.—The democratic state convention reconvened here today to fill the vacancies on the state ticket caused by the death of Hannibal K. Sloan, of Indiana county, and the withdrawal of ex-Judge Bucher, of Union, the nominees for congressmen-at-large. There was a small representation of delegates and the work of the convention was done through without any unnecessary delay. Thomas H. Collins, of Bellefontaine, and Harry Myers, of Allegheny, were unanimously chosen to fill the vacancies. Resolutions endorsing President Cleveland and Governor Pattison, and reaffirming the platform and principles of the democratic party were adopted and the convention adjourned.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

It is in Session This Week at Westminster Church.

Promises To Be Unusually Instructive—Illustrated Lectures on the Rocky Mountains This Evening.

The Institute of Allen county teachers began its annual session yesterday afternoon at the Westminster church.

Superintendent Young presides, and the following is the efficient corps of instructors: A. R. Chapman, teacher of methods, state normal school, Terre Haute, Ind.; Dr. C. R. Dryer, teacher of geography, state normal school, Terre Haute, Ind; Sarah E. Tarney-Campbell, Auburn, Ind; T. A. Mott, superintendent Wayne county, Richmond, Ind; Chester T. Lane, A. B., Harry Wise, A. B., Albert B. Crow, A. B.; M. Belle Clark, teacher of music; Waraup sisters, of Hunterstown.

Organization was effected by the selection of Miss Winton as secretary, and J. C. Hamilton, assistant. After an opening address by Superintendent Young, Professor Chapman took up the subject of "Theory and Practice." He was followed by Dr. Dryer, who made his discussion of geography very entertaining. A fifteen minutes recess was then taken, after which Professor Chapman talked regarding "Methods of Reading." With Professor Lane's able discussion of "History" the work of the afternoon was concluded at 4 o'clock.

TODAY'S SESSION.

This morning there was a very large attendance. Rev. Marble opened the institute with devotional exercises at 9 o'clock. Professor Chapman, of Terre Haute, continued his dissertation on "Theory and Method." He said that the means of education are the five great institutions of man. The school has only a part and the home is the first. The individual is the center of all the institutions. The child is not for the institution but the institution for the child.

Professor Lane continued his talk on "History." He emphasized the importance of seeking to have the pupil study colonial history in a manner so as to show the grand trend of United States history to the ultimate development of the nation. The pupil should be taught to realize the importance of every detail in colonial affairs.

Professor Mott spoke on the "Spirit of the Teacher." He said the teacher should enter into his or her work with a lofty ideal. To be successful one should hunger and thirst for the truth. His discourse was particularly interesting.

TOMORROW'S PROGRAM

The following is the program for tomorrow:

FORENOON.

9:00-9:15—Devotions ..... Rev. Rice
9:15-9:35—Method in Number ..... Chapman
9:35-10:20—Arithmetic ..... Lane
10:30-10:35—Rest.
10:35-11:00—Geography ..... Dryer
11:00-11:20—Method in Number ..... Chapman
11:20-12:00—Primary Language, Mrs. Campbell

AFTERNOON.

1:30-2:00—Method in History ..... Chapman
2:00-2:20—Primary Language ..... Mrs. Campbell
2:20-2:40—Rest.
2:40-3:10—Method in History ..... Chapman
3:10-3:40—Primary Language Mrs. Campbell
3:40-4:00—Music ..... Miss Clark

CARLISLE'S DECISION.

The Reciprocity Conditions of the Tariff Law Explained.

It Doesn't Apply to Canada and Lumber From That Country Will Be Admitted Free.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Secretary Carlisle decided today in a letter addressed to the collector of customs at New York that the "reciprocity" condition attached by the new tariff bill to the provision for the free admission of lumber did not apply to the dominion of Canada. The letter says: "Referring to paragraph 681 of the act of August 28, 1894, which provides that when articles of wood mentioned in the free list of said act or imported from any country which lays an export duty or imposes discriminating stumpage duos on any of them, they shall be subject to the duties existing prior to the passage of said act, inform you that this department is officially advised that there are no export duties on the articles in question when brought from Canada, and that no discriminating stumpage duos are imposed by the dominion government. Such importations will therefore be entitled to free entry."

Secretary Carlisle, in a letter today addressed to Senator Caffery, of Louisiana, officially decided, as predicted in the Associated Press dispatches last week, that under the new tariff law it would be unlawful to appoint inspectors, weighers and testers of bounty sugars under the McKinley act, and further, that congress having made no application for the employment of such officials, the laws of the United States prohibit the employment of such persons to serve without pay.

MACCABEES.

Lansing, Mich., is Swarming With Them Today.

LANSING, Mich., Sept. 11.—Lansing is swarming with Maccabees today. The day is perfect. Excursion trains were arriving all the morning, the last to come being from Saginaw and Bay City. It is the largest throng ever seen here. The work of the great camp begins tomorrow and the great hive this evening. Fourteen bands are participating in a tournament this afternoon. Tomorrow there will be a prize drill by the uniform rank.

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DR. B. GARD—To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex, may consult me free of charge at my office, 11 West Wayne street. Telephone 342.

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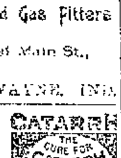

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The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 11 1894

Democratic State Ticket.

[illegible]

Democratic County Ticket.

[illegible]

Wayne Township Ticket.

[illegible]

TONIGHT.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Lecture by Mrs Cuthinson "Christian Womanhood."

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE—Lecture by Rev. Leeper on "The Wonderland of the Rockies."

CITY COUNCIL—Regular meeting.

TRADES UNIONS—Railway Trainmen; Railway Carmen; Stonemasons.

LODGES—A. O. U. W. Nos. 2 and 11, D. of H.; Fort Wayne lodge No. 116, K. of P.; Pythian Sisters, Sons of St. George, Darius council, Princes of Jerusalem, Lincoln commandery No. 4, Colored Masons; Deborah lodge No. 110, D. of R.

Be on Guard.

The cholera will bear watching. It is steadily moving westward. It exists in nineteen Russian provinces, where deaths by the hundred occur daily. It is prevalent in Galicia, where the mortality list is constantly increasing. In east Prussia, especially in Dantzic, the situation grows worse in spite of the closing of the frontier at Golub, on the river Drewenz, opposite Dobrzyn, Poland. According to official report cholera bacilli have been found floating in the river Vistula and a number of fatal cases are also privately reported from Holm and Golub. The rest of Germany appears to be free from cholera, although a few sporadic cases have occurred here and there. It is not too early for the people of this country to take note of the advance of the plague in Europe. Here, at Fort Wayne, precautionary measures should be taken by every citizen. It may appear at the eastern seaboard, only twenty-four hours away, at any time. The hurry and scurry of two years ago, when the plague ships reached New York harbor, will never again be necessary if we are attentive to the simple and well-known laws of hygiene.

Statistics of Illiteracy.

From the statistics of illiteracy in the United States in 1890, it appears that, of the total population, ten years of age and over, in 1890, 13.4 per cent., or one eighth, were illiterate. Ten years earlier a similar proportion was 17 per cent., or about one sixth, showing an immense reduction in the proportion of illiterates. This reduction has taken place in the ranks of the native born whites and of the colored, while among the foreign born the proportion has increased. Thus, the proportion of illiterates among the native whites was in 1890 6.2 per cent., and in 1880 8.7 per cent. Among the colored the corresponding proportions were 56.8 per cent. and 70 per cent. Among the foreign-born, on the other hand, the proportion of illiterates in 1890 was 13.1 per cent., and in 1880 12 per cent., an increase to be accounted for by the excessive immigration of the decade and by the character of much of that immigration, which consisted of the lower classes of southern and eastern Europe—Italians, Huns, Poles and Bohemians. The illiteracy of the country is, therefore, mainly represented by the foreign-born and the colored elements, and by the latter in much greater degree than the former. Considering the entire population the states in which illiteracy is most prevalent are those of the south. Mason and Dixon's line, the Ohio river and the Thirty-seventh parallel of latitude separate the literate from the illiterate states. North of that line the proportion of illiteracy ranges from 3.1 in Nebraska up to 12.8 in Nevada. South of that line it ranges from 14.6 in the District of Columbia to 45.8 in Louisiana, if we except Oklahoma, which was largely settled from Kansas and carried Kansas education with it. Indeed, throughout the cotton states the proportion ranges high, being 40 per cent. in Mississippi, 41 in Alabama, nearly 40 in Georgia and 45 in South Carolina. In the northern states, throughout New England and the upper Mississippi valley, the average is between 5 and 6 per cent.

Analysis shows that the colored people of the south measurably affect the foreign born of the north. The distribution of illiteracy among the native whites is in its broader features quite similar to that of the total population. The north contains a very small proportion of illiterates, ranging from 0.8 per cent. in Nevada up to 6.8 in Missouri, while in the south, again leaving Oklahoma out of consideration, the proportion [illegible] in Maryland up to [illegible] in North Carolina. The proportion of illiterates among the native whites of the western states and territories is smaller than anywhere else, with the exception of New Mexico, where it is larger than in any other state or territory, being not less than [illegible] per cent., owing, of course, to the presence of the large Mexican population. Among the foreign born the proportion ranges in these states where the element is significant from 7 per cent. in Washington up to 25 in New Hampshire. It is very high in New England—much higher than in other parts of the northern states, owing to the large number of French Canadians. It is low in the west and northwest, where the foreign element mainly consists of Germans and Scandinavians. The colored inhabitants of the northern states have a much smaller proportion of illiterates than those of the southern states. In the north the average is not far from 30 per cent., while in the south it is probably nearly or quite double that proportion. Among the cotton states it ranges from 50 per cent. in Florida to 72 in Louisiana. In Mississippi, Georgia, Alabama and the Carolinas it ranges between 60 and 70 per cent.

Possibilities of Travel.

It is evident that what may be termed electrical science is yet in its infancy, and marvelous will be the revelations that will disclose themselves by the end of the century. But when electricity has to act in conjunction with mechanism, in other words, when electricity is the motor and mechanism the vehicle the action resulting must fall within the purview of mechanical law, and mechanical action has not that lightning like character that we associate with electricity. In discussing forthcoming electrical railroads some of the projectors, with more enthusiasm than mechanical knowledge, allow themselves to be sanguine that a speed of trains can be obtained of 200 miles per hour. This would be a speed of a little more than 293 feet per second, and a four inch trolley wheel, if the trolley system be used, would be required to turn at the rate of over 183 revolutions per second.

It will at once be seen that no such velocity could be applicable on anything more than an almost inappreciable curve, but of course a train could be "slowed" in rounding these. But there is not in the present time any known principle of construction for wheel rotation, involving the necessary weights, in which the centrifugal tendency at such a speed would be compatible with safety. Of course it is well understood that, where the reversible feature of piston and crank action can be dispensed with, higher mechanical motion can be secured, and it is true that electrical action far exceeds steam action in quickness, but a law governs mechanical rotation, and the safe limit is passed a considerable time prior to obtaining a speed of 200 feet per second. Even with the present speed of railway trains hot boxes are a frequent and annoying as well as dangerous feature, and, as stated, unless some radical change for the better in the rotary principle is discovered, it will be found that the maximum of speed has been reached in some of our fastest express trains. At all events, it might be well for a time to aim at a speed of 125 miles per hour, as, more than likely, the practical mechanical limit will be found not far beyond the 100-mile gauge.

At a speed of 200 miles per hour a car wheel having a diameter of thirty inches would have to make thirty nine revolutions per second—a rate of rotation that may be set down as entirely beyond the practical limit. It will be understood at once that these high train velocities demand absolute protection of roadway, no compound curves, no depressions or elevation, save the most gradual, involving miles of distance; for this proposed speed is to excel anything in the material line save such bodies as move as projectiles by explosive propulsion.

Shall Woman Bike?

It is a question which threatens to occupy as large a share of public attention as even the tariff did itself. Churches, clubs and families have been set by the ears by it. Pages of newspapers are filled with discussion as to whether it is "womanly" for the fair sex to ride a bicycle, the writers evidently forgetting that anything is "womanly" when the majority of the sex make up their minds to do it.

If ever the lady cyclists want a fast and fighting friend, however, they have only to call on the gallant Providence Journal. A recent editorial in that paper, warmly commending the wheel as an athletic exercise for ladies, closes as follows:

The bicycle has come to stay, and woman [illegible]

[illegible]

TRUE BALLOT REFORM.

Indiana Democrats' Record in This Subject.

How the Legislature of 1889 Was [illegible]

Shameless Abuses of the Old System — Dudley's "Blocks of Five" — Vote Buying as a Fine Art. Republicans Assail the Australian Ballot — It Knocks It Out. The Enduring Glory of the Democratic Party.

It is a remarkable fact in the history of the American commonwealths that, while progressing so rapidly in other respects, they have always been sluggish [illegible] in matters relating to the [illegible]

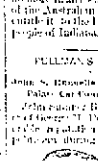
[illegible] They invented what has since been widely famed as the Australian ballot law. While not perfect, nor a complete remedy for all abuses, the Australian system is undoubtedly the best yet devised to the purpose. While simple in operation, the results under honest administration are so drastic as to satisfy the most exacting. Indiana was among the first of the states of the American Union to adopt this new system. When the Democratic party took charge of the legislature in 1889 one of the first measures introduced was a bill to reform the ballot, modeled on the Australian law. The Republican party opposed it bitterly. Under the old system that party had enjoyed a great advantage. The loose methods and imperfect details afforded facilities for the practice of those abuses in which the Republican party had become an adept and an artist. Under the old laws that shameless traffic in votes, which for years made the name of Indiana a byword and a reproach, had been brought by the Republican party to such a degree of perfection that honest elections were an impossibility under these laws. Dudley's two dollar-bill campaign of 1888 converted the whole state into a market for the purchase and sale of votes. Under these laws in 1888 Dudley reduced the "blocks of five" system to a fine art. Our elections for years were running farces, when not bloody tragedies, and free government was practically overthrown by the poisoning of its basic principle at the fountain source.

From all these evils the state was rescued by the Democratic ballot law, which first went into operation at the fall election in 1890. Then, for the first time probably since the war, Indiana had an election that was absolutely honest and fair. The humblest citizen was able to vote in perfect secrecy, undeterred by the pestiferous "ticket handler" on the one hand or the partisan intimidator on the other. Crowds of hoodlums no longer assembled around the polls to abash or influence the honest voter. The trade of the vote buyer was abolished and the occupation of the whipper-in was gone. Under this new law it was found practically impossible to bring the power of money to bear to influence votes. Nor can the wealthy employer control his workingmen as formerly, as under the Australian system it is impossible to ascertain how any man casts his ballot. These and other evils were removed, and it is not too much to say that Indiana now enjoys an electoral system that is substantially perfect. Elections being honest and the count fair, the people acquiesce peacefully and cheerfully in the will of the majority as ascertained at the polls. No longer is the bitter complaint heard that "the state was bought" or "the count was not honest," which once constituted the aftermath of every general election held in the state from the 60's to the 90's. It is the enduring glory of the Democratic party that it placed this great law on the statute book and thereby rescued the state from the incalculable evils incident to a corrupted suffrage. Not only was it the greatest of reforms itself, but it was the fruitful parent of other great reforms which depend for realization upon an honest system of voting. Had the Democratic party done no more in all its later career than the passage of the Australian ballot law would alone entitle it to the lasting gratitude of the people of Indiana.

PULLMAN'S LEGAL ADVISER.

John S. Runnells Who Looks After the Palace Car Company's Law Business.

John Solomon Runnells, the legal adviser of George M. Pullman, has won considerable reputation as lawyer, orator and politician during his [illegible] years of existence. He is a native of New Hampshire and a son of Rev. John Runnells, a Baptist clergyman. His ancestors were among the early settlers of New England and his great grandfather was the last survivor of the battle of Bunker Hill. He was born [illegible]



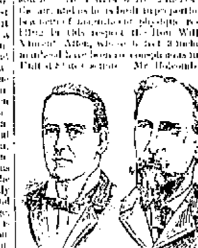
JOHN S. RUNNELLS.

[illegible]

MAJORS VERSUS HOLCOMB.

The Rival Republican and Populist Candidates for Governor of Nebraska.

Silas A. Holcomb, the Populist nominee for governor of Nebraska, [illegible] Mr. Holcomb is a



SILAS A. HOLCOMB. THOMAS J. MAJORS.

native of Gibson county, Ind., and is 50 years of age. Last year the Populists nominated him for justice of the supreme court, but he met with defeat. He resides in Broken Bow and is a well known lawyer and judge of the district court.

Thomas J. Majors, the Republican candidate for governor and present lieutenant governor of Nebraska, was born in Jefferson county, Ills., 55 years ago. He attended the common schools until he was 18 and then went to work. He spent some time at Pike's Peak and in 1859 removed to Nebraska, where he has since remained. When Fort Sumter was fired upon, Majors entered the First Nebraska infantry and served five years, three of which were in the south.

Upon his return to Nebraska in 1866 he was elected a member of the territorial council, and when statehood was conferred upon Nebraska he was sent to the first and second sessions of the new state senate. During the first session he introduced and assisted in passing bills locating state normal schools and attended one of them for a year. President Grant appointed Majors collector of internal revenue for the district including Nebraska, an office he held for five years. Since then he has been one of the most active politicians in the state.

In 1890 Majors was elected a "contingent member" of the Forty seventh congress, and so had a bill introduced in congress the following year awarding him the seat on the ground that the state census of 1872 entitled Nebraska to another congressman. The special committee of the house of representatives decided against the claim of Majors, however, and he failed to get the seat. Since then he has served two terms in the state senate and two in the house. Four years ago he was placed on the Republican ticket for the office of lieutenant governor by the state central committee in place of the regular nominee, who failed to qualify, and was elected to the office he now occupies.

Sang Into the Queen's Favor.

Queen Victoria's newest maid of honor, Miss Majendie, owes her entrance to royal favor to a curious chance. She happened to be singing in a church choir when the queen was present at divine service, and her majesty was so greatly pleased with the fresh sweetness of the girl's face and voice that she invited her to fill the place coveted by the young girls of the English aristocracy.

Precocious Little Louise Lease.

Louise Lease, the 11-year-old daughter of Mary Lease, shows that she has inherited many of the traits of her mother. In Topeka the other day she gathered 100 boys of the reform school under the trees and lectured them, telling them they ought to behave. At the conclusion she announced she would be a candidate for president some day and wanted them to vote for her.

A Persuasive Agent.

If you don't believe that insurance agents are artists, read the following:

A Camden agent tackled a friend for a $5,000 policy, the beauties of which he dwelt upon with a persistency which charmed the victim. The agent talked and charmed and talked and charmed until he had quite won him over.

"There's the pen and here's the contract. Put your name right down."

The victim took the pen hesitatingly.

"Write your name boldly," cajoled the agent.

And the victim's hand went a little closer to the paper.

"A glorious act!"

And the pen was on the paper. In another instant the fateful name would be written.

"Won't your wife and little ones be grateful?"

The victim's hand flew up like a flash.

"Well, I'll be blanked! I've got no wife and little ones. What the deuce was I thinking about? What a narrow escape! My wife's been dead 10 years, and the youngsters are all married."—Philadelphia Call.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney and Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

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One fare for the round trip, limit twenty days. Going to nearly all the southern states, Aug. 7th, Sept. 11th, Oct. 2nd, Nov. 6th and Dec. 4th; going to Michigan, Aug. 14th and Sept. 18th. If you want the very lowest rates for a pleasant and profitable tour, inquire of Agt. L. E. & W. Ry. 2lf

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HER PRIVATE LIFE.

How Little We Know of Each Other's Affairs.

Troubles and Trials Which We Keep to Ourselves.

Some Good Reasons Why It is Wise to Feel Our Experiences.

A story of great suffering comes from Middlesex, Vt. Mrs. B. A. Stockwell, a well known lady residing there, has endured the most intense agony from headaches. She continued to suffer frightfully without obtaining relief. Finally a friend who had recovered from a similar complaint told her just what to do to be cured.

She is now well and wants every suffering woman to know about it. Here is her remarkable letter.

"About a year and a half ago," she says, "I had a time of very severe headaches, which, while they lasted, were so bad that I could not sit up. They lasted from one to two days—generally two—and after I got over them I was completely prostrated. I tried many remedies, but could not find anything to relieve me. I became fearfully discouraged and down-hearted and feared I should never get well.

MRS. B. A. STOCKWELL.

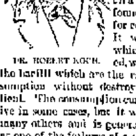
"I finally began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and in a very short time was much better. I am now entirely cured; thanks to this wonderful medicine. I desire to recommend it to everyone who is suffering from any complaint, for I know that it will cure them."

People everywhere are suffering from disease, when if they would use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy they would be cured. If you, reader, have headache, pain in any part, or any symptom of nervous or chronic disease take this great remedy and you will be made perfectly well. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th street, New York, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

DR. KOCH'S DISCOVERIES

Career of the Great Bacteriologist Who Believes He Can Cure Diphtheria.

Dr. Robert Koch, who is reported to have discovered a lymph or antitoxine that will cure diphtheria provided it is applied within 36 hours, is the same Dr. Koch who created a great sensation in 1890 by announcing that he had found a sure cure for consumption. It was a fluid which, if injected, would destroy



DR. ROBERT KOCH.

the bacilli which are the cause of consumption without destroying the patient. The consumption cure was effective in some cases, but it was useless in many others and is generally regarded as one of the failures of a most remarkable man. Whether the diphtheria cure will share the same fate remains to be seen. New York physicians believe in its efficacy, and Dr. Cyrus Edson has asked the state board of health for an appropriation of $30,000 to carry on experimental work on the lines indicated by Dr. Koch.

The great German bacteriologist was born in Clausthal, in the Harz mountains, Dec. 11, 1843. He was a precocious student and was graduated from the University of Gottingen in 1866 and then became an assistant in the Hamburg hospital. From 1872 until 1880 he was medical inspector at Wollstein, where he began his bacterioscopic examinations of infections and made such important discoveries that he was made a member of the imperial board of health of Berlin. In 1882 he discovered the bacillus of tuberculosis and a year later led the German cholera expedition to Egypt and India, where he discovered that the cholera bacillus was the real source of cholera poison.

Upon his return to Germany in 1884 he was honored by a donation of 100,000 marks and was the hero of the hour. The following year he was elected professor of the medical faculty of Berlin and director of the new hygienic institute of the university. He has six brothers and two married sisters now living in the United States and Mexico. Dr. Koch's custom is to rise about 9 o'clock and work until 2, when he enjoys a ride. He then devotes four more hours to the study of bacilli. In the evening he entertains his friends. Last year his wife procured a divorce, and he was ordered to pay her one-fourth of his income. The doctor then married a young actress.

HOW TO TAKE CARE OF A STOVE.

Clean Each Different Part According to the Metal Therein.

The various parts of a stove require careful treatment if it is to be kept shining and bright. Once a month is often enough to apply blacking to a stove, provided the kitchen is kept clean. If something is spilled on the stove, it should be cleaned off at once and not allowed to burn in. A heavy flannel rag should be kept on hand for this purpose. In case of a very obstinate grease spot a very little kerosene may be used. Where syrup or anything of a sugary nature is spilled it is probably the best way to let it burn to a char and then take it up.

It is unavoidable that a little grease should fall on the stove in broiling unless there is a regular broiling arrangement attached to the stove. In such a case the grease must be wiped off the instant the broiling is done with a heavy flannel cloth kept for the purpose. Otherwise it will burn in and make an ugly and unsavory stain.

In blacking the stove at the monthly blacking remove the nickel work. This is easily done, as it is merely screwed on. Black the stove thoroughly, dampening the blacking if convenient with a little coffee rather than water. After applying the wet blacking with one brush to a small portion of the stove polish it off with a dry brush, and after the whole stove has been polished in this way rub and polish it with a chamois kept for the purpose or a soft cotton cloth. This last process removes the dust of the blacking. No patent blackings which have been invented to do away with the labor of polishing can be recommended as durable. They require to be continually renewed and do not take the place of the old fashioned blacking.

After the stove has been fully blacked and polished the nickel work should be cleaned bright with whiting and put back in place. If the stove has ground polish stove edges, as most of the best stoves have, do not polish them with blacking, but clean them bright with sapolio.

HOW TO CARE FOR THE FEET.

Attend to Them Assiduously Through the First Hot Weather.

The boots and shoes for summer wear should be a half size larger than those worn during winter. If possible, shoes should be worn in warm days, as they leave the ankle free and the circulation better. If boots must be worn, they should not be very high, and extremely pointed toes and really high heels should never even be thought of by any one who values peace of mind and comfort. The leather for summer should be light, but not too thin, and brown in preference to black.

The evil effects of tight lacing will be very soon realized by the woman who has tender feet. The undue compression adds tenfold to the pain, and very often the ankles, even of young girls who are silly enough to sacrifice their well being for the sake of having a waist of 18 inches, are so swelled and inflamed by the end of the day that they are utterly shapeless.

Soak the feet well in tepid water to which a little ammonia has been added, and as the water gets cold pour in a little more hot to keep up the temperature. After drying the feet rub them gently and thoroughly with the following mixture:

Add one ounce of the best linseed oil to the same quantity of limewater, shake the bottle in which the ingredients are until a mixture about the thickness of cream is produced; then pour in half a dram of spirits of camphor, shake again, and it is ready for use. The feet, after being rubbed, should be wrapped in soft linen for a little while and then powdered with boracic acid before the stockings are replaced. In the event of the feet and ankles being in a very inflamed condition, after soaking them, as I have described, apply an arnica lotion, which will soon allay the discomfort. This is made by adding 20 drops of tincture of arnica to half a cupful of tepid water. Saturate a piece of lint sufficiently large to envelop the entire foot with the lotion, cover it with a piece of oiled silk and rest for an hour or two.

How to Attend to Blankets.

Never wash blankets. Air them as often as possible, and if possible for 24 hours. Shake them well whenever a bed is vacated, and until put back on the bed let them hang open wherever they can best get the air. Once a year or less send them to the cleaner, and they will stand several years of use if treated in this way. Never turn down bed coverlets and leave the blankets exposed. The rough surface is a ready receptacle for dust, etc. Blankets, no matter how well washed, become harder and heavier. Lightness, cleanliness and warmth without weight are the secrets of comfortable rest.

How to Attend to a Lawn.

The beauty of a lawn depends largely on the neatness with which it is kept. Dead leaves, rubbish and refuse of all kinds should be kept from disfiguring its surface. Lawn rakes are made of bent wire, which take up everything which may be scattered over the grass without in the least injuring its roots, as is done by an iron toothed rake. A lawn mower is also necessary. For small yards one with a narrow cut will do, but on larger grounds one with a wider swath is advisable, as it greatly expedites the labor of properly caring for the lawn.

Do not spread coarse fertilizers over the lawn, as the fertilizing properties are dissipated and wasted in winter by the action of the elements. Very little nutriment from it reaches the soil, and as a protection it is valueless. In the spring scatter bone meal or some such concentrated fertilizer over the soil as soon as the grass shows a tendency to begin to grow.

How to Make Ordinary Cloth Waterproof.

In a pail of soft water put a half pound of sugar of lead (the acetate of lead) and a half pound of alum. Stir this at intervals until it becomes clear, then pour it off into another pail and put the garments therein and let them stand for 24 hours. Then hang up to dry without wringing. Garments treated thus can be worn in the wildest storm of wind or rain without the wearer getting even damp. The rain hangs in globules upon the cloth, and cloth that is waterproof is better and more healthy than rubber goods.

How Purple Became the Royal Color.

Purple was selected as the color for royalty because of its enormous cost and rarity. The only purple known to the ancients was the Tyrian purple, which was obtained in minute quantities only from a Mediterranean species of shellfish called the murex. In the time of Cicero wool double dyed with this color was so excessively dear that a single pound weight cost a thousand denarii, or about $175. A single murex only yielded a little drop of the secretion; consequently very large numbers had to be taken in order to obtain enough to dye even a small amount of wool. Among the nations of antiquity there were some with whom it was death for any one except the sovereign or supreme judges to wear garments dyed with Tyrian purple. Upon the accession of Julius Cæsar a law was passed forbidding any private person to wear it.

How to Make Orange Chips.

Cut the oranges in quarters and carefully squeeze all juice through a sieve. Soak the peel in water, and the next day boil until tender. Drain and slice the peel, put it into the juice, weigh as much sugar and put all together into a broad earthen dish. Place over the fire at a moderate distance, often stirring till the chips candy and then put them in a cold room to dry. They will not be sufficiently dry in three weeks.

How to Relieve Moist Hands.

Ninety grains of eau de cologne and 15 grains of belladonna is an excellent lotion, after the use of which dust with powdered alum.

Beware of Cheap, Worthless Imitations.

Ask for Simmons Liver Regulator. Recollect that for malaria, biliousness, dyspepsia, constipation and headache it has no equal.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

When you're Rubbing over your washboard, in that painful, old-fashioned way, these are some of your positions. Just try these motions, up and down, without the tub. That will prove how hard they are. Then try Pearline's way of washing.

That will prove how needless and absurd they are. Without the washboard and the rubbing on it, and without bending over the wash tub or bobbing up and down over it—you save the wear to your clothes and the work for your back. That's Pearline's way. Directions on every package.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back. 360 JAMES PYLE, New York.

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS ARE STRICTLY FIRST CLASS AND AMONG THE LARGEST, FASTEST AND FINEST IN THE WORLD. Passenger Accomodation Unexcelled.

NEW YORK, LONDONDERRY AND GLASGOW. [illegible]

SALOON, SECOND-CLASS AND STEERAGE Rates on lowest terms to and from the principal Scotch, English, Irish and all Continental Points. [illegible] HENDERSON BROS., CHICAGO.

At last my dear friend lay dying while Norma held one of his hands, I the other. What else was there for him to do, since Norma would not marry him? And yet, if a woman ever loved a man she loved him; and as I sat and studied these two wretched mortals—he dying of poison administered by his own hand in a moment of rash desperation because she had refused to marry him, and she tortured by an inconceivable agony of consciousness that she was the cause of the tragedy and that in a sense his blood was upon her head, and that in his death she was losing all that life held precious for her, as I studied the strange and tragic incongruities that mingled with the other world shadows which flitted about the room, I wondered, hardened physician though I was, at the variety of human perversity and the suffering that issues from it. Here, I reflected, was a girl, not a child, blessed with an uncommon array of gifts—a soul as wholesome and pure as the odor of roses, a mind both broad and strong, both wise and intelligent, a heart filled with all the tender charms which make their possessor a benefaction to the race, and a person winsome and beautiful; yet through one of those unaccountable whims which mark the best of her sex as the easiest victims of fanaticism, she had placed in her heaven a guiding star that glowed dull with an ugly crimson that night.

I had exhausted the resources of my skill to save my friend's life, for I loved the brave, petulant, kindly lad; and when I realized that all was in vain and heard his confession, I had summoned her in order that she might suffer, in seeing him die, all the cruelest tortures that life could hold for one so sensitive as she. So there she sat in the dim light, holding his hand and looking steadily, unwaveringly into his pain-drawn face and staring eyes, her own face blanched, her own eyes expressing the agony which I was joyed to see. No words passed between them. At last he shivered, closed his eyes and sighed wearily and then all was over.

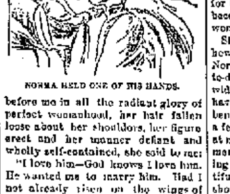
I laid down the limp hand, passed around the bed to the side at which Norma sat, and touched her arm. Her head had sunk upon the bed, but her hand still held her dead lover's tightly. Seeing her thus so crushed and hopeless, the mean revenge which I had gratified yielded to pity. I unclasped her rigid fingers, gently raised her to her feet, and led her, weak and staggering, to a lounge, where she sat with her head bowed and her hands clasped between her knees. Then I placed a screen to shield my dead friend from her view, seated myself beside her, took her hands in mine and said:

"Heaven has been kind in assuming the task of administering to you a punishment for which human hands would have been inadequate. The gallows cannot reach you, but God has condemned you to live."

This roused her. She turned upon me her great brown eyes, dry, hard, and unrepenting, and calmly answered:

"Then, if God has punished me, by what right do you assume to be His executioner? I want none of your preaching. I suffer, but my conscience is clear."

This amazing speech confounded me, but not so much as did her following words. Rising and standing



NORMA HELD ONE OF HIS HANDS.

before me in all the radiant glory of perfect womanhood, her hair fallen loose about her shoulders, her figure erect and her manner defiant and wholly self-contained, she said to me:

"I love him—God knows I love him. He wanted me to marry him. Had I not already risen on the wings of knowledge to the upper air in which wisdom and purity dwell, I should have yielded, through my love, to the grossness with which an all-wise maker has seen fit to manacle the nobler things within us. I should have been married to him, and we should have bred like animals, and lived in sordidness and pain, growing grosser and more sordid every day in the disgust or weariness which such a companionship must bring in time, groveling lower in the dust which God has been pleased to place so thick at our feet, sinking instead of soaring, and finally dying without souls! I loved your friend too well to marry him."

She paused, looked down upon me with a scornful yet pitying glance from burning eyes, and I was speechless.

"Yes, I loved him—loved him infinitely better than all else in this world. I loved him too well to destroy him by becoming his wife. But now I am free to marry him and with God's help I will."

She strode out and sent a messenger somewhere in haste, and then returned to me and again stood before me, regarding me with those blazing eyes, from which shown a light not of this earth.

"I have sent," said she, "for a priest of my faith, who has power both to summon the departed and to unite the dead and the living in holy wedlock. Your friend can be my husband now, his abode somewhere, everywhere, but with God always; my abode here, until such pleasant time as God may rid me of the gross flesh and the grosser qualities which bear it company, and then—and then—we shall dwell together forever, my husband and I, in the very presence of God, doing good upon earth through all eternity, if we may—doing nothing but good, and enjoying an unsullied, undying love for each other such as no mortal could experience. Do you not understand," she cried, clutching my shoulder, "that the hand of God may have been in my refusal and in your friend's death? Who are you, that, having never seen the light, pretends to know?"

Fearing in my reason that she was mad, but feeling in my heart that I stood within the presence of one of those awful mysteries which Providence discloses to the very few only to whom it has been given to understand them, I made no protest, for my tongue had lost its offices and my purposes were astray. I had known that this strange girl had delved deep into the secrets of the after life and of the unknown conditions which encompass us in the flesh; I had known that she had steadfastly pursued her course in the face of ridicule, when I felt that she ought to have received compassion; and sometimes I had wondered if really there might not be mortals so strangely endowed—but at this juncture a grave, gray man entered the room. I had seen him before, and had heard much about him. He was a famous "medium," whom some people feared and others ridiculed. Norma introduced us.

"My friend," she said, laying her hand upon his arm, "summon the spirit of my lover, whose body lies there and make us man and wife."

"Sister," replied the grave man, gently, "does he wish to marry you?"

"He did in the flesh, brother. We loved each other. If he does not wish to marry me he will inform you; but I know that now, since his passing to the other life has cleared his vision and made him understand my heart, he loves me infinitely better than before, and will gladly marry me. His friend, who sits here, will witness the marriage."

Then by rappings and other devices the medium (so they both believed) brought back the spirit of my friend. Questions were asked and answered, my friend responding through the mediumship of the grave, gray man (so he declared), that he loved Norma, and desired more fondly than ever to marry her. It would be tiresome to repeat the words of the marriage ceremony (which was performed), or the tender exchanges of speech between husband and wife which followed the marriage; nor do I deem it good taste to express any opinion on the subject, preferring merely to report what I saw and heard. But I cannot refrain from saying that the look of womanly sweetness and happiness in Norma's face surpassed in simple beauty and purity all that I had ever seen in the faces of brides who had married living men. The light of heaven shone in her glorious brown eyes, and a "peace that passeth understanding" sat like a coronet of pearls upon her brow.

After it was all over the grave man placed his hand upon her head:

"My sister," said he, "this has all been the work of the Most High. The light in your eyes tells me that henceforth you can communicate with the departed; this will bring you in constant companionship with your spirit husband; and, aided by the advice which his now superior wisdom will enable him to give you in your work for the good of humanity, you will become one of the great and good women of the world."

Still I will express no opinion, but how strangely has it all come true! Norma (known by no other name) is to-day one of the most famous and widely loved of the noble women who have given over their lives to the benefit of humanity. I saw her last a few years ago, but the strange scene at my dead friend's bedside was not mentioned. Her brown hair is graying now, but there is still in her beautiful eyes the ineffable light which shone in them that night. Her sweetness and grace are matchless, and the greatest regret of my life is that I cannot be always near her, to sit humbly at her feet and hear the words of gentle wisdom and unbounded compassion which fall from her lips.

Newspaper Work in Japan.

Editing a newspaper in Japan is evidently rather a difficult matter. One native journal recently appeared with a large blank space, for which the editor apologized by stating that at the last moment he found that what he had written for that space was entirely wrong, and must be left out. Accordingly he had no time to obtain matter to fill the vacant columns.

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Subscribe for the Sentinel.

WANTED

WANTED—Canvasser. Call at 31 Broad-way.

WANTED—A kit. Song at 47 W. Wayne street. Reference required.

WANTED—Good girl for general house work at 97 W. Wayne street.

WANTED—Washing to do. [illegible]

WANTED—Smart lady agents [illegible] Samuel Ross, Wm. Ripley, Manufacturer, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—What have you to offer for a house and lot in Huntington, Ind., good street. Value $1500. C. K. Keenan, City.

WANTED—Washing, ironing and house cleaning, or other work suitable for a woman to do. Address Mrs. Elizabeth Hazzard, No. 21 Hayden street.

WANTED—Men to solicit life insurance for the Cincinnati Mutual Benefit Association of Galesburg, Ill. Good contracts to good men. Call or address E. A. Knight, manager, 54 W. Creighton ave.

WANTED—Good business or residence property in exchange for vacant lots. Will assume encumbrance or pay cash difference for the right sort of improved property. John Dreibelbiss, 3 and 4 Tyler Long Block.

CASH GIVEN AWAY. Bicycle will be awarded in eighty-four cash awards for correct replies to our little puzzle. Send addressed envelope for the tale up to the Fly Cure Medicine Co., St. Paul, Minn. [illegible]

OHIO MILITARY INSTITUTE. High Class School for Boys. Prepares for College or Business. Illustrated Catalogue. Bradley Emerson, A.M., Pres., College Hill, Cincinnati, O.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms at 18 Clinton Street. Near Lewis. [illegible]

FOR RENT—Dwelling Nos. 144 East Berry street, all modern improvements. Inquire at 131 East Berry.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, two squares from Calhoun street. Inquire at 81 E. Washington street.

FOR RENT—A furnished room or suite of rooms, good location. Inquire of Lobe's Book and News Co., 21 Calhoun St.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms to gentlemen only. All modern conveniences. Rent reasonable. 144 East Washington street.

FOR RENT—New house with five rooms; also cottage with five rooms, both have good cellars, well, cistern and gas, at 77 Hoagland ave. Inquire at 79 Hoagland ave.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms, centrally located being only 10 minutes walk to Court house, water and gas in same, suitable for man and wife for light house keeping. 277 Griffith street.

FOR RENT—Dwelling 285 and 501 Lafayette St.; dwelling 20 Harrison and 132 Brackenridge streets; dwelling 8 and 10 Locust st, rooms 2nd floor, corner Fairfield avenue and Locust street; 4 room dwelling St. Marys avenue; dwellings Nos. 21 and 23 Brandriff street; large two story brick dwelling Spy Run avenue; dwelling 112 East Berry street, modern improvements; flat No. 38 Harrison street, 2nd floor, bath and closet; a nice cozy dwelling 21 Jones street; a few fine dwellings on West Superior street; a good 5 room dwelling on Prospect avenue; a good dwelling and stable on Eliza avenue; 6 room dwelling No. 77 North Cass street.

SCHRADER & WILSON, 1st floor, No. 7 Court St.

FOR SALE

FOR TRADE OR SALE—160 acres of fine western land near city of 4500 inhabitants. Will exchange for city real estate or most any kind of property in Allen county. Address "Western Land," care of Sentinel.

FOR SALE—Or trade for other property of less value in this city; Drug stock, store building with two lots attached 100, and fine residence near the store building, both properties are supplied with city water and natural gas. The location is the best in the eastern part of the city. Call or address 67 Helton avenue.

FOR SALE OR RENT—By the Fort Wayne Land and Improvement Co., a six room cottage; rent, $12.50 per month; or will sell on monthly payments of $18 per month. House is situated in Lakeside, three blocks east from bridge. Apply at office of the Land and Improvement Co., Room No. 12, Pixley & Long block.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

Twenty-five houses and lots for sale or trade on farms. Also one 300 acre farm to sell or exchange for city property, and one 250 acre farm, and two 200 acre farms and one 100 acre farm, and three 80 acre farms, and two 40 acre farms, and one 35 acre farm, and one 17 acre farm, and one ten acre tract; also down as low as two acres. For particulars call on Keplinger & Co., at Dr. Kiewonner's office, 23 Calhoun st., up stairs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

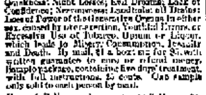
LOUIS F. CURDES,

Real Estate Agent, Rooms 3 and 4 Bank Block.

Farms for sale, or trade for city property. Building lots in all parts of the city, on terms to suit the purchaser. I have any number of houses and lots, ranging in price from $400 to $20,000; several choice business blocks for sale, very cheap. Money to loan.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer Schlandruff. 21 Clinton street. Telephone F 5.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT is sold under positive written guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory; Loss of Brain and Nerve Power; Lost Manhood; Quickness; Night Losses; Evil Dreams; Lack of Confidence; Nervousness; Lassitude; all Drains; Loss of Power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail, $1 a box; six for $5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person by mail.

Gross & Fellens sole agents, 25 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

May 18, 1849.

To The Editor:

Volume No. 5 of Harper War Book just came, and it surprised me greatly to find the large colored map. Accept thanks for your promptness. I thought the other parts couldn't be beat, but they seem to grow better. If others appreciate the value of what you are giving for only 10 cents, you must sell a host of them, for if anybody once sees these War Volumes they must be as much surprised as I have been at so much, and so good, for such a low price. You deserve a vote of thanks for what you are doing. The good done by placing this great Harper history of the civil war in reach of every man, woman and child cannot be calculated.

Yours very truly,

F. B. D.

THE FUTURE VALUE OF ICE.

Jeweler: Well sir what can I do for you?

Customer: I want you to set this piece of ice in a stud for me.

A SLIGHT WRECK.

No. 9 Thrown Off the Rails by the Puzzle Switch.

Treasurer Arnold's Report to the Grand Lodge—More Extra Trains Eastbound.

No. 9, the west bound Pittsburg train, met with a little mishap in Chicago at 10 o'clock last night. The train was in charge of Conductor Sylvester McMahon, with Engineer William Turner at the throttle of engine 222. At Sixteenth street, where the Pittsburg road crosses the Burlington tracks, the signals were given for No. 9 to advance, which she did. The switch at this point is what is known by the railway men as the "puzzle," and while the lights indicated that everything was all right, the switch points were all wrong. When the engine struck them it turned down the wrong track, while the tender, the baggage car and two coaches left the rails and went bumping along on the ties for a considerable distance before Mr. Turner could stop them. No one was injured, but the passengers in the derailed cars were badly shaken up and frightened. A switch engine hooked onto the cars, pulled them back upon the rails and took the train into the station, while the wreck car was necessary to pick up the tender, which had been thrown from its trucks. The delay to the train was only thirty minutes and the engine was in the roundhouse, little the worse for the accident, in an hour.

TREASURER ARNOLD'S REPORT.

At the grand lodge meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen Grand Secretary and Treasurer F. W. Arnold yesterday submitted the following good report: "The membership on August 1 aggregated 23,503, against 25,967 on August 1, 1892. In November last the order had an aggregate membership of 27,778, a growth of nearly 3,000 in two years, but the business depression, which resulted in a largely decreased train service, caused the membership to fall off some 2,000. To some extent this decrease was attributable to the late American Railway union boycott, but the greater number are out on account of depressed times.

"Financially the brotherhood was never in a better condition. The surplus on hand amounts to $77,279 against $51,283 two years ago. More than this, in the period named, the organization has paid out $921,000 on death and disability claims, and $11,000 to striking firemen on the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan and the Lehigh Valley roads. This is the best record financially that the Brotherhood has ever made. Secretary Arnold continues:

"Our progress since our last convention has been very gratifying, when the deplorable general condition of business throughout the country is considered, during which the railroads suffered more perhaps than other interests, and all this coupled with the late railroad boycott and universal unrest in all branches of labor. I repeat that, all these things considered, our progress has been highly gratifying and satisfies me that, under normal conditions, with several years to test with, our growth numerically and financially will be enormous."

BRIEF MENTION.

Conductors Farland and Williams have quit the service of the Nickel Plate.

Ed Alway, car repairer in the Nickel Plate yards, is suffering with hay fever and has been unable to work for over a week.

A. Cooksie has been appointed agent at Hoover, Ind., of the Chicago and Erie railroad, vice B. F. Bright, resigned.

W. Z. Holverstott and William Moore, of the electric light works, have gone to Pittsburg to attend the encampment.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Sunday put in the third span, completing its new iron bridge over Whitewater, near Liberty, Ind.

The Nickel Plate is preparing to put in some cinder pits at the coal docks in the west yards. The stone for the walls is already on the grounds.

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Barefield have gone to housekeeping in Logansport, with the intention of making that city their permanent residence.

Many of the railroaders who were let out by the late strike have gone into other pursuits, not a few having purchased farms and moved upon them.

Judge Wallace, of Providence has signed the foreclosure decree against the New York and New England railroad, or that part of it lying in Massachusetts.

John Lennon's horse became frightened at a Fort Wayne engine in Chicago yesterday and ran away. Lennon was thrown from the wagon and killed. The wheels passed over his head.

William S. Spiers, the Lehigh Valley Railroad company's western freight agent, with office at Chicago, has resigned, and E. J. Henry has been appointed by General Traffic Manager Taylor as his successor. Mr. Henry has been the local agent at Chicago of the Lehigh Valley Transportation company for some time.

C. F. Knothe, of the electric light works, is having his house wired for electric lights.

William Driftmeyer and James Gould are putting electric lights into the residence of C. C. Miller.

W. F. Bridgeman, an engineer on the Detroit branch of the Wabash road is visiting friends in this city.

The Pittsburg carried twenty more car loads of encampment passengers to Pittsburg last night. There were two sections of No. 8.

M. Diehl, of Portland, Ind., passed through the city today, enroute to Nebraska. Mr. Diehl formerly resided in this city and conducted a junk shop on Calhoun street.

Joseph Nichter, machinist in the Wabash shops, raised a peach in his garden which measured eleven and three-fourth inches in circumference. This beats all previous records.

The passenger men will meet in Chicago on September 27 to form east-bound passenger pools out of St. Louis, Peoria and Chicago. It is said the division of business can readily be arranged.

Harry Miller, superintendent of the Vandalia main line, has introduced on the Vandalia another Pennsylvania road idea—the inspecting of track by the pushing of the inspection car ahead of the engine.

The Pittsburg shops are running ten hours per day, so great is the demand upon the repair department. It is quite probable that new work in the locomotive department will be resumed in a few days.

The limited express on the Pennsylvania road came in last evening with an exclusively drawing room car, the first of the kind on the system. It is made up exclusively of drawing rooms and is a very luxurious affair.

The Chesapeake and Ohio in August handled on its system 5,045 trains, an increase of 797 over August, 1893. On these trains were hauled 109,605 loaded cars, against 86,403 in August, 1893, an increase this year of 23,197 loaded cars.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana road's excursion to Petoskey and other northern points was an immense affair. There were three trains, two of them from Richmond and one from this city. They left here at 2:55 this afternoon.

William H. Hill, weighmaster at the Nickel Plate shops, is attending the G. A. R. encampment at Pittsburg. During the war Mr. Hill was captured by the rebels and thrown into Libby prison, where he was confined several months.

W. P. Kindt, of the electric light storeroom, has a raspberry bush in his garden which bears fruit from July 1 until the fall frosts. A sprig taken from the bush and shown to the reporter had on it blossoms, green and ripe fruit.

The Standard Wheel company is preparing a price list preparatory to the purchase of stock. The shop will commence operations some time in October, or as soon as there is a sufficient amount of timber on hand to justify such a move.

The Terre Haute Gazette says a system of coal premiums is to be adopted by the Vandalia. Each engine is allowed so much coal per car per mile hauled, and all fuel saved is credited to the enginemen. On roads where this is practiced as high as $6 per week is paid in premiums.

Official notice was received in the city yesterday confirming the appointment of Mr. D. W. Caldwell as general manager of the Lake Shore railway system. Mr. Caldwell will not relinquish his connection with the Nickel Plate railroad, as both properties are controlled by the Vanderbilts.

A St. Louis paper says that O. P. McCarty, general passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, lost his position because he cut rates and was detected in it. If this is to be a reason for dropping passenger men there will be a good many vacancies in that department should the rule be observed on nine out of ten roads.

It is reported that Drexel, Morgan & Co. have purchased the minority holdings of the Cincinnati extension bonds which control the Cincinnati Southern and the Alabama Great Southern roads. A meeting of the bondholders has been called for September 12 by a committee composed of John Greenough and others, representing the minority bondholders.

This morning Ticket Agent John Ress was notified to sell home seekers' excursions to all points in the west southwest and northwest at one fare for the round trip, with $2 added. The trains will run September 11 and 25 and October 9. Hunters' excursion tickets are also on sale now.

Local freight business is on the boom. The Pittsburg has increased its number of freight handlers to nearly double the force employed a month ago. Eight new men were taken in the service last week. The Wabash, Nickel Plate and Lake Shore, while business is just as heavy as at the Pittsburg, have not hired any new men, because during the dull season the force was not reduced to any great extent.

Peru Journal: "A mile or more of bent and twisted rails are being unloaded at the Wabash shops, where they are to be repaired and fixed ready for replacing on the track. A few days ago the road carried a Missouri Pacific engine in one of its trains and whenever the train went at a very rapid speed the huge locomotive rocked and the counter balances of the drivers came down on the rails with such force that the rails were bent both in and out and up and down. It was found necessary to remove the rails immediately and replace them with others. The battering up process occurred at several places west of here and always when the train was going at its best speed."

The man killed at Warsaw Saturday night by Pittsburg train No. 8, was Clarence P. Evans, who, with his wife, had been living three weeks in that city. Evans had secured employment at Peru, in the Lake Erie and Western shops, and boarded No. 9 to ride to Columbia City, where he expected to take a Wabash train for Peru. He was accompanied by a man named Collins. The men intended to steal a ride, but noticing that they were on a car where the conductor would be apt to find them, they jumped. Evans was killed outright and Collins was so badly stunned that he was unconscious for some hours. The dead man was thirty-four years old and leaves a widow. His remains were buried by the township trustee at Warsaw yesterday.

Superintendent Cotton, of the Standard Wheel company, is in the city. His home is in Terre Haute, where the general offices of the company are also located. Mr. Cotton says there is a decided improvement in the business conditions of the country, and predicts still greater improvement in the near future. He said, in reply to a remark by the reporter that the Standard Wheel company ought to start its factory in this city, that he hoped to be able to do so in a few weeks; that while the Terre Haute and other factories were not taxed to half their capacity and could supply the demand for wheels for months to come, he felt that the company should distribute its work among all its factories, and with that and in view preparations are now under way to resume business at this point.

The General Electric company has recently completed a forty-ton electric locomotive which is now in the factory yard at Lynn. It is designed to do the ordinary work of a steam locomotive where high speeds are not requisite; say up to thirty miles an hour. It has two four-wheel trucks, being driven by its own motor, the motors being single reduction, spur geared and mounted on the axles. The truck frame is of plates and channels, strong and simple, and the entire weight is carried on eliptical springs resting on the journal boxes. The journal boxes are of cast iron with phosphor bronze bearings, with ample lubrication. The boxes slide in jaws with adjustable shoes for wear. The cab is of sheet iron and the windows in it are so arranged as to give an almost unobstructed view in all directions from one position.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Dreier & Bros., Drugstore.

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition. The regular price is fifty cents but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address

H. E. BUCKLEN & CO.,
Chicago, Ill.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

Col. D. N. Foster is in Pittsburg, attending the G. A. R. reunion.

"Trust Those Who Have Tried."

Catarrh caused hoarseness and difficulty in speaking. I also to a great extent lost hearing. By the use of Ely's Cream Balm dropping of mucus has ceased, voice and hearing have greatly improved.—J. W. Davidson, Att'y at Law, Monmouth, Ill.

I used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and have received great benefit. I believe it a safe and certain cure. Very pleasant to take.—Wm. Frazer, Rochester, N. Y.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

Awarded

Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

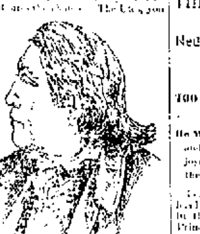
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

WRITERS IN BUSINESS.

ACHIEVEMENT OF LITERARY TALENT IN THE FINANCIAL WORLD.

[illegible]



[illegible]

The Utes are a tribe known as blanket Indians. They will live in tepees and will not adopt the cultivation of civilization, though they will sometimes [illegible] [illegible]. The southern Utes have a perfect passion for whisky [illegible] horses, both bucks and [illegible] of them being absolute plungers. They come into Durango and [illegible] a few trinkets, then [illegible] to go into some gambling [illegible] and throw down a handful of silver, only to see it quickly swept away.

The Utes themselves came originally from further west, where the Navajoes. They are fond of visiting this tribe, who are their friends and relatives, and their reservation in Utah would adjoin that of the Navajoes if they were allowed to go.

This southern Ute reservation is 110 miles long and 15 miles in width from north to south. It is crossed by seven large streams, which have their sources in the mountains to the north, and which flow southerly across the reservation. The first bottoms of these rivers are narrow, and contain but little farming lands, but lying between these rivers and in all the valleys of from 1,000 to 3,000 feet above them are large tracts of level "mesa" or table lands. There are some 300,000 acres of these "mesa" lands, and they extend southward into New Mexico and constitute the most valuable farming lands in this country. No portion of this table land can be farmed without irrigation, nor can it be irrigated save by means of large ditches having their beginning in or above the reservation and extending through it and requiring great capital to construct and maintain.

Now, on this entire reservation the Utes have only about 200 acres under cultivation, and even these are worked by Mexicans, who rent the land of the Utes.

How lies this reservation like a wall between the summer and winter ranges of the cattlemen. The cowboys are constantly driving their herds back and forth. Here is all the rich and valuable farming land going to waste for the sake of a few worthless, lazy, shiftless Indians. Here this barren strip interferes with commerce between the settlements of New Mexico and Colorado and materially hinders the development of the mining interests of the rich San Juan. No wonder the people of this country are so desirous to compass the removal of this tribe further west.

The trespasses of the Indians upon the land of the whites, as well as those of the whites upon the lands of the Utes, are a constant menace to the safety of isolated settlers as well as to the Indians. There is no way of avoiding these trespasses. The whites must often pass over the reservation, and as many of the Utes have to travel 75 and even 100 miles weekly to Ignacio to get their rations it is not possible to avoid going through the lands of the whites. The Utes are also obliged to leave the reservation for game and forage.

If Uncle Sam would break up and put them near the thrifty Navajoes, whose industry would be an example to them, giving them pasture lands where they might raise stock, it would be a day of jubilee both for the Ute reservation and southwestern Colorado.

EDITH SESSIONS TUPPER.

Military Item.

The German military officer never unbends. This is the way Colonel Donner of the dragoons gives his wife leave to go to the springs.

"Attention, wife! I grant you six weeks furlough for the restoration of your health. Come to the position of a soldier, if you please. You shall report at once to the medical officer at Wiesbaden. I will expect you to send in regular reports twice a week to me, your commanding officer, in regard to the condition of your love and fidelity. Right about face! March!"—Texas Siftings.

Sir Rowland Hill.

Sir Rowland Hill was the man who in the early part of Queen Victoria's reign reorganized the postal service of Great Britain, from which ours is adopted, and made it possible to send a letter for a few cents to any part of the country. He was the son of a schoolteacher, but so delicate he was not permitted to study with his brothers. He suffered from loneliness a great deal, yet found perfect contentment in lying flat on his stomach on the hearth rug, adding up tremendous columns of figures. Later in life he was celebrated for his knowledge of mathematics and held important posts under the government, for which he was knighted.

Kipling a Well Paid Author.

There is more evidence that Kipling is the best paid author of the day. The English and American rights of four short stories of about 7,000 words each were sold recently for about $500 each, and to this must be added the income from Australian, Indian, Canadian and German rights. Seven words or so for $1 is very good pay for even a successful writer.

The Population of France.

It is claimed that the population of France, numbering some 38,000,000, is sheltered in about 9,000,000 dwelling houses and averages about 187 to the square mile. In this country the population averages 21 to the square mile.

LO, THE POOR RED MAN.

Edith Sessions Tupper Does Not Admire the Lowly Ute.

[Special Correspondence.]

DURANGO, Sept. 1.—Lying along the Denver and Rio Grande railroad, the tourist sees for many miles through [illegible] the valley, a strip [illegible] and New Mexico [illegible] [illegible]

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE PACE THAT KILLS.

Ned Peace, the Famous Athlete, Pareis Smitten.

TOO RICH, TOO POPULAR, TOO WITTY

He Was a Great Friend of Marie Jansen and Was Once a Man of Mark—But the Joyful Wine, Women and Song, but Now the End Is Near.

[illegible] Ned Peace [illegible] to Princeton, a strapping youth, [illegible] New York World. He had a fortune in his own right, and an easy going guardian. He was handsome and strong and young. He had clear, [illegible] eyes and a clean, healthy skin [illegible]. And his hand was as steady as a rock, and he had never known what it was to be sick or out of condition in his life.

The whole class admired him before the first three months were done, and through his strength and skill on the football field he had begun to get a college reputation. Then he was known as a good fellow. His pockets were always full of money, and he was always throwing it away. By sophomore year he had the name of being "a devil of a fellow," thanks to a number

MARIE JANSEN.

of escapades that seemed terrible to the college boys but were really harmless enough. He had also blossomed as an athlete. He was best at everything, but at football he was superb. He had the weight for the rush line, and he had the strength and agility, and he had that which always planning shrewd strategy. By junior year there was nobody in the college like Ned Peace.

In addition to his athletics, Ned Peace was a sport. He could drink all night and show up at chapel, which comes at Princeton at an unearthly hour, with as bright eyes and as steady nerves as the sedatest freshman whose bedtime was 9 o'clock. And how he could drink! And how the girls did admire him! And what yarns his friends could tell of his conquests!

He used to get into trouble with the faculty now and then. But he was too athletic and too handsome and too brilliant and perhaps too rich to be judged by ordinary standards. So he traveled the fastest gait in the fastest crowd that ever broke the night echoes of Nassau hall with their shouts and songs.

But when it was time to train Ned Peace knocked off all his dissipation and got down to work. He traveled with the fast athletic crowd and set them a good example every fall and spring. As soon as training was over, away he and his crowd went, adjourning their gayety to New York when Princeton got too dull or too hot to hold them. And from New York came the most glittering yarns about soubrettes and actresses, of wine suppers, of greenroom marvels, of exciting adventures with the police or with the wild orgies that haunted New York's streets in those wide open days of 10 years ago.

His fame spread from college to college. He was the mainstay of the great Princeton football team. He invented the block game that had to be legislated out of football when Yale became as expert at it as Princeton was. He visited Yale and Harvard and drank the best men at "Morey's" under the table and drove gayly back to Boston in a cab, while the fast men at the Hasty Pudding was trying to find the door on his hands and knees.

Then he met Marie Jansen. It was in his senior year, when he was only a grown up boy, but looked a full grown, experienced man. This was the crowning act of his brilliant career, for Jansen was then more famous and more popular and younger and prettier than she is now. The news went all over Princeton that Ned Peace and Jansen were traveling a jolly fast pace together.

The pace he had set for himself at college was only a preliminary canter to get into condition. As he had plenty of money his time was his to spend as he chose. And he chose to spend it in a mad gallop down that broad road whereof Sunday school scholars hear much. He and Jansen were the best of friends, and no one could have been more devoted than he was to her. It was talked of everywhere, and finally it was said that they were married. But this was contradicted and at last died out. He had a fortune of something over $100,000 to spend. He wanted to spend principal as well as interest. And Jansen helped him with these pink, extravagant fingers of hers.

Then came a time—less than five years after Ned Peace left college—when his friends were saying that the end had come. All the cash was gone, and every bit of land that his father and grandfather had left him was mortgaged above the highest tree top. There was no more money for the big generous hand to dive into and toss away. But for many months he and Jansen continued to be friends. She was fond of her handsome athlete, and she did not give him the "marble heart" in the days of his misfortunes.

But with misfortune comes despondency, and with despondency came drink of that deeper and heavier sort that tells that a man is crossing the line. Everybody noticed the change, the bloodshot eyes, the fat body, the puffed cheeks, the stooping shoulders. And this seemed the end of the brilliant [illegible] of Ned Peace's career [illegible].

But there came a stroke of luck at the [illegible]. Down in Pennsylvania there was one bit of Ned Peace's inheritance which was so worthless that he had not been able to mortgage it. It was a [illegible] barren and worthless. When Ned Peace was down and out [illegible] the locality of [illegible] had been discovered on this worthless land. He was rich again, richer than before.

[illegible]

[illegible] the last year or [illegible] [illegible] his college friends [illegible] been judged by their educated early in life, but [illegible] those who have educated

[illegible] Ned Peace [illegible] [illegible] and the girl [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] that once [illegible] down in Wall street [illegible]

Proof of Bravery.

Cyrus, son of a [illegible], with much fervor [illegible] one [illegible] which [illegible] [illegible] Stepping along a quiet thoroughfare and came upon two street urchins who were endeavoring to rearrange the features of each other's faces. Cyrus, after parting the young sters, spoke to the larger one.

"This is shameful—a big boy beating such a little fellow. Don't you go to Sunday school?"

"Yes'm."

"Do you learn to fight there?"

"No'm."

"Do you swear and say bad words?"

"Well, I ain't much on it myself, but Jimmy don't a dandy. Cuss for de lady, Jim."—Truth.

The Refuge of the Destitute.

"They tell me Jones is a complete failure."

"That's what?"

"Total failure?"

"Yes."

"At politics?"

"Yes."

"At preaching?"

"Yes."

"At schoolteaching?"

"Yes."

"At farming?"

"Yes."

"Well, what's he doin' now?"

"He's editor of a newspaper."—Atlanta Constitution.

A Purpose In View.

"I wish you would tell Bloomfield a startling story," said Criswell to Dukane.

"Why?"

"He has no engagements, and I would like you to tell him something which would fairly take his breath away."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Anticipatory.

Clerk (of summer hotel pleasantly)—Do you know any one in the house, sir?

Castleton—My fiancee is here.

Clerk—Indeed. Which young lady might that be?

Castleton—I don't know. I haven't met her yet.—New York Sun.

She Won a Distinct Favor.

Miss Meander—He proposed, but I refused to marry him.

Miss Cynique—Oh, you noble, generous girl! You're always doing some kindness for other people.—Chicago Record.

A Dangerous Remedy.

Van Iske—So the doctors held a consultation about your case?

Doubleday—Yes, and I believe they decided by a two-thirds vote to amend my constitution.—New York World.

A Thunder Storm

May purify the air, but nothing except SOZODONT will purify the mouth filled with neglected teeth, and rescue those faithful servants of mankind from utter ruin before it is too late. Don't neglect to try it. You will be surprised and delighted with its results.

The Pitcher Crying Again.

The league pitchers almost to a man advocate the return of the old pitching rule, as they claim that the hitting is altogether too heavy. The development of batting has been so marked that the players will hit the ball almost as hard under the old rule. But the magnates and the public don't seem to think so.—St. Louis Chronicle.

R. A. Swigert claims the name Sauterne for the imported bay colt foaled in 1893 by Silver Charm out of Schottische.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Have your Sights and Scenes of the World bound at The Sentinel office. tf

E. KRAMER,
SIGN - PAINTER
90 E. MAIN STREET.
Finest and Best Work. Cheapest place in the city.

CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE
Central Music Hall, CHICAGO.
29th Year begins September 10th, 1894.
[illegible]
MUSIC and DRAMATIC ART.
Catalogue Giving Full Information Mailed Free.
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Agents for the Goodrich Self-Heating & Folding Bath Tubs
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SCHMITZ BLOCK, 3d Floor

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HARPER'S PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR.

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Size of Pages, 11x16 inches. Number of Pages, Over 850. Pages in each Part 32. Price of each Part only 10 cents. Number of pictures over 1000 in full of the history [illegible].

Three coupons of different dates and 10 cents secures each part.

FT. WAYNE LOAN OFFICE. Est. 1876. Time Tried. Fire Tested. Money, any amount Loaned on VALUABLES.

We deal in DIAMONDS, WATCHES, Carpets, Musical Goods, TRUNKS AND VALISES.

GREATEST BARGAIN HOUSE IN INDIANA. HORACE MARIOTTE, PAWNBROKER, 20 East Columbia Street.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

J. C. PELTIER,
17 W. Wayne St.
Office Telephone No. 241
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M. W. FAY
WAREHOUSE CO.
STORAGE
Warehouse, Cor. Francis and Hayden Sts. Office, 131 Calhoun St. Telephone 84.

The Fort Wayne Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station Fort Wayne, Ind.

East Bound.		West Bound.	
* 5 25 a. m.		* 1 20 a. m.	
* 6 35 a. m.	From Chi	* 5 00 a. m.	Limited
11 55 p. m.		1 00 a. m.	
* 8 05 p. m.		11 40 a. m.	
* 5 20 p. m.	Limited	* 4 30 p. m.	
7 10 a. m.	Crestline	* 5 50 p. m.	
2 35 p. m.	From Chi	* 9 25 p. m.	From Crestline.

THE WABASH LINE—Trains Carrying Passengers Leave FORT WAYNE.
Schedule of May 20, 1894.

GOING EAST.	DEPART.
New York and Boston Lim., daily	4 22 a m
Toledo Express, except Sunday	1 10 p m
Atlantic Express, daily	2 15 p m
Local Freight	6 00 a m
Lafayette Accommodation, arrive, except Sunday	11 00 a m

GOING WEST.	DEPART.
Pacific Express, daily	5 05 a m
Kansas City Ex., except Sunday	1 36 p m
Lafayette Accom'n, except Sunday	3 50 p m
St. Louis Limited, daily	8 30 p m

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

Lv Fort Wayne.	Ar Indianapolis
6 00 am	9 00 pm
1 35 pm	[illegible]
2 30 pm	11 05 pm
8 20 pm	5 00 am
Lv Indianapolis	**Ar Fort Wayne**
7 00 am	1 00 pm
1 30 pm	7 05 pm
7 00 pm	1 43 am

Through New York Palace Sleeping cars, dining cars and new free chair cars on New York vestibule limited. Free chair cars and dining car on Pacific limited express. Kansas City express and Cannon Ball has new free reclining chair and palace sleeping cars to Kansas City without change.

R. G. THOMPSON,
Passenger and Ticket Agent, Fort Wayne Ind.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

GOING NORTH.	
*For Grand Rapids and North	Lv. 2 15 am
[illegible]	Lv. 8 05 am
[illegible]	Lv. 2 55 pm
†From Richmond	Ar 10 55 pm
GOING SOUTH.	
†For Richmond and Cincinnati	Lv. 5 45 am
[illegible]	Lv. 12 35 pm
[illegible]	Lv. 11 45 pm
†From Grand Rapids	Ar. 7 45 pm

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 155 Way Freight	5 00 pm
No. 156 Cin. Express and Mail	10 25 am
No. 163 Detroit & Ind'pls Express	3 55 pm
NORTHWARD.	**DEPART.**
No. 153 Way Freight	6 45 pm
No. 157 Through Express and Mail	11 45 am
No. 159 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex	4 45 pm

NICKEL PLATE.
The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.

EAST.	Arr.	Dep.
N. Y. & Boston Express	7 55 am	3 15 am
Cleveland Mail	11 30 am	11 45 am
Eastern Express	6 45 pm	7 05 pm
Local Freight	5 50 pm	10 10 am
WEST.	**Arr.**	**Dep.**
Chicago Express	2 10 am	2 20 am
Chicago Mail	1 45 pm	12 05 pm
Western Express	1 30 pm	4 40 pm
Local Freight	10 55 pm	17 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. Through Buffet sleeping cars to Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Through tickets to all points at lowest rates and baggage checked to destination.

M. C. BAKER, District Pass. Agt., Depot, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FT. W., C. & L. R. R. AND L. E. & W

NORTH BOUND—ARRIVE FORT WAYNE.	
No. 47 Passenger	Arrives 11 40 am
No. 149 Passenger	10 10 pm
No. 1[illegible] Local	4 50 pm
SOUTH BOUND—LEAVE FORT WAYNE.	
No. 148 Passenger	Leaves 7 15 am
No. 42 Passenger	4 05 pm
No. 1[illegible] Local	5 35 am

*Daily except Sunday. † Daily.

Cincinnati and Indianapolis Time card

Leave Fort Wayne.	Arrive Indianapolis.	Arrive Cincinnati.
7 15 a. m.	11 30 a. m.	3 05 p. m.
4 20 p. m.	10 15 p. m.	10 50 p. m.

Leave Cincinnati.	Leave Indianapolis.	Arrive Fort Wayne
6 45 a. m.	6 00 a. m.	11 05 a. m.
3 10 p. m.	4 00 p. m.	10 10 p. m.

All Summer Long

[illegible] the Lake Michigan and Lake Superior [illegible]

LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION CO'S

ELEGANT STEAMSHIPS,

The Great Lake Route which touches

The Northern Michigan Summer Resorts.

Special, [illegible]

[illegible]

LAKE MICH. AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANS. CO.
Rush and N. Water St. Chicago.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

"This Hot Weather"

Depraved by the millions of flies is certainly too oppressive when considering that we can fit you out with

Screen Doors AND **Screen Windows**

Of all sizes and designs at prices heretofore unknown.

USE OUR

MONARCH GARDEN HOSE

For settling the dust and cooling the air about your house and reap the beneficial results and comfort of a small investment.

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MONARCH HOSE

Will render you the longest and most satisfactory service of any house in the market.

We are Headquarters for Hose Reels, Lawn Sprinklers, Nozzles and a general line of Hose repairs.

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To attend the Fort Wayne Business College for a thorough training in business branches, Shorthand, Typewriting, English Training, Mechanical and Architectural Drawing Fall term begins Sept. 3. Enter now

FALL SUITS, NEW GOODS, NEW Patterns.

Just Received a Full line of New Fall Suitings.

Prices to Suit The Hard Times.

Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Fall Rush Commences.

Fred. Hardung,

N. W. Corner Main and Clinton Sts

Be Beautiful!

BEAUTIFY AND DEVELOP THE FORM.

Mme. Ada P. Lane Complexion specialist of Chicago is in the city for a few days. Our facial treatment free to introduce her wonderful Complexion Bleach among the ladies, all facial blemishes removed such as wrinkles, pimples, black heads, tan, freckles, etc. Superfluous hair removed without injury to the most delicate face. Mme. Lane is a graduate in Chiropodist work. Instant and painless relief from corns, bunions and ingrown nails. Development of the bust a specialty.

New York Hair Parlors, 29 E. Washington St., Chicago Office 116 S. State street.

Everything used by Amateur Photographers at 44 Calhoun St., second floor.

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ICE CREAM

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Capacity 1000 gallons per day. Private families, picnics, Etc., supplied on short notice.

Corner Washington Boulevard and Broadway.

Telephone No. 163.

PREVENT the SEWER GAS and WATER

From backing up in your Cellar by using MARTIN'S PATENT CELLAR DRAINER and BACKWATER TRAP. EMMET MARTIN, the Plumber, Cor. Hanna and Buchanan Streets.

For Sale by Agents.

Handsome relief work of General Anthony Wayne, picture life size, made by Michael & Blombach. Sample picture can be seen at Seimon Bros.' Book Store, Gross & Pellen's Drug Store, and Weltzmann's Tailor Shop on Calhoun street. Anyone desiring to see a picture may drop a postal card to Chas. E. Rikers, 110 West Washington street. 10-6t

The Bob-o'-Link club will give a dance on the 20th at their hall, 195½ Calhoun street.

Strayed.

A brown cow, last Saturday night. Finder will please leave word at Hoosier Shoe store, 52 Calhoun street. 4d&w1t

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 2tf

Miss Orvino Cleveland, bookkeeper at Mick's grocery, has returned from a month's visit to her parents at Pleasant Lake.

SCHOOL OPENS SEPT. 19.

Start your boy in the right way by dressing him up in a bright new suit of clothes. It will please him immensely and he'll repay you by taking more interest in his studies. Let YOUR BOY be as neatly dressed as any boy in his class and he'll be more contented and satisfied among his new classmates.

Our New Fall Stock

Of Boys' and Children's Clothing is here and awaits your inspection. As to the completeness of our stock in regard to VARIETY, QUALITY and STYLE, we'll leave you to judge. WE KNOW that the combined stocks of any two stores in this city do not show so large a selection of the NEWEST things in Suits for Children's Wear.

BOY'S SCHOOL SUITS

Strictly All Wool, with pants made double seat and knee, at

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50.

BOY'S SCHOOL SUITS

Strictly All Wool with an extra pair of pants to match, at

$3.00, $3.50, $4.00.

Sam, Pete & Max.

The Evening Sentinel.

TUESDAY, SEPT 11, 1894.

Branch offices for the sale of THE SENTINEL and where orders for THE SENTINEL and Want, For Sale [or For Rent ads. will be received, have been established at the following drug stores:

W. F. Senche, 113 Broadway.
J. F. Miller, 5?7 Lafayette.
W. L. Waltemath, 232 East Lewis.
J. B. Lewis, 131 Calhoun.
M. H. Wadel, 312 Hanna.
J. J. Welsh, 44 Wells.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..........No. 173.
Editorial Rooms........No. 650.

Our Thermometer.

8 a. m. .... 61°
10 a. m. .... 61°
12 m. .... 66°
2 p. m. .... 71°

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Forecast for the thirty-six hours until 8 p. m. Wednesday. For Indiana—Fair until Thursday; probably slightly cooler in southern portion Wednesday morning, slowly rising temperature Wednesday afternoon; northerly winds, becoming variable.

NEWS NOTES.

L. M. Rowe, of Lagrange, is at the Randall.

Mrs. C. F. Haiber has returned from a visit with friends at Marion.

Mr. A. L. Schneider, of Van Wert, Ohio, is the guest of Miss Cora Bassett.

Congressman McNagny is a guest of the Wayne. He arrived here last evening.

Albert Meiz and his family have gone to Pittsburg and Allegheny, to visit friends.

Mrs. M. Noll was very ill yesterday afternoon and her death is almost hourly expected.

Charles McCutcheon, of Chicago, who has been the guest of Will Peltier, left yesterday for the east.

D. A. Fawcette, postmaster of Lagrange, is in the city to attend the convention. He is a guest of the Wayne hotel.

The Fort Wayne Cycle club holds its regular monthly meeting tonight. The meeting was postponed from last Tuesday evening.

On Thursday evening, September 13, the Rev. Father Bernard, of Pittsburg, will lecture to young people at St. Mary's school hall.

There was one lonely drunk at police court this morning. The fellow was Joe Diamond, who has been in jail for the same offense before.

Hon. R. C. Bell will deliver the opening speech of the campaign at Muncie, Ind., on September 22. Senator Bell was born in Delaware county.

C. S. Bash will erect a new residence on his farm. Architect Kendrick has the plans. The building will be modern and cost about $4,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Noble entertained a few friends at their home, No. 409 Calhoun street, last evening. The guests were royally entertained.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred G. Beade—a boy. Mr. Beade, who is in the offices of the Salamonie Gas company, is receiving congratulations gracefully.

About twenty Fort Wayne bicycle riders will go to Bryan, Ohio, on Sunday on their wheels. They will stay over to attend a meet held in that city next Monday.

The county commissioners and County Physician Tinkham are today making their annual inspection of the county infirmary. They will no doubt find that institution in fine condition.

Fred Hoffman, who has been spending his vacation with his parents, Mr and Mrs. W. H. Hoffman, left today to visit friends in Connecticut, and will then return to Princeton college to enter the junior year.

Prof. M. A. Brannon left yesterday for his former home at Crown Point where he will be joined in two weeks by Mrs. Brannon, and they will go to Grand Forks, S. D., where they will establish their permanent residence.

Despite the chill of the day, a fair-sized company gathered at the tent at the corner of Calhoun and Creighton last evening to hear the sermon on "Christ and the Sabbath." The subject tonight at 7:30 will be: "The Biblical History of the Sabbath." All are invited. No charge; no collection.

A very enjoyable time was had at the party given at the home of Mr and Mrs. M. L. Lauer, No. 77 Erie street, in honor of Mrs. John Will and daughter, Miss Emma, of Dayton, Ohio. Dancing and games were the order of the evening, after which a four-course luncheon was served. Those present were: Misses Mary Schneiders, Bertha Huber, Gracie Sanders, Lou Huber, Anna Schnieders, Emma Alt, Anna Sellet, Mattie Huber, Katie Wiesmer, Hannah Huber, Messrs. Renhard Schneiders, Charley Sellet, Howard Place, Joseph Schneiders, Ed. Mensmann, Frank Armstrong, Albert Sanders, John Grieve, John Brown, and George Heit, of Columbus, Ind.

Dr. Betteford, of Huntington, is in the city.

Dixon Edgerton goes to Hicksville, Ohio, today on legal business.

Miss Martha Kucher, of Saville avenue left last evening for Pittsburg, Pa.

Henry Lenker, of the east side, is recovering from an attack of typhoid fever.

General Manager M. S. Robinson, of the street car system, is home from Cleveland.

Phil D. Hymen returned yesterday from Mackinaw and a two weeks' tour of the lakes.

Tom O'Brien, late of the Rich and Randall, is now night clerk at the Elgin, in Huntington.

Charles Shaw has been selected to act as janitor of the new hall for Phoenix lodge, K. of P.

The city council holds its regular meeting this evening and some important business will come up.

Dr. Harrod and two other candidates were given the first degree in Phoenix lodge, K. of P., last night in their new hall.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Stephenson and son, McCrea, of Indianapolis, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edward M. Wilson.

Right Rev. Bishop Rademacher is at Grand Rapids holding a conference with Bishop Richter and other bishops of the province.

A number of the American Sons of Columbus of this city will soon leave for Omaha, Neb., to attend a national meeting of the order.

Miss Lula Deeter, niece of Mrs. Harry Templar, left yesterday for her home in Los Angeles, Cal. Miss Deeter was here about one year.

Mrs. Mabel White, of Toledo, is the guest of relatives and friends in this city. Mrs White will be pleasantly remembered as Miss Mabel Holmes.

The reunion of company E, Seventeenth Indiana Volunteers, will be held at Columbia City on September 20. Col. I. B. McDonald is secretary.

In a few days Mrs. Warren Rogers, Alice Lininger, Mrs. Emma Haas and children will leave for a two weeks' visit with friends in Grand Rapids, Mich.

Marion Black left yesterday for Plymouth, Ind., and from there he goes to Denver and thence to the Pacific coast, where he will remain a few months.

A 'bus party, consisting of the members of the Third Presbyterian church, will go out to the home of Mr. and Mrs Webster, of Pleasant township, tomorrow.

Ralph N. Cobb, of Auburn, who led the recent century run to such a disastrous finish, says he will head another run over the same course some time in October.

A large saw mill in Columbia City, located two squares west of the Pittsburg passenger depot, burned to the ground last night, causing quite a loss to its owners.

A large owl was a curiosity at police station this morning. It was locked up in the tramp cell. The bird was captured by one of the night policemen last evening.

Dr. Havice was this morning called to remove a broken needle from the finger of Miss Dideon, an operator at the Hoosier Manufacturing company's establishment.

The children of Mrs. C. H. Philley, of Summit farm, gave that lady a pleasant surprise last evening, yesterday being her sixtieth birthday. Ice cream and cake were served at 9 o'clock.

The contractor has finished the grading on Archer avenue and the thoroughfare is now ready for the gravel. The street will be thirty-four feet wide and when completed will be very attractive.

Yesterday evening a Fort Wayne citizen was walking along Harrison street carrying a large bouquet which he had just purchased. Suddenly a garter snake about a foot long darted out of the bouquet and ran across the sidewalk and under a building. To say the purchaser of the bouquet was astonished is putting it mildly.

A double runaway occurred at the corner of Lafayette and Wallace streets at noon yesterday. The horse attached to Meyer & Brothers' ice wagon took fright and ran into a log wagon belonging to a farmer. The horses attached to the latter vehicle then ran away, dragging the ice outfit along until the wagon was upset. Meyers' wagon was badly damaged, but no one was injured.

Word has been received in this city of the death of Mrs. Fannie Bryant, at her home in Washington, D. C. Mrs. Bryant has been an invalid for some months, but her death was sudden and entirely unexpected. Mrs. Bryant was well known in this city and had many intimate friends, as Fort Wayne is her native home and her girlhood days were spent here. She was a daughter of the late A. C. Probasco, and moved to Washington some years ago, after her marriage here. She leaves a husband, but no children. Mrs. W. H. Tigar and Mrs. Byron Holmes, of this city, are sisters of the deceased, and Mrs. Warner, of Chicago. W. J. Probasco is a brother. The interment will be in Washington.

A merry party was given in honor of Miss Mollie Burris and Miss Ella Gifford, of Warsaw, at the residence of Mrs. and Warren Rogers, of Gay street. Those present were: Mr and Mrs. Warren Rogers, Mesdames Alice Lininger, Emma Haas, William Tummis, Charles Gable, Misses Mollie Burris, Ella Gifford, Lida Carry, Clara Drubot, Clara Smith, Messrs. Ed. Carry, James and Frank Bisson, Andy Carno, Clem Ropple, William Jackson, Ed. Needham, Chick and Harry Stawl. Singing and dancing was the program of the evening. At 11:30 ice cream and cake were served. A very enjoyable time was had by all. Music was furnished by J. F. Harmeyer.

Rev. and Mrs. P. J. Rice have gone to housekeeping at 201 West Jefferson street.

Misses Mollie Burris and Ella Gifford returned to their home in Warsaw, after spending a week with Mrs. Alice Lininger, of 56 Force street, and other friends.

The following are the scores made yesterday by the regular league base ball teams: At Louisville—Louisville, 6 Baltimore, 15. At Chicago—Chicago, 8, Boston, 15. At Cleveland Cleveland, 4; New York, 13.

The advisory committee of the centennial met last evening and talked over the much advertised celebration with rather gloomy faces. They decided to abandon the scheme of raising $5,000 by popular subscription and about the only observance which will mark the one hundredth milestone in Fort Wayne's history will be a few speeches by local orators and perhaps some sort of a parade. An effort will likely be made to get up a celebration in 1895 on a grand scale.

The West Lake Fishing club will tomorrow run an excursion to Rome City, the tickets being good to return on any train Thursday. The club has made arrangements with a liveryman to convey all those out to West lake who desire to go, and as the fishing there is excellent, a great number of sportsmen from this city will avail themselves of this opportunity. The club has a nice cottage house in a beautiful grove on the north bank of the lake and also has a boat house containing several fine boats.

HON. W. F. M'NAGNY

Renominated for Congress by the Democrats.

In a Speech to the Convention He Reviews the Work Done at the Last Session of Congress.

The democratic congressional convention met at Saengerbund hall, in this city, this afternoon at 2 o'clock, with delegates in attendance from the various counties of the district.

The convention was called to order by Judge Zollars, and, on motion of Judge Dawson, he was made permanent chairman.

J. B. Monning, of this city, was made permanent secretary, with all the democratic editors of the district present as assistant secretaries.

The roll of counties was then called and all of them were found to be represented.

Resolutions expressing regret at the death of Hon. Geo. W. McConnel, of this district, were read and adopted by a rising vote, and then Hon. W. F. McNagny, the present representative of the district in congress, addressed the convention at some length, reviewing the work of the last congress.

After finishing his speech, on motion Mr. McNagny was named, and as there was no other candidate, he was renominated.

MAINE ELECTIONS.

The Republicans Carry Nearly Everything

Electing Their Candidates by Majorities Never Before Known in That Republican Stronghold.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 11.—The republicans regard the result of yesterday's election as the biggest victory they have ever achieved in this state. The vote for governor, which two years ago was 130,000, is reduced 15,000 to 20,000, but even with this it is alleged that Cleaves has received 70 000 votes. In every one of the sixteen counties of the state the democracy has been defeated. Every city in the state has probably gone republican, which is something never before known. The returns show nothing but republican gains. The returns so far indicate that Johnson, (dem.) will not get over 35,000 votes out of 75,000 cast for him two years ago, and that may be reduced by later returns. All four of the republican congressmen are elected by largely increased majorities. The republicans have carried both branches of the legislature, electing a solid senate which two years ago stood thirty republicans and one democrat. In the house of representatives, which consists of 151 members, and which two years ago stood 107 republicans and forty-four democrats, the republicans, it is believed, have elected 140 members, while the remainder have been elected by the democrats and populists.

Later returns indicate that the democrats will have but fourteen members in the house of representatives against 137 republicans.

THE COURTS.

Record of Cases on Trial and Disposed of in the Courts.

The Trentman cases were being argued in the superior court this morning on motions, and at 12 o'clock a recess was taken until 4 o'clock.

The grand jury are nearly through with their preliminary examination of criminal cases. It is probable they will make a report of the indictments found tomorrow.

Yesterday in Justice Ryan's court, Augustus Cour was fined $1 and costs for harboring and maintaining a dog known to worry or kill sheep. The case against Roundot for cruelly beating a horse was dismissed, Justice Ryan failing to find the evidence sufficient to sustain the charge.

The following dismissals have been entered in the superior court: Fort Wayne and Little River Turnpike company against the Postal Telegraph company, Catharine Greeley against Jacob Lentz, Anton Rieg against William Lauer, Anton Rieg against Matilda Gomall and others. David Braden against Joseph Weik and others.

It has been observed that rich men who never marry and have nobody to take care of but themselves and nothing to do but indulge their own fancy grow first whimsical and hard to please, next [illegible] and unpleasant to have around, and, last of all, crazy. The moral is plain.

WON'T FIGHT.

Jackson Refuses to Sign the Corbett Articles.

Wants the Fight to Come Off Inside of Three Months, While Corbett Sets the Date Much Later.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—The efforts of the Sioux City Athletic club to bring off a fight between Corbett and Jackson resulted today in complete failure, Jackson absolutely refusing to put his name to the articles of agreement as signed by Corbett. Edward Lloyd, representing the Sioux City club, met Jackson and his manager, "Parson" Davies, at the Briggs house at noon today, in the presence of a good sized crowd of sporting men and newspaper reporters. The morning was spent in preliminaries and Mr. Lloyd produced the papers which Corbett had signed in New York. Jackson glanced over them and at once said that they would not do.

"I will fight for your purse and a side bet of $10,000," he said, "but the fight will have to come off within three months."

"That's the idea, exactly," said Davies. "Mr. Corbett is on the stage now and we do not intend to advertise him until next May or June. This agreement calls for the fight to take place between May 15 and June 15. Now you people name your place and make the time within the next three months and Jackson will sign."

This Lloyd said he could not do and Davies proceeded to pick flaws with the papers. He declared that the deal did not look honest, that no place was named; that there was no specification as to whether the men would fight ten rounds or ten years, or to a finish, and that the whole matter had a "peculiar" look. Jackson chimed in with an objection to fighting "any place."

"I want to fight before a club and in a house," he said. "I don't want the affair to take place in a field or a tent."

Lloyd became considerably excited over the fun that Davies poked at the papers, but kept his temper and tried hard to obtain the necessary signature. He declared positively, however, that he could not bring off the fight in the time specified by Jackson.

"We have got to have good weather to get a good crowd," he said. "I want to see this thing go through, but there is no use talking of bringing it off in three months."

"It's three months or nothing," declared Davies, and Jackson added, "That's right."

"Well, it's off," said Davies, as he picked up his hat. "I did not like the looks of this thing anyway."

Jackson followed and the pair left the hotel. It was announced later that Jackson would leave for New York tonight and immediately sail for the West Indies, whence he will go to London.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 11.—Judge Depu, in opening the county court today, charged the grand jury in regard to the Corbett-Courtney fight in the Edison labratory at Orange. The judge said that the grand jury should carefully look into the case and if they found the published reports in the newspapers to be true, the two men were liable to indictment on the charge of prize fighting.

A DIRTY SHEET.

Whose Patrons are Men and Women of a Low Grade.

(Bluffton News)

For the first time the Kansas City Sunday Sun made its appearance on the streets yesterday, and unfortunately there were those who purchased the nasty sheet with an eagerness tending to lend encouragement to the little newsboy who sold it. It is very likely the lad had no idea of the sensational filthiness he was distributing, and will, when informed of the character of the paper have nothing to do with it at all. The Sunday Sun is a sheet filled with occurrences of the barroom, brothel and street, and its columns teem with a nastiness that limits its circulation to men and women of the lowest grade. The sight of a Sunday Sun in the hands of a person is enough to proclaim his character.

The official reports show that no baking powder received an award over the Royal at the Chicago World's Fair.

The judge of awards on baking powder, Dr. H. W. Wiley, writes that the claim of another company to having received the highest award is false; that no such award was given to it.

The Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest baking powder made, and has received the highest award at every fair, wherever exhibited in competition with others.

Four Drowned.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The steamer Portia, from Halifax, has arrived at City Island, and reports that she ran into and sunk the three-masted schooner, Dora M. French, yesterday afternoon, about four miles from Cuddyhunk light. Four out of the five men comprising the schooner's crew were drowned. The accident occurred a few minutes after 1 o'clock in a dense fog.

Dynamite Explosion.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 11.—Nelson Woods was killed and Caby Reddin fatally injured today by a premature dynamite explosion in the West Knoxville sewer, in which they were working.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Wheat, Sept., 54½@54⅝c; Dec., 57⅜@57½c; May, 62⅜@62½c.

Corn, higher; Sept., 57⅛c; Oct., 57¼c; May, 56@56⅛c.

Oats, Sept., 30½c; Oct., 31¼c; May, 36@36½c.

Pork, higher; Sept., $14 35; Jan., $14 37½.

Lard, steady; Sept., $8 97½; Oct., $9 00; Jan., $8 42½.

Ribs, lower; Sept., $7.87½; Oct., $7 87½, Jan., $7 37½.

Rye, 47½c.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance union will be held next Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the parlors of the Berry street M. E. church, at which time officers will be elected for the ensuing year. This should be a rallying time for all temperance workers and a large attendance is hoped for.

TWO HORSE SALES.

Some Very Good Animals Bought Exceedingly Cheap.

Ada, Goes to Cecil Brothers, of Louisville, for Only $125—Dick Sells For $225.

There was quite a good attendance at the public sale of horses held at the McKinnie farm this morning, but the horses did not bring quite what they should have.

For instance, Ada, a black mare with a track record of 2:17¼, was bought for Cecil Bros., of Louisville, Ky., by William Fleming, for $125. The purchasers had authorized Mr. Fleming to pay $750 for the animal, so that she went for a trifle over half her value.

Dick also went for about half his value ($225) to B. S. O'Connor.

Some of the other sales were: Pebblette, purchased by J. M. Hatfield, of Ossian, for $150. R. T. McDonald bought Heatherbloom for $200. Lieutenant Davis bought George for $160, Charles McCulloch bought Fannie for $105. Joe W. Bell bought Cash Boy, 2:27¼, for $315.

Dr. C. B. Stemen paid $100 for Jack Hooper, and G. A. Morton, of Ossian, bought Darby for $125. G. R. Craw paid $95 for Betty Bell.

Peter Poirson bought Ed C., a bay colt, for $50, and Harry Hanna, a sorrel colt, went to Dr. G. C. Stemen for $40.

The Gresler sale, on the Oak Ridge farm, did not develop any fancy prices. Eleven animals were sold, the highest price being paid for any animal being $70. Some of the purchasers were: Messrs. Rabus, J. C. Wagner, A. J. Fisher, Sam Houk, Thomas Tallinger, S. B. Hatch, of Huntington; James McKinney, E. C. Browand, H. Deam, of Bluffton and H. Zauner.

Mrs. Mary Keller, a well known pioneer resident of this county, died this afternoon at 1:30, aged fifty-two years. She leaves, eight children, four of whom are married. No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

OFFICE OF CITY COMPTROLLER, September 11th, 1894.

To Whom It May Concern:

Section 7 of the vehicle license ordinance makes it the duty of all livery and boarding stable keepers to report to the comptroller's office the number and kind of vehicles subject to license kept in their stable. Report must be made by the 15th day of September each year.

All vehicle license fees are payable before September 30th. After that date, and until October 28th, a penalty of 100 per cent is added. After October 28th all persons driving on the streets without license are subject to the penalties prescribed in the ordinance. 11t3

For Tuesday Afternoon.

At 11 o'clock we received fifty bushel nice Michigan Peaches, $1.50 bushel—they are getting scarce and not likely to be any lower this season. Small baskets, 20c.

Cape Cod Cranberries, direct from the east, 10c quart.

Concord Grapes, in 9 lb baskets, 20c. FRUIT HOUSE.

Indiana's Great State Fair

At Indianapolis September 17th to 22d, and the Muncie road sells tickets via the shortest and quickest route at only one fare for the round trip. 11-7t

Fresh Oysters.

For Tuesday afternoon, direct from Baltimore, hereafter we will receive them daily.

Extra Selects, 2?c can.
Standards, 22c can.
Best Celery, 20c bunch.
FRUIT HOUSE.

Armour's fancy Butterine, 16 and 18c pound at Coverdale & Archer's, 24 Harrison street.

Go to Coverdale & Archer's, 21 Harrison St., for Armour's fancy Butterine, 16 and 18c per pound.

Missionary Poverty Party.

You are axed to a party that us folks are going to have at the Berry Street Methodist Meetin House Tuesday evenin, September the leven.

10 cents to kum in. Eten and all the rest fur nuthin.

Harvest Excursions

To the west, south and southwest, via the Lake Erie and Western railroad, going Sept. 11th and 25th and October 9th, '94. Very low rates for the round trip. 11 24t

Westminster Seminary.

The first session of the twelfth year will begin Wednesday, Sept. 19, at 9 a. m.

Arrangements for the entrance of city pupils are better made during the preceding week.

Tuition—First term, preparatory department, $15 00.

Tuition—First term, seminary department, $20 00. 8,11,13,15,17,18

The dread diseases, diphtheria and typhoid fever, appearing in so many places, may be prevented by using filtered water. An excellent filter can be bought at a fair price of Morgan & Beach, on Columbia street. 3-11

NOTICE.

Last excursion of the season to Rome City and West Lake, given by the West Lake Fishing Club, Wednesday, September 12th. Tickets good returning on the 13th. Good music and splendid fishing. Tickets, $1.00. 10-2t

Landrum's Academy of Dancing Morton Club hall. In selecting an academy to place your children, select one where they will not only be taught the latest movements in terpsichore, but where they will receive a thorough training in Deportment, Etiquette, Physical and Aesthetic body culture. In learning dancing, as in other things, those who start first have the advantage.

White Leaf Flour, for sale by all first-class dealers. 19tf

Get your World's Fair books bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

Farmer Dancing Academy

Has entered its sixth year. Classes for this year have been arranged as follows: Beginners Monday and Thursday evenings. Waltz given particular attention.

Advanced, Tuesday and Friday. In this class all the latest dances adopted by the Dancing Masters' associations will be taught. Children classes Saturday afternoon, 3 to 4 30. Social, 4:30 to 5 00.

For further particulars call at hall, third floor in Foster block, at any time. 14t

Attend night school at Ft Wayne Business College Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Everybody ought to see

The Grand Opening Display

—OF—

BLANKETS and COMFORTS

IN OUR IMMENSE SHOW WINDOWS.

Nowhere else in the city can you find BLANKETS and COMFORTS at such low prices as here.

Some of the inducements to buyers:

BLANKETS

200 pair Gray Blankets worth 80c at 59c a pair.

150 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.00 at 75c a pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.25 at $1.00 pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1 75 at $1.25 a pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $2.00 at $1.50 a pair.

75 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $2.50 at $2.00 a pair.

Better qualities at $3 25, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00 up to $10.00 a pair.

COMFORTS

100 Good Quality Comforts worth $1.39 at $1 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $1.75 at $1.25 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $2.00 at $1.50 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $2.25 at $1.75 each.
50 Good Quality Comforts worth $2 50 at $2 00 each.
Better qualities at $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3 00 and $3.75 each.

These Comforts are extra large and well made, of the finest Satine, Silkoline and Cameo Drapery.

The New Fall Goods are arriving daily. Come in and see them.

One Price to All.

BEADELL & COMPANY,

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BEST LIGHTED STORE in the CITY.

YOU KNOW A GOOD THING.

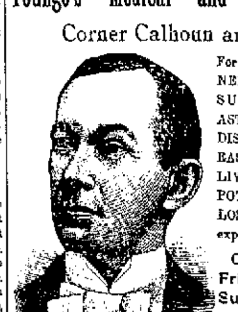
You know that the Dunlap is the most fashionable, most serviceable hat made. You know that it has many imitators but no equals. You know you feel better with a Dunlap as your head protector. You know that only the leading dealer in men's hats and furnishings is the sole agent in every city for the Dunlap. You know we are also agents for many other new fall hats.

E. J. COLDEN,

56 Calhoun Street.

Younge's Medical and Surgical Institute,

Corner Calhoun and Lewis Sts.



For the successful treatment of NERVOUS DISEASES, CONSUMPTION, CATARRH, ASTHMA, CANCER, FEMALE DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, LIVER, KIDNEYS, GLEET, IMPOTENCY, GONORRHOEA, LOSS OF MANHOOD, 30 years experience, etc, etc, etc.

Office Days: Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

J. W. Younge, A. M. M. D. Pres.

No. 176 Calhoun Street.

Red Seal Boiler Compound

For the removal and prevention of Scale, Grease and Dirt in Steam Heaters and Boilers. Manufactured by

The CHERRY CHEMICAL CO.,

Office, REED BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.,

Agent Wanted for Fort Wayne and Vicinity. Write for Circular.

—THE—

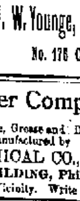
FIDELITY BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION

—OF—

Fort Wayne, Indiana.

(Incorporated under the law of the state of Indiana.)

Pays to its members in case of sickness [illegible] CARL SAUER, Pres't. [illegible] DR. J. SCHILLING, Med. Dir'tr.



The Kyle Music Co.,

82 Calhoun Street.

Sheet music played for customers. Everything in music and jewelry.

Cash or easy payments.

THE CHICAGO CARPET RUG MFG'R,

At Cor. Wells and Superior Sts, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Will weave Rugs from old and new carpet [illegible] Prices greatly reduced. S. REELING Prop'r.